

Annual Comprehensive Financial Report

For the Fiscal Year Ended December 31, 2023



CITY OF RED WING RED WING, MINNESOTA

ANNUAL COMPREHENSIVE FINANCIAL REPORT

FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2023

PREPARED BY:

ADMINISTRATIVE BUSINESS DEPARTMENT

MARSHALL HALLOCK Administrative Business Director

Member GFOA of U.S. and Canada Published August 28, 2024

City of Red Wing, Minnesota Table of Contents For the Year Ended December 31, 2023

	Page No.
Introductory Section	
Letter of Transmittal	11
List of Elected and Appointed Officials	19
Organizational Chart	20
GFOA Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting	21
Financial Sections	
Independent Auditor's Report	25
Management's Discussion and Analysis	29
Basic Financial Statements	
Government-wide Financial Statements	
Statement of Net Position	45
Statement of Activities	46
Fund Financial Statements	
Governmental Funds	
Balance Sheet	50
Reconciliation of the Balance Sheet to the Statement of Net Position	51
Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances	52
Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances of	
Governmental Funds to the Statement of Activities	53
Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances - Budget and Actual	
General Fund	54
PERA Perpetual Fund	55
Proprietary Funds	
Statement of Net Position	56
Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Net Position	60
Statement of Cash Flows	64
Fiduciary Funds	
Statement of Fiduciary Net Position	68
Statement of Changes in Fiduciary Net Position	69
Notes to the Financial Statements	73
Required Supplementary Information	
Schedule of Employer's Share of Public Employees Retirement Association Net Pension Liability -	
General Employees Retirement Fund	120
Schedule of Employer's Public Employees Retirement Association Contributions -	
General Employees Retirement Fund	120
Notes to the Required Supplementary Information - General Employees Retirement Fund	121
Schedule of Employer's Share of Public Employees Retirement Association Net Pension Liability -	
Public Employees Police and Fire Fund	123
Schedule of Employer's Public Employees Retirement Association Contributions -	
Public Employees Police and Fire Fund	123
Notes to the Required Supplementary Information - Public Employees Police and Fire Fund	124
Schedule of Changes in the Fire Relief Association's Net Pension Liability (Asset) and Related Ratios	126
Notes to the Required Supplementary Information - Fire Relief Association's Net Pension Liability (Asse	
Schedule of Changes in the City's Total OPEB Liability and Related Ratios	127
Notes to the Required Supplementary Information - Total OPEB Liability	128

City of Red Wing, Minnesota Table of Contents (Continued) For the Year Ended December 31, 2023

	Page No.
Financial Section (Continued)	
Combining and Individual Fund Financial Statements and Schedules	
Nonmajor Governmental Funds	
Combining Balance Sheet	130
Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances	131
Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds	
Combining Balance Sheet	134
Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances	136
Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances - Budget and Actual	
Airport Fund	138
Library Fund	139
DEED Loan Fund	140
Sister Cities Fund	141
Inspection Fund	142
Library Memorial Fund	143
Nonmajor Capital Projects Funds	
Combining Balance Sheet	148
Combing Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances	152
Nonmajor Permanent Funds	
Combining Balance Sheet	158
Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances	159
Nonmajor Proprietary Funds	
Statement of Net Position	162
Statement of Revenue, Expenses and Changes in Net Position	163
Statement of Cash Flow	164
General Fund	
Comparative Balance Sheets	166
Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances - Budget and Actual	167
Debt Service Funds	
Combining Balance Sheet	174
Combining Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances	176
Internal Service Funds	
Combining Statement of Net Position	180
Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Net Position	182
Combining Statement of Cash Flows	184
Custodial Funds	
Combining Statement of Fiduciary Net Position	188
Combining Statement of Changes in Fiduciary Net Position	189
Discretely Presented Component Unit - Port Authority	
Combining Balance Sheet	192
Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances	194
Summary Financial Report	
Revenue and Expenditures for General Operations - Governmental Funds	196

City of Red Wing, Minnesota Table of Contents (Continued) For the Year Ended December 31, 2023

		Page No.
Statistical Section (Unaudited)	<u>Table No.</u>	
Financial Trends		
Net Position by Component	1	200
Changes in Net Position	2	202
Governmental Activities Tax Revenues by Source	3	207
Fund Balances of Governmental Funds	4	208
Changes in Fund Balances of Governmental Funds	5	210
General Governmental Tax Revenues by Source	6	213
Revenue Capacity		
Net Tax Capacity and Estimated Market Value of Taxable Property	7	214
Property Tax Rates - Direct and Overlapping Governments	8	216
Principal Property Taxpayers	9	218
Property Tax Levies and Collections	10	219
Debt Capacity		
Ratios of Outstanding Debt by Type	11	220
Ratios of Net General Obligation Debt Outstanding	12	221
Direct and Overlapping Governmental Activities Debt	13	222
Legal Debt Margin Information	14	223
Pledged-Revenue Coverage	15	224
Demographic and Economic Information	10	224
Demographic and Economic Statistics	16	225
Principal Employers	17	227
Operating Information	17	ZZI
	18	228
Full-time Equivalent City Government Employees by Function/Program Operating Indicators by Function/Program	19	230
		232
Capital Asset Statistics by Function/Program	20	232
Supplementary Information (Unaudited)	<u>Schedule</u>	
Schedule of Cash and Investments		237
Schedule of Intergovernmental Revenue	В	238
Detailed Combined Schedule of Indebtedness	С	240
Other Required Reports		
Independent Auditor's Report on		
Minnesota Legal Compliance		245
Independent Auditor's Report on Internal		240
Control Over Financial Reporting and on		
Compliance and Other Matters Based on an		
Audit of Financial Statements Performed in		
		246
Accordance with Government Auditing Standards		
Schedule of Findings and Responses		248

INTRODUCTORY SECTION

CITY OF RED WING RED WING, MINNESOTA

FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2023



August 28, 2024

To the Honorable Mayor, Members of the City Council, and Citizens of the City of Red Wing, Minnesota

Minnesota statutes require that every general-purpose local government publish within six months of the close of each fiscal year an annual report on its financial position and activity prepared in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP) and audited in accordance generally accepted auditing standards by a firm of licensed certified public accountants or the state auditor. Pursuant to that requirement submitted herewith is the Annual Comprehensive Financial Report of the City of Red Wing, Minnesota (the City), for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2023.

The purpose of this report is to provide the Mayor, City Council, City Staff, citizens, bondholders, rating agencies and other interested parties with useful information concerning the City's financial position and operations. This report was prepared by the City's Administrative Business Department and represents the official report of the City's financial position and operations. Responsibility for both the accuracy of the presented data and the completeness and fairness of the presentation, including all disclosures, supporting schedules and statistical tables rests with the City. Your Management staff believes the information, as presented, is accurate in all material respects; that it is presented in a manner designed to fairly set forth the financial position and results of operations of the City as measured by the financial activity of its various funds; and that all disclosures necessary to enable the reader to gain the maximum understanding of the City's financial affairs have been included.

The Annual Comprehensive Financial Report is prepared in accordance with Generally Accepted Accounting Principles (GAAP) as established by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB), the Government Finance Officers Association of the United States and Canada (GFOA), the American Institute of Certified Public Accountants, State Auditor's Office and the City's Charter.

The report consists of management's representations concerning the finances of the City. Consequently, management assumes full responsibility for the completeness and reliability of all information presented in this report. To provide a reasonable basis for making these representations, the City has established a comprehensive internal control structure that is designed to protect the City's assets from loss, theft or misuse and to compile sufficient reliable information for the preparation of the City's financial statements in conformity with GAAP. The City's internal control framework has been designed to provide reasonable, but not absolute, assurance that the financial statements will be free from material misstatements. The concept of reasonable assurance recognizes that: (1) the cost of a control should not exceed the benefits likely to be derived; and (2) the valuation of costs and benefits requires management's estimates and judgments. We believe that the City's internal accounting controls adequately safeguard assets and provide reasonable assurance that this financial report is complete and reliable in all material respects.

315 West 4th Street
Red Wing, MN 55066
Website: www.red-wing.org
Phone: 651.385.3600
Fax: 651.388.9608

The financial statements in this report have been audited by Abdo, LLP, a firm of licensed certified public accountants. The goal of the independent audit was to provide reasonable assurance that the financial statements of the City for the year ended December 31, 2023 are free of material misstatement. The independent audit involved examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements; assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management; and evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. The independent auditor concluded, based on the audit, that there was a reasonable basis for rendering an unmodified opinion that the City's financial statements, for the year ended December 31, 2023, are fairly presented in conformity with GAAP. The independent auditor's report is presented as the first component of the financial section of this report.

GAAP require that management provide a narrative introduction, overview, and analysis to accompany the basic financial statements in the form of Management's Discussion and Analysis (MD&A). This letter of transmittal is designed to complement MD&A and should be read in conjunction with it. The City's MD&A can be found immediately following the report of the independent auditors.

THE REPORTING ENTITY AND ITS SERVICES

This report includes all of the funds of the City. It includes all activities considered by generally accepted accounting principles to be part of (controlled by or dependent on) the City. The City is also financially accountable for the legally separate Red Wing Port Authority which is reported separately as a component unit within the report. The City adopts an annual appropriated budget for all of its funds per the City Charter. This includes the General, PERA Perpetual, Airport, Library, DEED Loan, Sister Cities, Inspection, and Library Memorial funds.

Independent School District 256 is an independent district and not part of the City. Financial data for it is not included in the financial statements in this report. Audited financial statements for the district are available upon request at its business office in Red Wing.

The Housing and Redevelopment Authority of Red Wing (HRA) is considered to be a separate government. The City does not review or approve the budget. Financial data for it is not included in the financial statements in this report. Audited financial statements are available upon request at its business office in Red Wing.

The pension funds for Red Wing's Volunteer Fire Department and appropriate Police personnel are administered through their respective relief associations. Both associations are self-governing with their own Boards of Trustees, by-laws, and officers. Financial data for the pension funds are not included in the financial statements in this report. A financial statement and actuarial information are available upon request.

With a staff of approximately 195 regular, full-time equivalent employees, the City provides its residents and businesses with a full range of municipal services prescribed by statute or charter. These services include, but are not limited to, police and fire protection, ambulance and emergency medical services, street and drainage construction and maintenance, engineering, planning, building and zoning, code enforcement, rental housing inspection, sanitation, parks, culture and recreation, economic and community development, neighborhood services and general legislative and administrative services. It also operates seven enterprises: refuse collection and recycling, a public water and wastewater utility, a solid waste campus, a marina ambulance services, and a storm water utility. These enterprises are provided and funded with user charges established by the City Council.

PROFILE OF THE CITY

The City was incorporated on March 4, 1857. The City is situated on the Mississippi River, at the headwaters of Lake Pepin, approximately 50 miles southeast of Minneapolis-Saint Paul. It is the county seat of Goodhue County and a community rich in history, tradition and diversity. While the City continues to grow as a regional center for business and retail trade, medical care, education, and culture and recreation it is distinct because of its beautiful and abundant natural amenities.

The City covers an area of 41.28 square miles. The estimated 2023 population of the City according to the U.S. Census Bureau is 16,756, which is a 4.0 percent increase over the 2000 U.S. Census of 16,116 and a 1.8 percent increase from the 2010 U.S. Census of 16,459.

The City operates under a weak Mayor form of government. Policy-making and legislative authority are vested in the governing Council consisting of a Mayor and seven Council members. The City Charter provides that the Mayor shall be the titular head of the City and shall be recognized as the official head of the City for all ceremonial purposes, by the courts for the purpose of serving civil processes, and by the Governor for the purposes of martial law. The Mayor does not have a vote on the Council but does have veto authority over Council actions. The Council may reconsider any vetoed action at the next regular meeting and by a two-thirds vote of all members override the mayor's veto. The voters of the City at Large elect the Mayor for four years on a part-time basis. The City Council is comprised of seven members serving four-year staggered terms. The Council members are elected from the City's four wards on a non-partisan basis. Voters of each ward elect one member of the City Council for four years on a part-time basis. Two additional members are elected to serve as members who represent two of the four wards. The voters of the City at Large elect an additional member of the City Council.

The Council, among other things, is responsible for establishing policy, passing ordinances, adopting the budget and appointing committees. The Council is also responsible for appointing an administrative officer, a financial officer, a clerical officer, city attorney(s), a director of engineering, a chief law enforcement official, a chief fire official, an administrative services director, a community development director, and a public works director. The Council Administrator is the chief administrative officer of the City and is responsible for performing all administrative functions of the City, for carrying out the policies and ordinances of the Council, for overseeing the day-to-day operations of the City, and keeping the Mayor and City Council advised as the financial needs and condition of the City.

BUDGETARY CONTROL

Budgetary control is maintained in compliance with the City's Charter requirements. The Charter provides that it is the duty of the administrative officer to enforce the provisions of the budget. The management policy of the City is such that the existence of a particular item or appropriation in the approved budget does not mean that it will or must be automatically expended. It is the policy of the City to control budgets at the expenditure category level. Budget adjustments are made upon the approval of a resolution by the City Council. The City Charter provides that after the budget resolution has been adopted, the City Council shall have no power to increase the amounts fixed in the budget resolution by the insertion of new items or otherwise, beyond the estimated revenue unless actual receipts exceed the estimates, and then not beyond the actual receipts.

The annual budget serves as the foundation for the City's financial planning and control. The budget incorporates the City's financial policies related to operations, management policy, debt management, reserves, investments, and amendments into the overall budget document. The budget process is focused on the balancing of anticipated revenues and appropriations. City departments submit their appropriation requests to the Administrative Business Department in June. These requests, along with projected revenue, are the starting point for developing the proposed budget. The Council Administrator and Administrative Business Director present a preliminary budget to the Council on, or before, September 30th of each year. The Council at that time sets the preliminary tax levy, which can be lowered but not increased. The City Council holds public budget work sessions and a formal public hearing before adopting the final budget and tax levy by December 30. The Council Administrator has budget discretion within expenditure categories; however, adjustments between departments or funds require a budget amendment adopted by the City Council.

The flexibility needed to control and protect the various funds is provided by a monthly monitoring of the accounting records to show adequate revenue sources for anticipated expenditures. This monthly monitoring process prevents expenditures from being approved until it has been determined that adequate funds were appropriated, the expenditure is necessary and there are adequate funds available for such.

FACTORS AFFECTING FINANCIAL CONDITION

The information presented in the financial statements is perhaps best understood when it is considered from the broader perspective of the specific environment within which the City operates.

Local Economy. The City is located along a natural crossing point of the Mississippi River, a place where Minnesota and Wisconsin meet and where one enjoys easy access to business, markets and recreation. The City has access to the major market areas of North America with the Minneapolis-St. Paul metropolitan areas approximately 50 miles northwest of the City.

The City is a regional center. The City currently enjoys a stable economic environment and local factors appear to indicate its continued stability. The City has a diverse tax base including various industries and organizations which contribute to the area's relative stability of the unemployment rate in relation to State and national averages. Major industries with headquarters or divisions located within the City's boundaries include electric utilities, health care, various manufacturers, agribusinesses and numerous financial, insurance, and legal professionals.

The City's financial base is currently sound and future prospects are good. The City has an employed labor market of approximately 11,579 jobs. This labor market draws workers from significant distances outside Red Wing. The City's three business districts are expected to maintain their high occupancy rate with a variety of stores, specialty shops and commercial businesses.

Long-term Financial Planning. The Mayor and City Council continue to take a long-term view of the City's finances. The City Council and the administration have worked to demonstrate a financial planning commitment by undertaking strategic planning, proactively managing reductions in state-paid local government aids, developing a capital improvement program, engaging the public in budget discussions, holding policy workshops early in the budget development process, identifying alternative revenue sources, reviewing fees and rates for utility services, securing grants and refinancing when prudent.

The Minnesota Office of the State Auditor's general recommendation is "that at year-end local governments maintain an unreserved fund balance in their general fund and of approximately 35 to 50 percent of operating expenditures which should provide the local government with adequate funds until the next property tax revenue collection cycle." In addition, the Office of the State Auditor's recommendation states, "The adequacy of unreserved fund balance should be assessed based on an individual local government's own circumstances"....the City has assessed its own specific circumstance and chosen to be conservative in the General fund's unreserved fund balance it maintains which has enabled the City to address reductions in State-paid local government aids and provide planning certainty.

The City's economic indicators for residential and multi-unit residential construction in 2023 was relatively the stable compared to the 2018 - 2022 fiscal years. In 2023, the City issued 150 residential and multi-unit residential permits with a valuation of \$9,361,915 compared to 24 in 2022 with a valuation of \$13,028,145. The 150 residential and multi-unit residential permits issued in 2025 are above the five-year average of 34 residential and multi-unit residential permits and below the five-year average valuation of \$10,842,638.

In 2023, the City issued 33 civic, institutional, commercial and industrial permits with a valuation of \$10,514,931 compared to 38 in 2022 with a valuation of \$6,391,634. The 38 civic, institutional and commercial and industrial permits issued in 2023 are above the five-year average of 30 civic, institutional, commercial and industrial permits. The valuation of the 33 civic, institutional and commercial permits issued in 2023 is above the five-year average valuation of \$4,566,333.

A total of 183 residential and multi-unit residential, civic, institutional commercial and industrial permits were issued in 2023 with a combined valuation of \$19,876,846. The 183 residential and multi-unit residential, civic, institutional commercial and industrial permits issued in 2023 are above the five-year average of 63 residential and multi-unit residential, civic, institutional commercial and industrial permits. The valuation of the 183 residential and multi-unit residential, civic, institutional commercial and industrial permits issued in 2023 is above the five-year average valuation of \$15,408,971.

Significant ongoing investments at Xcel Energy's Prairie Island Nuclear Generating Plant also continue to contribute to local tax base growth. The Prairie Island Nuclear Generating Plant's taxable market value is shown below for the past five years:

Year	Valuation		
2019	\$762,502,400		
2020	806,102,700		
2021	841,622,000		
2022	810,510,300		
2023	839,052,900		

To stay current with the rapidly changing national economy the City continues to refine its methods for making informed financial decisions. The City employs tax base modeling and continues to build, implement and expand its capital improvement plan. The capital improvement plan supports achievement of the City's long-term strategic goals of providing and maintaining public facilities and infrastructure for its citizens and businesses balanced against the constraint of available resources. The capital improvement plan is updated annually and includes a majority of expenditure categories for the City, including infrastructure, equipment, buildings and facilities. To facilitate long-term planning, the City is not confining the capital improvement plan to a five-year period. City Administration requires the plan to include all funding sources for each project to facilitate future revenue, debt and net asset projections. To reduce the City's primary reliance on property taxes the City actively pursues alternative non-property tax revenue sources.

The City continues to explore all avenues that will meet the increasing demand for services while controlling the costs associated with the delivery of those services to its citizens.

The City continues building upon and implementing its asset management program with the sanitary sewer, storm water, water, streets, facilities and other systems. The asset management program assesses the current condition of systems and equipment and projects the timing of repairs and replacements. To add to planning capacity beyond the standard asset management program the City begun implementation of a pavement management program. The City is incorporating this data into the capital and long-term forecasting and planning processes.

The City employs a financing model for the reconstruction of aged infrastructure within the City. This model includes assessments to benefited properties as well as portions funded through other City funds. The model is applied to projects which include the reconstruction of streets. The tax base, infrastructure replacement and financing models are used to project impacts on future property tax levies, budgets and debt activity as a result of future reconstruction projects.

For the future, infrastructure improvements continue to be a community priority. Nearly \$10.8 million of street related transportation improvements are being planned over the next 5 years with approximately \$2.7 million for 2024.

The City's bond rating of Aa2 from Moody's Investor Services was reaffirmed. The Aa2 rating reflects the City's healthy financial operations supported by adequate General fund reserves.

Major Initiatives. In preparing the 2024 budget, the City continued its commitment to quality of life and livability themes and commitment to the efficient and effective delivery of local government services to the citizens of Red Wing.

In 2019, the City's "Red Wing 2040" Comprehensive Plan was adopted. The plan included significant public engagement, participation and input. In lockstep with the Comprehensive Planning process, the City is in the initial stages of updating its Strategic Plan which specifically guides more near-term planning and decision making. The Comprehensive and Strategic Planning process are significant as when they are linked they will ultimately assist in guiding the government's organizational management, use of resources, development and capital investments.

Work was completed in 2023 on Memorial and Barn Bluff Parks including safety enhancements, trail extensions and improvements, overlook areas, and other substantive improvements. These improvements are made possible in large part by state grants and generous local philanthropic contributions.

The reconstruction of a significant portion of Old West Main Street was concluded in 2023. Old West Main Street has seen a conversion from an industrial area to an entertainment district. Its reconstruction, new streetscapes, and other amenities enhances the area as a destination and will improve its utilization.

Planning continued in 2023 on the Sturgeon Lake Road Rail Grade Separation project. The project is intended to address rail safety and access concerns. During Minnesota's 2017 legislative session the project was awarded \$14.762 million in funding. During Minnesota's 2020 legislative session the project was awarded and additional \$10 million in funding. Construction will begin on the project in 2024.

Planning for improvements for barge grain and commodity transportation began this year. The key elements include the replacement of the Levee Mooring Clusters to assist with grain barge fleeting and improvements to the Little River bulkhead to improve safety, correct conditions, and enhance its use.

Planning for the reconstruction of a significant portion of 7th Street and its underground utilities continued into 2023. This street is a heavily used multi-modal transportation corridor. The reconstruction will improve safety and improve traffic flow. The construction phase of this project will start in 2024.

There were other projects commenced or completed in 2024 which enhanced the quality of life, livability, beauty and recreational opportunities for our community. Improvements were made to regional trails, neighborhood park apparatuses and facilities, as well as to numerous other public buildings and critical public infrastructure. These improvements contributed to the beautification, quality of life, and livability of the City.

INTERNAL ACCOUNTING CONTROLS

In developing and evaluating the City's accounting system, consideration is given to the adequacy of internal accounting control. Internal accounting controls are designed to provide reasonable, but not absolute, assurance regarding:

- 1) the safeguarding of assets against loss from unauthorized use or disposition, and;
- 2) the reliability of financial records for preparing financial statements and maintaining accountability for assets.

The concept of reasonable assurance recognizes that:

- 1) cost of the control should not exceed the benefits likely to be derived, and;
- 2) evaluation of costs and benefits requires estimates and judgment by management.

The City has placed an emphasis on and continually evaluates its system of internal accounting controls to assure its citizens that we adequately safeguard assets and provide reasonable assurance of proper recording of financial transactions.

RELEVANT FINANCIAL POLICIES

The Mayor and City Council Members continue to evaluate the level of reserves of the city with their desire to minimize property tax increases while still maintaining service levels and infrastructure renewal and replacement. The City has established financial policies for use as a guideline during the budget process. The City employs a conservative approach in making ongoing revenue assumptions by utilizing growth patterns and knowledge of planned growth in the tax base.

Changes in State law over the past years have resulted in funding changes for both schools and local governments. Trends of the past decade, changes in state law, and recent legislation indicate that the City will have a greater reliance on property taxes as a source of financing for city operations in the future and less reliance on intergovernmental revenues (federal and state). Due to the uncertainty in receiving State-paid local government aids and other intergovernmental grants they will be conservatively budgeted in the General fund and the Capital Improvement Plan to facilitate planning certainty and assist in ensuring critical public services are not unnecessarily disrupted.

INDEPENDENT AUDIT

State law requires an annual audit of the City's financial records and transactions supporting the financial statements. This requirement has been complied with and the auditors' opinion has been included in this report.

The accompanying financial statements have been examined by Abdo, LLP independent certified public accountants. The firm is engaged by the City Council to render an opinion on the City's financial statements in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards.

The City Council is responsible for:

- 1) assuring that the City administration fulfills its responsibilities in the preparation of the financial statements, and;
- 2) engaging the independent public accountants with whom the City Council reviews the scope of the audits and the accounting principles to be applied in financial reporting.

To ensure complete independence, Abdo, LLP has full and free access to meet with the City Council to discuss the results of their audit and their assessment of the adequacy of internal accounting controls and the quality of financial reporting.

CERTIFICATE OF ACHIEVEMENT

The Government Finance Officers Association of the United States and Canada (GFOA) awarded a Certificate for Excellence in Financial Reporting to the City of Red Wing, Minnesota, for its Annual Comprehensive Financial Report for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2022. The City has received this prestigious award each year since 2008. In order to be awarded a Certificate of Achievement, a government must publish an easily readable and efficiently organized annual comprehensive financial report. This report must satisfy both generally accepted accounting principles and applicable legal requirements.

A Certificate of Achievement is valid for a period of one year only. We believe that our current Annual Comprehensive Financial Report continues to meet the Certificate of Achievement Program's requirements and we are submitting it to the GFOA to determine its eligibility for another certificate.

ACKNOWLEDGMENTS

The timely preparation and completion of this report are due to the efficient and dedicated services of the Administrative Business Department staff. Appreciation is also extended to City departmental staff, who contributed significantly by ensuring the accuracy and integrity of accounting information compiled throughout the year. Sincere thanks goes to our independent auditors Abdo, LLP for their service and professional guidance. Lastly, the Mayor's, City Council's, and Council Administrator's continued interest and support in planning and conducting the financial operations of the City in a responsible and progressive manner are sincerely appreciated.

Respectfully submitted,

Marshall Hallock, CPA

Administrative Business Director

CITY OF RED WING LIST OF ELECTED AND APPOINTED OFFICIALS

COUNCIL MEMBERS AND MAYOR



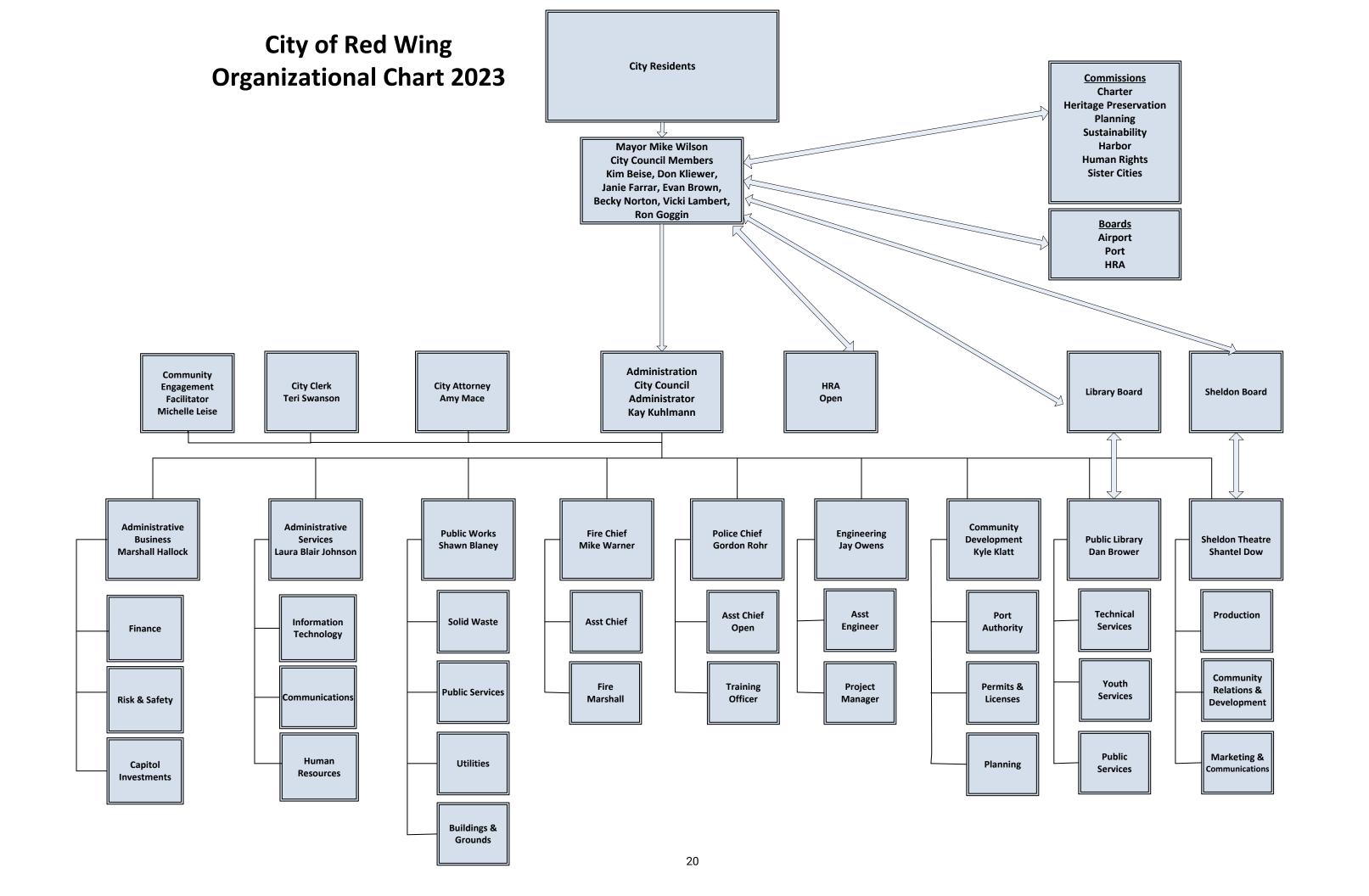
(From left to right) Council Member Evan Brown, Council Member Ron Goggin, Council Member Becky Norton, Council Vice-President Donald Kliewer, Council Member Janie Farrar, Mayor Mike Wilson, Council Member Vicki Jo Lambert, Council President Kim Beise

APPOINTED OFFICIALS

Council Administrator - Kay Kuhlmann
Administrative Business Director - Marshall Hallock, C.P.A.
Administrative Services Director - Laura Blair Johnson
City Clerk - Teri Swanson
City Attorney - Rupp, Anderson, Squires & Waldspurger, P.A.
Public Works Director - Shawn Blaney
Engineering Director - Jay Owens
Community Development Director - Kyle Klatt
Interim Police Chief - Gordon Rohr
Fire Chief - Mike Warner

OTHER CITY OFFICIALS

Library Director – Dan Brower T.B. Sheldon Executive Director - Jeff Larson





Government Finance Officers Association

Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting

Presented to

City of Red Wing Minnesota

For its Annual Comprehensive Financial Report For the Fiscal Year Ended

December 31, 2022

Christopher P. Morrill

Executive Director/CEO

FINANCIAL SECTION

CITY OF RED WING RED WING, MINNESOTA

FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2023



INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

Mayor and City Council City of Red Wing, Minnesota

Opinions

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the discretely presented component unit, each major fund and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Red Wing, Minnesota, (the City) as of and for the year ended December 31, 2023, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the City's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the discretely presented component unit, each major fund and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City as of December 31, 2023, and the respective changes in financial position and cash flows, where applicable, thereof and the respective budgetary comparisons for the General fund and PERA Perpetual special revenue fund for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Basis for Opinions

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are required to be independent of the City and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Responsibilities of Management for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is required to evaluate whether there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the City's ability to continue as a going concern for twelve months beyond the financial statement date, including any currently known information that may raise substantial doubt shortly thereafter.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinions. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards and *Government Auditing Standards* will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Misstatements are considered material if there is a substantial

likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, they would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user based on the financial statements.

In performing an audit in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards and Government Auditing Standards, we:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are
 appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the
 City's internal control. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluate the overall presentation of the financial statements.
- Conclude whether, in our judgment, there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the City 's ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period of time.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit, significant audit findings, and certain internal control-related matters that we identified during the audit.

Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the Management's Discussion and Analysis starting on page 29 and the Schedules of Employer's Share of the Net Pension Liability, the Schedule of Changes in Net Pension Liability (Asset) and Related Ratios, the Schedules of Employer's Contributions and the Schedule of Changes in the Total OPEB Liability and Related Ratios starting on page 120 be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.



Supplementary Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the City's basic financial statements. The accompanying combining and individual fund financial statements and schedules are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. The information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statement themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the combining and individual fund financial statements and schedules are fairly stated, in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

Other Information

Management is responsible for the other information in the report. The other information comprises the introductory section, schedules of cash and investments, intergovernmental revenue and indebtedness, and statistical section but does not include the basic financial statements and our auditor's report thereon. Our opinions on the basic financial statement do not cover the other information, and we do not express an opinion or any form of assurance thereon.

In connection with our audit of the basic financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and consider whether a material inconsistency exists between the other information and the basic financial statements or the other information otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If, based on the work performed, we conclude that an uncorrected material misstatement of the other information exists, we are required to describe it in our report.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated August 28, 2024, on our consideration of the City's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the City's internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the City's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Mankato, Minnesota August 28, 2024



Management's Discussion and Analysis

As management of the City of Red Wing (the City), we offer readers of the City's financial statements this narrative overview and analysis of the financial activities of the City for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2023. We encourage readers to consider the information presented here in conjunction with additional information that we have furnished in our letter of transmittal, which can be found starting on page 11 of this report.

Financial Highlights

- The assets and deferred outflows or resources of the City exceeded its liabilities and deferred inflows of
 resources at the close of the most recent fiscal year as shown in the summary of net position on the following
 pages. The unrestricted amount of net position may be used to meet the City's ongoing obligations to citizens
 and creditors.
- The City's total net position increased as shown in the summary of changes in net assets table on the following pages. The increase this year was due to an increase in investment earnings.
- For the current fiscal year, the City's governmental funds fund balances are shown in the Financial Analysis of the City's Funds section of the MD&A. The total fund balance increased in comparison with the prior year. This increase was mainly due to an increase in investment earnings and operating grants. The total of assigned and unassigned as shown in the governmental fund balance table is available for spending at the City's discretion.
- The unassigned fund balance in the General fund as shown in the financial analysis of the city's funds section increased from prior year.

The City's total bonded debt decreased during the fiscal year. The decrease was a result of schedule debt service payments as shown on the outstanding debt table.

Overview of the Financial Statements

This discussion and analysis are intended to serve as an introduction to the City's basic financial statements. The City's basic financial statements comprise three components: 1) government-wide financial statements, 2) fund financial statements, and 3) notes to the financial statements. This report also contains other supplemental information in addition to the basic financial statements themselves.

The financial statements also include notes that explain some of the information in the financial statements and provide more detailed data. The statements are followed by a section of combining and individual fund financial statements and schedules that further explains and supports the information in the financial statements. Figure 1 reflects how the required parts of this annual report are arranged and relate to one another. In addition to these required elements, we have included a section with combining and individual fund financial statements and schedules that provide details about nonmajor governmental funds, which are added together and presented in single columns in the basic financial statements.

Figure 1
Required Components of the City's Annual Financial Report

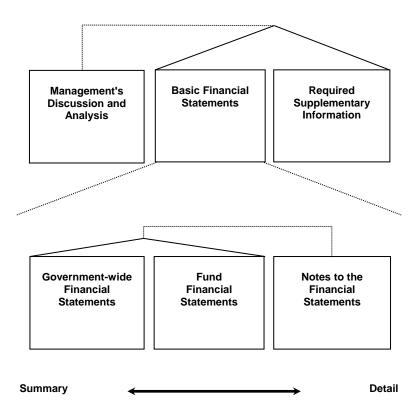


Figure 2 summarizes the major features of the City's financial statements, including the portion of the City government they cover and the types of information they contain. The remainder of this overview section of management's discussion and analysis explains the structure and contents of each of the statements.

Figure 2
Major Features of the Government-wide and Fund Financial Statements

		Fund Financial Statements			
	Government-wide Statements	Governmental Funds	Proprietary Funds	Fiduciary Funds	
Scope	Entire City government (except fiduciary funds) and the City's component units	The activities of the City that are not proprietary or fiduciary, such as police, fire and parks	Activities the City operates similar to private businesses, such as the water and sewer system	Activities of the City held in trust for others	
Required financial statements	 Statement of Net Position Statement of Activities 	 Balance Sheet Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances 	 Statement of Net Position Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Net Position Statement of Cash Flows 	 Statement of Fiduciary Net Position Statement of Changes in Fiduciary Net Position 	
Accounting basis and measurement focus	Accrual accounting and economic resources focus	Modified accrual accounting and current financial resources focus	Accrual accounting and economic resources focus	Accrual accounting and economic resources focus	
Type of asset/liability information	All assets and liabilities, both financial and capital, and short-term and long-term	Only assets expected to be used up and liabilities that come due during the year or soon thereafter; no capital assets included	All assets and liabilities, both financial and capital, and short-term and long-term	All assets and liabilities, both financial and short- term and long-term	
Type of deferred outflows/inflows of resources information	All deferred outflows/inflows of resources, regardless of when cash is received or paid.	Only deferred outflows of resources expected to be used up and deferred inflows of resources that come due during the year or soon thereafter; no capital assets included	All deferred outflows/inflows of resources, regardless of when cash is received or paid	None reported	
Type of inflow/outflow information	All revenues and expenses during year, regardless of when cash is received or paid	Revenues for which cash is received during or soon after the end of the year; expenditures when goods or services have been received and payment is due during the year or soon thereafter	All revenues and expenses during the year, regardless of when cash is received or paid	None reported	

Government-wide Financial Statements. The *government-wide financial statements* are designed to provide readers with a broad overview of the City's finances, in a manner similar to a private-sector business.

The statement of net position presents information on all of the City's assets and deferred outflows of resources and liabilities and deferred inflows of resources with the difference reported as net position. Over time, increases or decreases in net position may serve as a useful indicator of whether the financial position of the City is improving or deteriorating. The statement of activities presents information showing how the City's net position changed during the most recent fiscal year. All changes in net position are reported as soon as the underlying event giving rise to the change occurs, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Thus, revenues and expenses are reported in this statement for some items that will only result in cash flows in future fiscal periods (e.g., uncollected taxes and earned but unused vacation leave).

Both of the government-wide financial statements distinguish functions of the City that are principally supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues (*governmental activities*) from other functions that are intended to recover all or a significant portion of their costs through user fees and charges (*business-type activities*). The governmental activities of the City include general government, public safety, public works, sanitation, culture and recreation, economic development, airport, transit, cemeteries, unallocated, and interest on long-term debt. The business-type activities of the City include the refuse collection and recycling, water, sewer, solid waste campus, marina, ambulance and storm water activities.

The government-wide financial statements include not only the City itself (known as the *primary government*), but also a legally separate Red Wing Port Authority for which the City is financially accountable. Financial information for this *component unit* is reported separately from the financial information presented for the primary government itself.

The government-wide financial statements can be found starting on page 45 of this report.

Fund Financial Statements. A *fund* is a grouping of related accounts that is used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. The City, like other state and local government, uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements. These statements focus on individual parts of the City government, reporting the City's operations in more detail than the government-wide financial statements. All of the funds of the City can be divided into three categories: governmental funds, proprietary funds and fiduciary funds.

Governmental Funds. Governmental funds are used to account for essentially the same functions reported as governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. However, unlike the government-wide financial statements, governmental fund financial statements focus on near-term inflows and outflows of spendable resources, as well as on balances of spendable resources available at the end of the fiscal year. Such information may be useful in evaluating a government's near-term financing requirements.

Because the focus of governmental funds is narrower than that of the government-wide financial statements, it is useful to compare the information presented for *governmental funds* with similar information presented for *governmental activities* in the government-wide financial statements. By doing so, readers may better understand the long-term impact by the government's near-term financing decisions. Both the governmental fund balance sheet and the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balances provide a reconciliation to facilitate this comparison between *governmental funds* and *governmental activities*.

The City maintains numerous individual governmental funds, many of which are Debt Service funds which are combined for reporting. Information is presented separately in the governmental fund balance sheet and in the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balances for the General fund, the PERA Perpetual fund, the Debt Service funds (which are considered one fund for financial reporting) and the Capital Improvement Assessment fund, all of which are considered to be major funds. Data from the other nonmajor governmental funds are combined into a single, aggregated presentation. Individual fund data for each of these nonmajor governmental funds is provided in the form of *combining statements* elsewhere in this report.

The City adopts an annual appropriated budget for its General Fund and certain special revenue funds. Budgetary comparison statements have been provided for the General and PERA Perpetual funds to demonstrate compliance with these budgets.

The basic governmental fund financial statements can be found starting on page 50 of this report.

Proprietary Funds. The City maintains two different types of proprietary funds. *Enterprise funds* are used to report the same functions presented as *business-type activities* in the government-wide financial statements. The City uses enterprise funds to account for its refuse collection and recycling, water, sewer, solid waste campus, marina, ambulance, and storm water operations. *Internal service funds* are an accounting device used to accumulate and allocate costs internally among the City's various functions. The City uses internal service funds to account for its administrative services, central services, insurance (risk management) activities, information services, postemployment benefits and engineering activities. Because these services predominantly benefit governmental rather than business-type functions, they have been included within *governmental activities* in the government-wide financial statements.

Proprietary funds provide the same type of information as the government-wide financial statements, only in more detail. The proprietary fund financial statements provide separate information for the refuse collection and recycling, water, sewer, solid waste campus, and ambulance, all of which are considered to be major funds of the City. Conversely, other internal service funds are combined into a single, aggregated presentation in the proprietary fund financial statements. Individual fund data for the internal service funds is provided in the form of *combining statements* elsewhere in this report.

The basic proprietary fund financial statements can be found starting on page 56 of this report.

Fiduciary Funds. Fiduciary funds are used to account for resources held for the benefit of parties outside the City. Fiduciary funds are *not* reflected in the government-wide financial statements because the resources of those funds are not available to support the City's own programs. The accounting used for fiduciary funds is much like that used for proprietary funds.

The basic fiduciary fund financial statements can be found starting on page 68 of this report.

Notes to the Financial Statements. The notes provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements. The notes to the financial statements can be found starting on page 73 of this report.

Required Supplementary Information Other than MD&A. Governments have an option of including the budgetary comparison statements for the General fund and major special revenue funds as either part of the fund financial statements within the basic financial statements, or as required supplementary information after the footnotes. The City has chosen to present these budgetary statements as part of the basic financial statements. Additionally, this report also presents certain *required supplementary information* concerning the City's share of net pension liabilities (assets) for defined benefits plans, schedules of contributions, and progress in funding its obligation to provide pension and other postemployment benefits to its employees starting on page 120 of this report. The City has disclosed this information in Notes 4 and 7 to the financial statements and as separate required supplementary information.

Supplementary Information. The combining statements referred to earlier in connection with nonmajor governmental funds and internal service funds are presented following the notes to the financial statements. Combining and individual fund financial statements and schedules can be found starting on page 130 of this report.

Statistical Section. Further, a statistical section has been included as part of the annual comprehensive financial report to facilitate additional analysis and can be found starting on page 200 of this report.

Government-wide Financial Analysis

The two government-wide statements report the City's net position and how they have changed. The following table presents net position which is the difference between the City's assets and deferred outflows of resources and liabilities and deferred inflows of resources. Net position is one way to measure the City's financial health, or position, over time. Over time increases or decreases in the City's net position are an indicator of whether the financial health is improving or deteriorating respectively.

The City's assets and deferred outflows of resources exceeded liabilities and deferred inflows of resources by \$219,507,988 at the close of the most recent fiscal year. A large portion of the City's net position reflects its investment in capital assets (e.g., land, buildings, machinery and equipment), less any related debt used to acquire those assets that are still outstanding. The City uses these capital assets to provide services to citizens; consequently, these assets are *not* available for future spending. Although the City's investment in its capital assets is reported net of related debt, it should be noted that the resources needed to repay this debt must be provided from other sources, since the capital assets themselves cannot be used to liquidate these liabilities.

City of Red Wing's Summary of Net Position

	Governmental Activities			Business-type Activities		
	2023	2022	Increase (Decrease)	2023	2022	Increase (Decrease)
Current and Other Assets	\$ 72,223,575	\$ 69,039,523	\$ 3,184,052	\$ 9,893,974	\$ 11,012,399	\$ (1,118,425)
Capital Assets Total Assets	122,581,242 194,804,817	122,652,763 191,692,286	(71,521) 3,112,531	69,990,189 79,884,163	67,445,598 78,457,997	2,544,591 1,426,166
Deferred Outflows of Resources	8,914,059	11,189,687	(2,275,628)	5,242,457	5,678,189	(435,732)
Long-term Liabilities						
outstanding	26,636,074	44,019,069	(17,382,995)	19,113,311	22,423,574	(3,310,263)
Other Liabilities	3,015,830	3,382,781	(366,951)	1,943,502	1,299,878	643,624
Total Liabilities	29,651,904	47,401,850	(17,749,946)	21,056,813	23,723,452	(2,666,639)
Deferred Inflows of Resources	14,980,002	3,681,016	11,298,986	3,648,789	2,996,727	652,062
Net Position						
Net investment in capital assets	103,300,224	98,523,215	4,777,009	62,459,275	58,102,567	4,356,708
Restricted	19,256,326	17,704,727	1,551,599	02,439,273	30,102,307	4,330,700
Unrestricted	36,530,420	35,571,165	959,255	(2,038,257)	(686,560)	(1,351,697)
Total Net Position	\$ 159,086,970	\$ 151,799,107	\$ 7,287,863	\$ 60,421,018	\$ 57,416,007	\$ 3,005,011
Net Position as a Percent of Total						
Net investment in capital assets	64.9 %	64.9 %		103.4 %	101.2 %	
Restricted	12.1	11.7		-	-	
Unrestricted	23.0	23.4		(3.4)	(1.2)	
Total	100.0 %	100.0 %		100.0 %	100.0 %	

Additionally, a portion of the City's net position represents resources that are subject to external restrictions on how they may be used. The remaining balance of *unrestricted net position* may be used to meet the City's ongoing obligations to citizens and creditors.

At the end of the current fiscal year, the City is able to report positive balances in all three categories of net position, both for the City as a whole, as well as for governmental activities.

Governmental Activities. Governmental activities increased the City's net position as shown below. Key elements of this increase are as follows:

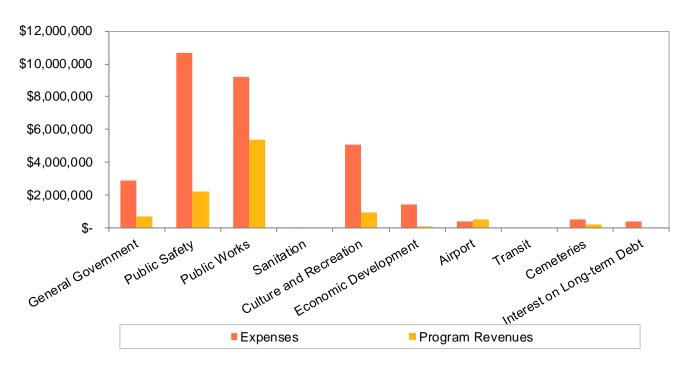
City of Red Wing's Changes in Net Position

	Governmental Activities		Business-type Activities			
	2023	2022	Increase (Decrease)	2023	2022	Increase (Decrease)
Revenues						
Program Revenues						
Charges for services Operating grants and	\$ 2,067,961	\$ 2,087,541	\$ (19,580)	\$ 26,620,817	\$ 24,034,508	\$ 2,586,309
contributions	6,688,982	2,844,672	3,844,310	205,538	369,083	(163,545)
Capital grants and contributions	1,352,555	1,315,520	37,035	93,919	195,625	(101,706)
General Revenues						
Property taxes	23,525,547	23,525,435	112	-	-	-
Other taxes	552,629	589,344	(36,715)	-	-	-
Grants and contributions not						
restricted to specific programs Unrestricted investment	303,768	634,078	(330,310)	-	-	-
earnings (loss)	2,418,680	(2,510,129)	4,928,809	288,750	(219,442)	508,192
Other	36,544	10,371	26,173	-	-	-
Gain on sale of capital assets	33,809	111,416	(77,607)	11,340	35,092	(23,752)
Total Revenues	36,980,475	28,608,248	8,372,227	27,220,364	24,414,866	2,805,498
Expenses						
General government	2.896.236	2,759,870	136,366	_	-	-
Public safety	10,678,850	9,920,596	758,254	-	-	-
Public works	9,201,272	7,665,726	1,535,546	_	_	-
Sanitation	46,407	41,230	5,177	-	-	-
Culture and recreation	5,096,497	5,096,239	258	-	-	-
Economic development	1,444,103	1,636,344	(192,241)	-	-	-
Airport	394,168	398,653	(4,485)	-	-	-
Transit	-	208	(208)	-	-	-
Cemeteries	493,955	505,987	(12,032)	-	-	-
Contingencies and other	-	-	-	-	-	-
Interest and fiscal charges	370,746	341,417	29,329	-	-	-
Refuse collection and recycling	-	-	-	3,249,224	3,008,637	240,587
Water	-	-	-	3,440,433	3,358,719	81,714
Sewer	-	-	-	5,977,179	5,764,126	213,053
Solid waste campus	-	-	-	5,507,693	5,350,561	157,132
Marina	-	-	-	806,461	728,010	78,451
Ambulance	-	-	-	3,227,504	3,662,126	(434,622)
Storm water				1,077,237	979,979	97,258
Total Expenses	30,622,234	28,366,270	2,255,964	23,285,731	22,852,158	433,573
Increase (decrease) in net position						
before transfers	6,358,241	241,978	6,116,263	3,934,633	1,562,708	2,371,925
Transfers	929,622	1,544,689	(615,067)	(929,622)	(1,544,689)	615,067
Loss on discontinued operations	-			-	-	
Change in Net Position	7,287,863	1,786,667	5,501,196	3,005,011	18,019	2,986,992
Net Position - January 1	151,799,107	150,012,440	1,786,667	57,416,007	57,397,988	18,019
Net Position - December 31	\$ 159,086,970	\$ 151,799,107	\$ 7,287,863	\$ 60,421,018	\$ 57,416,007	\$ 3,005,011

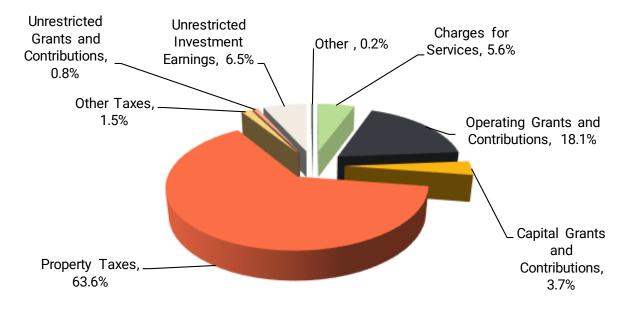
[•] The 2023 general levy was \$23,549,496 which was the same amount as the 2022 levy.

• The 2023 general levy was \$23,549,496 which was the same amount as the 2022 levy. The following graphs depict various governmental activities and show the revenue and expenses directly related to those activities.

Expenses and Program Revenues - Governmental Activities



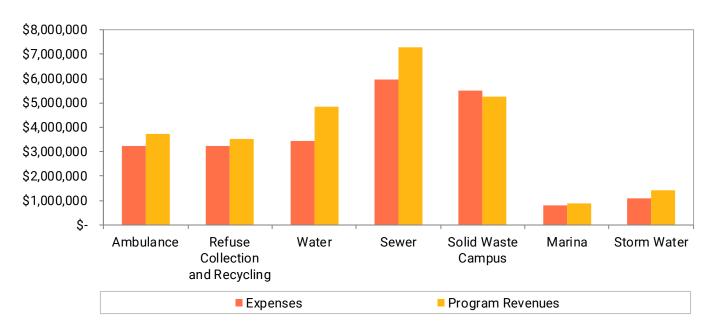
Revenues by Source - Governmental Activities



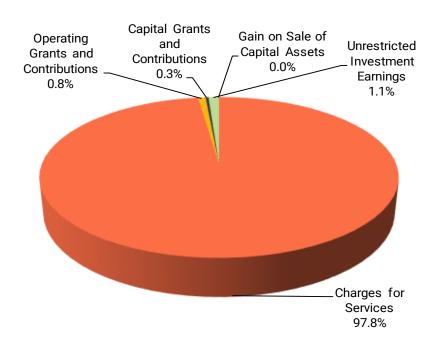
Business-type Activities. Business-type activities increased the City's net position as shown in the changes in net position table. Key elements of this increase are as follows:

• Charges for services for business-type activities increased by \$2,586,309 or 10.8 percent. This increase can be attributed a revised rate structure being implemented in 2023 for both water and sewer with increased rates.

Expenses and Program Revenues - Business - type Activities



Revenues by Source - Business - type Activities



Financial Analysis of the City's Funds

As noted earlier, the City uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements.

Governmental Funds. The general government functions are contained in the General, special revenue, Debt Service, and capital projects funds. The focus of the City's *governmental funds* is to provide information on near-term inflows, outflows and balances of *spendable* resources. Such information is useful in assessing the City's financing requirements. In particular, *unassigned fund balance* may serve as a useful measure of a government's net resources available for spending at the end of the fiscal year.

The focus of the City's *governmental funds* is to provide information on near-term inflows, outflows and balances of *spendable* resources. Such information is useful in assessing the City's financing requirements. In particular, *unassigned fund balance* may serve as a useful measure of a government's net resources available for spending at the end of the fiscal year. The table below outlines the governmental fund balances for the year ending December 31, 2023:

	General Fund	PERA Perpetual	Debt Service Fund	Capital Improvement Assessment	Other Governmental Funds	Total	Prior Year Total	Increase/ (Decrease)
Fund Balances								
Nonspendable	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 644,988	\$ 644,988	\$ 2,783,132	\$ (2,138,144)
Restricted	821,396	8,728,098	5,104,346	-	3,879,145	18,532,985	15,000,463	3,532,522
Committed	-	-	-	-	7,099,000	7,099,000	9,393,608	(2,294,608)
Assigned	717,018	-	-	5,121,586	-	5,838,604	6,225,019	(386,415)
Unassigned	25,550,920				(654,862)	24,896,058	21,563,830	3,332,228
Total	\$ 27,089,334	\$ 8,728,098	\$ 5,104,346	\$ 5,121,586	\$ 10,968,271	\$ 57,011,635	\$ 54,966,052	\$ 2,045,583

As of the close of the current fiscal year, the City's governmental funds reported combined ending fund balances shown above. Additional information on the City's fund balances can be found in Note 1 starting on page 83 of this report.

The General fund is the chief operating fund of the City. At the end of the current year, unassigned fund balance of the General fund is shown in the table below. As a measure of the General fund's liquidity, it may be useful to compare both unassigned fund balance and total fund balance to total fund expenditures. The total unassigned fund balance as a percent of total fund expenditures is shown in the chart below along with total fund balance as a percent of total expenditures.

	Current Year Ending Balance	Prior Year Ending Balance	Increase/ (Decrease)
General Fund Fund Balances	Littling Balance	Enamy Balance	(Decrease)
Restricted for			
Public Safety	\$ 725,896	\$ -	\$ 725,896
Housing	95,500	-	95,500
Committed	-	3,600,000	(3,600,000)
Assigned	717,018	685,243	31,775
Unassigned	25,550,920	22,147,576	3,403,344
Total	\$ 27,089,334	\$ 26,432,819	\$ 656,515
General Fund expenditures Unassigned as a percent of expenditures Total Fund Balance as a percent of expenditures	\$ 19,843,253 128.8% 136.5%	\$ 18,829,380 117.6% 140.4%	

The fund balance of the City's General fund increased during the current fiscal year as shown in the table above. This increase can substantially be attributed to an increase in the market value on investments. There was a decrease in the amount of transfers into the General Fund from other funds compared to the previous year as well as increased costs in public works department due to rising costs of supplies and materials.

Other major governmental analysis is shown below:

	December 31, 2023		De	ecember 31, 2022	 ncrease Decrease)
PERA Perpetual	\$	8,728,098	\$	8,386,569	\$ 341,529
The PERA Perpetual fund balance increased due to a gain on investmen	t value	<u>)</u> .			
Debt Service fund		5,104,346		5,500,251	(395,905)
The Debt Service fund decrease in fund balance during the year was due	e to sc	heduled			
principal and interest payments made on bonds during the year.					
Capital Improvement Assessment		5,121,586		4,697,678	423,908
The Capital Improvement Assessment fund increase in fund balance is	due to	special assess	smei	nts	
revenues being collected in excess of necessary expenditures.					

Proprietary Funds. Unrestricted net position of the enterprise funds at the end of the year amounted to \$959,255. Total increase in net position for enterprise funds was \$3,005,011. The City's proprietary funds provide the same type of information found in the government-wide financial statements, but in more detail. Changes in net position are detailed below.

	Ending Net Position 2023	Ending Net Position 2022	Increase/ (Decrease)
Refuse Collection & Recycling	\$ 1,391,522	\$ 1,093,113	\$ 298,409
The increase primarily is attributed to increased charges for services br	ought on by increas	ed rates.	
Water Utility	21,018,384	20,201,646	816,738
The increase primarily is attributed to increased charges for services br	ought on by increas	ed rates.	
Sewer Utility	24,142,054	23,269,839	872,215
The increase primarily is attributed to increased charges for services br	ought on by increas	ed rates.	
Solid Waste Campus	12,401,944	12,670,888	(268,944)
The decrease is primarily attributed to an increase in supply costs.			
Ambulance	(1,380,277)	(1,995,774)	615,497
The increase is primarily attributed to an increase in demand for ambula	ance services during	g the year.	

General Fund Budgetary Highlights

Differences between the original budget and the final amended budget can be summarized as follows:

- The City made \$175,517 in net adjustments increasing intergovernmental revenues.
- \$20,245 in net adjustments increasing general government expenditures, \$255,606 in net adjustments increasing public safety expenditures, \$10,463 in net adjustments decreasing public works, \$5,464 in net adjustments increasing culture and recreation expenditures, \$1,400 in net adjustments increasing economic development expenditures, and \$1,919,810 in adjustments increasing other financing sources and uses.

Capital Asset and Debt Administration

Capital Assets. The City's investment in capital assets for its governmental and business-type activities as of December 31, 2023 is shown below in the capital asset table (net of accumulated depreciation). This investment in capital assets includes land, buildings and system improvements, machinery and equipment, park facilities, roads, highways and bridges.

Major capital asset events during the current fiscal year included the following:

- John Deere Gator Utility Vehicle
- Two 2023 Ford Police Interceptors
- Three 2023 Ford Edge Administration Vehicles
- 2024 Chevy Sewer Utility Vehicle
- 2023 Ford F-150 Internal Service Vehicle
- John Deere Mower
- Two 2022 Generac Generators
- 2022 and 2023 Slip Lining Projects
- Land purchases for the Sturgeon Lake Road Overpass Project
- Sewer Inspection Camera
- Variable Frequency Driver Upgrades
- Playground and Park Equipment and Improvements
- Colvill Pool Additions
- Street Lights
- Specialty Fabricator
- Major Construction Projects in Process
 - Federal Airport Projects
 - Sturgeon Lake Road Overpass
 - o Old West Main Reconstruction
 - Safe Route to School Intersection
 - Barn Bluff Park
- Major Construction Projects Completed
 - o Bush Street Crosswalk
 - Street Reclamation
 - Street and Alley Improvements

Additional information on the City's capital assets can be found in Note 3D starting on page 89 of this report.

City of Red Wing's Capital Assets

(Net of Depreciation)

	Governmental Activities				Business-type Activities				Total									
				2022		Increase	Increase					Increase			Increase			
		2023		As Restated	((Decrease)	_	2023	_	2022	(I	Decrease)		2023	_	2022	(1	Decrease)
Land	\$	10,094,240	\$	9,654,480	\$	439,760	\$	260,654	\$	214,980	\$	45,674	\$	10,354,894	\$	9,869,460	\$	485,434
Construction in Progress		22,892,268		21,109,812		1,782,456		5,257,279		910,762		4,346,517		28,149,547		22,020,574		6,128,973
Buildings		16,497,733		17,629,245		(1,131,512)		20,620,772		21,318,401		(697,629)		37,118,505		38,947,646		(1,829,141)
Improvements		22,862,494		23,650,728		(788,234)		26,870,515		27,403,100		(532,585)		49,733,009		51,053,828		(1,320,819)
Machinery and																		
Equipment		1,449,642		1,427,273		22,369		1,384,344		961,776		422,568		2,833,986		2,389,049		444,937
Office Equipment		203,192		271,396		(68,204)		-		-		-		203,192		271,396		(68,204)
Vehicles		2,283,159		2,828,505		(545,346)		2,268,538		2,813,745		(545,207)		4,551,697		5,642,250		(1,090,553)
Infrastructure		46,015,849		45,657,326		358,523		13,328,087		13,822,834		(494,747)		59,343,936		59,480,160		(136,224)
Leased Building																		
(Intangible Right to Use Asset)		282,665		423,998		(141,333)		-		-		-		282,665		423,998		(141,333)
Total	\$ '	122,581,242	\$	122,652,763	\$	(71,521)	\$	69,990,189	\$	67,445,598	\$	2,544,591	\$	192,571,431	\$	190,098,361	\$	2,473,070
Percent increase (decrease)						-0.1%						3.8%						1.3%

Long-term Debt. At the end of the current fiscal year, the City had total bonded debt outstanding of \$24,877,637. Of this amount, \$7,180,000 comprises revenue related debt backed by the full faith and credit of the City and \$17,415,000 is general obligation debt. Lease liabilities totaled \$282,637 at year end.

City of Red Wing's Outstanding Debt

	Gov	ernmental Activit	ies	Business-type Activities						
	2023	2022 As Restated	Increase (Decrease)	2023	2022	Increase (Decrease)				
General Obligation Bonds General Obligation	\$ 17,415,000	\$ 21,815,000	\$ (4,400,000)	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -				
Revenue Bonds	-	-	-	7,180,000	8,977,000	(1,797,000)				
Lease payable	282,637	420,933	(138,296)							
Total	\$ 17,697,637	\$ 22,235,933	\$ (4,538,296)	\$ 7,180,000	\$ 8,977,000	\$ (1,797,000)				
Percent increase (decrease)			-20.4%			-20.0%				

The City's total bonded debt decreased by \$6,197,000, (17.1 percent) during the current fiscal year. This was a result of scheduled principal retirements during the year.

The City maintains an "Aa2" rating. Such was reaffirmed by Moody's in 2023.

Minnesota statutes limit the amount of net general obligation debt a City may issue three percent of the total estimated market value of the City. The current debt limitation for the City is \$80,812,911, which is significantly in excess of the City's outstanding general obligation debt.

Additional information on the City's long-term debt can be found in Note 3G starting on page 95 of this report.

Economic Factors and Next Year's Budgets and Rates

The City's officials considered many factors when setting the fiscal-year 2024 budget, rates, and fees that will be charged. The major factors accounted for when adopting the budget are highlighted below.

- Maintain the current level of basic government services.
- Continue long-term infrastructure renewal and replacement.
- Allocate resources based on prioritization of City Council strategic goals.
- The unemployment rate for the Goodhue County is currently 2.6 percent, which is the same rate as last year. This compares favorably with unemployment rates of 2.6 percent for the State of Minnesota and 3.7 percent for the United States.
- History of strong property tax collections.
- Rate study results and changes to user charges for proprietary funds to reflect current and anticipated conditions and asset renewal and replacement needs.

The City is committed to long-term financial planning and management. The City has an important responsibility to its citizens to plan the adequate funding of services desired by the public at an affordable cost, including the provision and maintenance of public assets, prudent financial management and accurate accounting for public funds. The City also has a responsibility to protect the City Council's policy-making ability by ensuring that important policy decisions are not controlled by financial problems or emergencies. The City will continue its commitment to ensure that it is capable of adequately funding and providing the local government services needed by the community and will continue to protect the City Council's policy-making ability through sound financial management and fiscal policy.

Proactive management and planning assists ensuring Red Wing remains a viable, attractive, livable, and diverse community in which growth and renewal is encouraged. The 2024 budget is a strong financial plan that will move Red Wing toward its long-term goals. Through strong financial management and fiscal responsibility, we are prepared to meet the challenges of turbulent economic times. Our commitment to excellence in service while keeping costs affordable to residents will direct the course as we map our community's progress for the future.

Requests for Information

This financial report is designed to provide a general overview of the City's finances for all those with an interest in the City's finances. Questions concerning any of the information provided in this report or requests for additional financial information should be addressed to the Administrative Business Director, City of Red Wing, 315 West 4th Street, Red Wing, Minnesota 55066. This report is also available on the City's website: http://www.red-wing.org.

GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

CITY OF RED WING RED WING, MINNESOTA

FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2023

THIS PAGE IS LEFT BLANK INTENTIONALLY

City of Red Wing, Minnesota Statement of Net Position December 31, 2023

		Primary Governme	Component Unit	
	Governmental	Business-type	Tatal	Don't Audhouite
Assets	Activities	Activities	Total	Port Authority
Cash and investments	\$ 56,622,403	\$ 5,697,610	\$ 62,320,013	\$ 2,051,885
Assets held in endowment	643,201	-	643,201	-
Receivables				
Accrued interest	201,985	42,871	244,856	-
Delinquent taxes	125,111	<u>-</u>	125,111	2,566
Accounts - net of allowance for doubtful accounts of \$3,382,575	112,256	6,530,545	6,642,801	34,974
Loans - net of allowance for doubtful accounts of \$63,363	8,811	-	8,811	1,271,018
Special assessments Intergovernmental	1,862,304 2,069,957	-	1,862,304 2,069,957	- 1,946
Leases	2,637,703	1,925,092	4,562,795	449,285
Internal balances	4,756,129	(4,756,129)	4,302,793	449,203
Due from primary government	- 1,700,125	(1,700,125)	-	2,453
Inventories	130,151	421,722	551,873	-
Prepaid items	2,172	32,263	34,435	-
Land held for resale	2,719,877	-	2,719,877	-
Net pension asset	331,515	-	331,515	-
Capital assets				
Nondepreciable	32,986,508	5,517,933	38,504,441	175,042
Depreciable, net of accumulated depreciation/amortization	89,594,734	64,472,256	154,066,990	525,563
Total Assets	194,804,817	79,884,163	274,688,980	4,514,732
Deferred Outflows of Resources				
Deferred pension resources	8,296,384	4,589,030	12,885,414	_
Deferred other postemployment benefit resources	617,675	653,427	1,271,102	-
Total Deferred Outflows of Resources	8,914,059	5,242,457	14,156,516	
Liabilities				
Accounts and contracts payable	1,619,577	1,302,708	2,922,285	80,937
Escrow accounts and deposits payable	77,461	-	77,461	-
Due to component unit	2,453	157011	2,453	150,000
Due to other governments	107,603	157,311	264,914	158,233
Accrued interest payable Salaries payable	251,375 859,243	99,453 369,871	350,828 1,229,114	-
Unearned revenue	98,118	14,159	112,277	_
Noncurrent liabilities	90,110	14,109	112,211	
Due within one year				
Long-term liabilities	5,687,426	1,261,021	6,948,447	21,807
Other postemployment benefit resources	104,975	111,051	216,026	· -
Due in more than one year				
Long-term liabilities	15,170,237	7,260,858	22,431,095	71,228
Net pension liability	4,560,226	9,302,736	13,862,962	-
Other postemployment benefit resources	1,113,210	1,177,645	2,290,855	-
Total Liabilities	29,651,904	21,056,813	50,708,717	332,205
Deferred Inflows of Resources				
Deferred lease resources	2,546,414	1,888,651	4,435,065	435,219
Deferred pension resources	12,041,693	1,345,560	13,387,253	-
Deferred other postemployment benefit resources	391,895	414,578	806,473	
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	14,980,002	3,648,789	18,628,791	435,219
N.D. W				
Net Position	102 200 224	62.450.275	165,759,499	700 605
Net investment in capital assets Restricted	103,300,224	62,459,275	103,739,499	700,605
Permanently restricted				
Library endowments	643,201	_	643,201	_
Temporarily restricted	010,201		0 10,20 1	
Net pension asset	331,515	-	331,515	-
Debt service	4,852,971	-	4,852,971	-
Police and fire activities	8,728,098	-	8,728,098	-
Pickleball Courts	416,278	-	416,278	-
Public Safety	725,896	-	725,896	-
Housing	95,500	-	95,500	-
Future loans	252,659	-	252,659	-
Library activities	18,198	-	18,198	-
Cemetery operations	3,192,010	(2,020,257)	3,192,010	2 046 702
Unrestricted	36,530,420	(2,038,257)	34,492,163	3,046,703
Total Net Position	\$ 159,086,970	\$ 60,421,018	\$ 219,507,988	\$ 3,747,308
	+ 123,000,270	+,,	,	, -,,000

The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

City of Red Wing, Minnesota Statement of Activities

For the Year Ended December 31, 2023

			Program Revenues					
Functions/Programs	Expenses	Charges for Services	Operating Grants and Contributions	Capital Grants and Contributions				
Primary Government								
Governmental Activities								
General government	\$ 2,896,236	\$ 694,233	\$ 365	\$ -				
Public safety	10,678,850	729,065	1,466,616	-				
Public works	9,201,272	102,916	4,264,416	1,037,385				
Sanitation	46,407	-	-	-				
Culture and recreation	5,096,497	226,384	611,591	112,511				
Economic development	1,444,103	-	120,000	-				
Airport	394,168	98,134	225,994	202,659				
Cemeteries	493,955	217,229	-	-				
Interest and fiscal charges	370,746	-	-	-				
Total Governmental Activities	30,622,234	2,067,961	6,688,982	1,352,555				
Business-Type Activities								
Refuse collection and recycling	3,249,224	3,523,871	103	-				
Water	3,440,433	4,811,048	106	43,386				
Sewer	5,977,179	7,273,482	129	28,033				
Solid waste campus	5,507,693	5,141,795	108,367	-				
Marina	806,461	863,110	19	-				
Ambulance	3,227,504	3,624,040	88,790	-				
Storm water	1,077,237	1,383,471	8,024	22,500				
Total Business-type Activities	23,285,731	26,620,817	205,538	93,919				
Totals Primary Government	\$ 53,907,965	\$ 28,688,778	\$ 6,894,520	\$ 1,446,474				
Component Unit								
Port authority	\$ 1,110,968	\$ 244,500	\$ 12,067	\$ -				

General Revenues

Property taxes, levied for general purposes

Property taxes, levied for specific purposes

Property taxes, levied for debt service

Franchise taxes

Hotel-motel taxes

Other taxes

Grants and contributions not restricted to specific programs

Unrestricted investment earnings

Other revenues

Gain on sale of capital assets

Transfers

Total General Revenues and Transfers

Change in Net Position

Net Position, January 1

Net Position, December 31

Net (Expense) Revenue and Changes in Net Position

			Changes in N	CLFC	23111011		
	C	Component					
			ary Government				Unit
G	overnmental	Ві	usiness-type				
	Activities		Activities		Total	Po	ort Authority
\$	(2,201,638)	\$	-	\$	(2,201,638)	\$	-
	(8,483,169)		-		(8,483,169)		-
	(3,796,555)		-		(3,796,555)		-
	(46,407)		-		(46,407)		-
	(4,146,011)		-		(4,146,011)		-
	(1,324,103)		_		(1,324,103)		_
	132,619		_		132,619		-
	(276,726)		_		(276,726)		_
	(370,746)		_		(370,746)		_
	(20,512,736)				(20,512,736)	-	
	(20,312,730)				(20,312,730)		
	-		274,750		274,750		-
	-		1,414,107		1,414,107		-
	-		1,324,465		1,324,465		_
	_		(257,531)		(257,531)		_
	_		56,668		56,668		_
	_		485,326		485,326		_
					336,758		_
		- 336,758 - 3,634,543			3,634,543		
			3,034,343		3,034,343		
\$	(20,512,736)		3,634,543		(16,878,193)		-
						\$	(854,401)
	18,868,977		-		18,868,977		-
	-		-		-		512,271
	4,656,570		-		4,656,570		-
	201,255		-		201,255		-
	298,563		-		298,563		-
	52,811		-		52,811		1,023
	303,768		-		303,768		-
	2,418,680		288,750		2,707,430		12,360
	36,544		-		36,544		-
	33,809		11,340		45,149		_
	929,622		(929,622)		-,		_
	27,800,599	_	(629,532)	_	27,171,067	_	525,654
	7,287,863		3,005,011		10,292,874		(328,747)
	151,799,107		57,416,007		209,215,114		4,076,055
\$	159,086,970	\$	60,421,018	\$	219,507,988	\$	3,747,308

THIS PAGE IS LEFT BLANK INTENTIONALLY

FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

CITY OF RED WING RED WING, MINNESOTA

FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2023

City of Red Wing, Minnesota Balance Sheet

Balance Sheet Governmental Funds December 31, 2023

	General	PERA Perpetual	Debt Service	Capital Improvement Assessment	Other Governmental Funds	Total Governmental Funds
Assets						
Cash and investments	\$ 22,559,271	\$ 9,465,641	\$ 5,088,924	\$ 2,380,416	\$ 11,006,730	\$ 50,500,982
Assets held in endowment	-	-	-	-	643,201	643,201
Receivables						
Accrued interest	148,852	23,994	-	4,892	6,174	183,912
Delinquent taxes	125,111	-	-	-	-	125,111
Accounts (net of allowance)	65,472	-	-	2,528	18,123	86,123
Special assessments	-	-	-	1,862,304	-	1,862,304
Intergovernmental	292,425	-	17,906	1,241,797	472,570	2,024,698
Leases	2,387,009	_	-	, , , ₋	250,694	2,637,703
Due from other funds	5,476,011	_	_	_	-	5,476,011
Prepaid items	0,470,011	_	_	_	1.787	1,787
Land held for resale				2,719,877	1,707	2,719,877
Land held for resale				2,719,077		2,719,077
Total Assets	\$ 31,054,151	\$ 9,489,635	\$ 5,106,830	\$ 8,211,814	\$ 12,399,279	\$ 66,261,709
Liabilities						
Accounts payable	\$ 646,808	\$ -	\$ 2.484	\$ 580	\$ 486,217	\$ 1,136,089
Escrow accounts payable	73,265	· -	-	-	-	73,265
Contracts payable		_	_	_	70,003	70.003
Due to other funds	_	761.537	_	_	425,311	1,186,848
Due to other governments	107,040	701,007	_	_	563	107,603
Salaries payable	461,869	_	_	_	70,735	532,604
Deposits payable	4,196	_	_	_	70,733	4,196
Unearned revenue	•	_	_	_	<u>-</u>	98,118
	98,118	761 507	0.404		1.050.000	
Total Liabilities	1,391,296	761,537	2,484	580	1,052,829	3,208,726
Deferred Inflows of Resources						
Deferred lease resources	2,298,828	-	-	-	247,586	2,546,414
Unavailable revenue						
Taxes	125,111	-	-	-	-	125,111
Special assessments	-	-	-	1,862,304	_	1,862,304
Intergovernmental	149,582	-	-	1,227,344	_	1,376,926
Advance from other governments	-	_	_	-	130,593	130,593
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	2,573,521			3,089,648	378,179	6,041,348
						
Fund Balances						
Nonspendable	-	-	-	-	644,988	644,988
Restricted	821,396	8,728,098	5,104,346	-	3,879,145	18,532,985
Committed	-	-	-	-	7,099,000	7,099,000
Assigned	717,018	-	-	5,121,586	-	5,838,604
Unassigned	25,550,920	_	_	-	(654,862)	24,896,058
Total Fund Balances	27,089,334	8.728.098	5.104.346	5,121,586	10,968,271	57,011,635
rotari ana balanoco	27,007,004	5,7 20,0 70	0,107,070	5,121,000	10,200,271	07,011,000
Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of						
Resources and Fund Balances	\$ 31,054,151	\$ 9,489,635	\$ 5,106,830	\$ 8,211,814	\$ 12,399,279	\$ 66,261,709
	÷ 5.,55.,.01	+ 2,.02,000	÷ 5,.55,500	+ 5,2,511	+ . = , = , = , = , = ,	+ 00,20.,.07

City of Red Wing, Minnesota Reconciliation of the Balance Sheet to the Statement of Net Position Governmental Funds December 31, 2023

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net position are different because

Total Fund Balances - Governmental Funds	\$ 57,011,635
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial	
resources and therefore are not reported as assets in the funds.	122,308,828
Long-term liabilities, including bonds payable, are not due and payable in the	
current period and therefore are not reported as liabilities in the funds.	
Long-term liabilities at year-end consist of	(17.415.000)
Bonds payable Lease payable	(17,415,000) (282,637)
Unamortized bond premium, net of amortization	(1,153,255)
Other postemployment benefits obligation	(1,133,233)
Net pension liability	(4,560,226)
Long-term assets are not available to pay current-period expenditures and, therefore,	
are unavailable in the funds.	105111
Delinquent property taxes Special assessments	125,111 1,862,304
Intergovernmental	1,502,504
intelige formitelite.	1,007,015
Long-term assets from pensions reported in governmental activities are not financial	
resources and therefore are not reported as assets in the funds.	331,515
Governmental funds do not report a liability for accrued interest until	
due and payable.	(251,375)
Governmental funds do not report long-term amounts related to pensions and other	
postemployment benefits.	
Deferred outflows of pension resources	8,296,384
Deferred inflows of pension resources	(12,041,693)
Deferred outflows of other postemployment benefit resources	617,675
Deferred inflows of other postemployment benefit resources	(391,895)
Internal service funds are used by management to charge the costs of insurance and various services to individual funds. The assets and liabilities of the internal services funds are	
included in governmental activities in the statement of net position.	4,340,265
	 .,,,
Total Net Position - Governmental Activities	\$ 159,086,970

City of Red Wing, Minnesota Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances Governmental Funds

For the Year Ended December 31, 2023

	General	PERA Debt Perpetual Service		Capital Improvement Assessment	Other Governmental Funds	Totals
Revenues	Ceneral	respectation	0011100	Acceptancia	- T drido	Totalo
Taxes	\$ 19,065,591	\$ -	\$ 4,678,993	\$ -	\$ 298,563	\$ 24,043,147
Special assessments	-	-	-	735,573	-	735,573
Licenses and permits	67,468	_	_	-	332,893	400,361
Intergovernmental	2,162,614	_	_	_	3,440,078	5,602,692
Charges for services	1,303,176	_	7,415	_	154,072	1,464,663
Fines and forfeits	80,514	_	-,,,,,	_	204	80,718
Investment income	1,556,039	442,900	_	52,093	153,654	2,204,686
Miscellaneous	51,910		_	3,527	980,161	1,035,598
Total Revenues	24,287,312	442,900	4,686,408	791,193	5,359,625	35,567,438
Expenditures						
Current						
General government	2,383,634	_	_	-	_	2,383,634
Public safety	8,473,636	_	_	-	593,643	9,067,279
Public works	3,196,901	_	_	347,785	-	3,544,686
Sanitation	47,927	_	_	-	_	47,927
Culture and recreation	2,611,497	_	_	_	1,425,994	4,037,491
Economic development	1,017,404	_	_	_	315,084	1,332,488
Airport		_	_	_	287,112	287,112
Cemeteries	428,742	_	_	_	207,112	428,742
Contingencies and other	199,847	_	_	_	_	199,847
Capital outlay	177,047					177,047
General government	101,975	_	_	_	_	101,975
Public safety	316,257				11,262	327.519
Public works	230,616	_	_		4,370,064	4,600,680
Culture and recreation	624,142	_	_		625,991	1,250,133
Economic development	16,589	_	_	_	023,991	16,589
•	10,389	-	-	-	1 017 602	·
Airport	20.205	-	-	-	1,017,692	1,017,692
Cemeteries	38,205	-	-	-	-	38,205
Debt service	100.006		4 400 000			4 500 006
Principal retirement	138,296	-	4,400,000	-	-	4,538,296
Interest and fiscal charges	17,585		682,313			699,898
Total Expenditures	19,843,253		5,082,313	347,785	8,646,842	33,920,193
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues						
Over (Under) Expenditures	4,444,059	442,900	(395,905)	443,408	(3,287,217)	1,647,245
Other Financing Sources (Uses)						
	20.216					20.216
Sale of capital assets	38,316	-	-	-	4040674	38,316
Transfers in	173,371	(101071)	-	(10 500)	4,948,674	5,122,045
Transfers out	(3,999,231)	(101,371)		(19,500)	(641,921)	(4,762,023)
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	(3,787,544)	(101,371)		(19,500)	4,306,753	398,338
Net Change in Fund Balances	656,515	341,529	(395,905)	423,908	1,019,536	2,045,583
Fund Balances, January 1	26,432,819	8,386,569	5,500,251	4,697,678	9,948,735	54,966,052
Fund Balances, December 31	\$ 27,089,334	\$ 8,728,098	\$ 5,104,346	\$ 5,121,586	\$ 10,968,271	\$ 57,011,635

City of Red Wing, Minnesota Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances of Governmental Funds to the Statements of Activities -**Governmental Funds** For the Year Ended December 31, 2023

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because

Net Change in Fund Balances - Governmental Funds	\$	2,045,583
Governmental funds report capital outlay as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities the cost of those assets is allocated over the estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation expense.		
Capital outlay Depreciation/amortization expense		6,656,523 (6,742,104)
The net effect of various miscellaneous transactions involving capital assets (i.e., sales, trade-ins and donations) is to decrease net position		
Book value of disposed of capital assets		(4,507)
The issuance of long-term debt provides current financial resources to governmental funds, while the repayment of principal of long-term debt consumes the current financial resources of governmental funds. Neither transaction, however, has any effect on net position. Also, governmental funds report the effect of premiums, discounts and similar items when debt is first issued, whereas these amounts are deferred and amortized in the statement of activities.		
Bond principal repayments		4,400,000
Lease repayments		138,296
Bonds premiums amortization		271,875
Interest on long-term debt in the statement of activities differs from the amount reported in the governmental fund because interest is recognized as an expenditure in the funds when it is due, and thus requires the use of current financial resources. In the statement of activities, however, interest expense is recognized as the interest accrues, regardless of when it is due.		57,277
Certain revenues are recognized as soon as they are earned. Under the modified accrual basis of accounting certain revenues cannot be recognized until they are available to liquidate liabilities of the current period.		
Property taxes		27,614
Special assessments		100,966
Intergovernmental		1,016,691
Some expenses reported in the statement of activities do not require the use of current financial resources and, therefore, are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds.		
Other postemployment benefits cost		1,570
Long-term pension activity is not reported in governmental funds.		
Pension expense	((1,160,881)
Direct aid contributions		149,180
Internal service funds are used by management to charge the costs of various services to		
individual funds. The net revenues of certain activities of internal service funds is reported		
with governmental activities.		329,780
Change in Net Position - Governmental Activities	\$	7,287,863

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances Budget and Actual

General Fund

For the Year Ended December 31, 2023

	Budgeted Amounts		Actual	Variance with
	Original	Final	Amounts	Final Budget
Revenues			7 0 0	
Taxes	\$ 19,238,394	\$ 19,238,394	\$ 19,065,591	\$ (172,803)
Licenses and permits	69,405	69,405	67,468	(1,937)
Intergovernmental	1,295,802	1,471,319	2,162,614	691,295
Charges for services	1,221,181	1,221,181	1,303,176	81,995
Fines and forfeits	63,385	63,385	80,514	17,129
Investment income	125,000	125,000	1,556,039	1,431,039
Miscellaneous	120,000	120,000	1,000,000	1,401,005
Contributions and donations	30,575	30,575	15,217	(15,358)
Refunds	-	-	54	54
Other	18,500	18,500	36,639	18,139
Total Revenues	22,062,242	22,237,759	24,287,312	2,049,553
Total Nevenues	22,002,242	22,207,707	24,207,012	2,047,000
Expenditures				
Current				
General government	2,398,886	2,419,131	2,383,634	35,497
Public safety	8,622,942	8,878,548	8,473,636	404,912
Public works	2,985,873	2,975,410	3,196,901	(221,491)
Sanitation	43,303	43,303	47,927	(4,624)
Culture and recreation	2,360,316	2,365,780	2,611,497	(245,717)
Economic development	1,199,103	1,200,503	1,017,404	183,099
Cemeteries	441,807	441,807	428,742	13,065
Transit	182,000	182,000	420,742	182,000
Contingencies and other	122,575	122,575	199,847	(77,272)
Capital outlay	122,373	122,373	199,047	(11,212)
General government	40,100	229,832	101,975	127,857
Public safety	365,075	750,075	316,257	433,818
Public works	619,410	832,406	230,616	601,790
Culture and recreation		958,818	624,142	334,676
	516,100			
Economic development	41 000	38,144	16,589 38,205	21,555
Cemeteries	41,000	41,000	30,203	2,795
Debt service	144064	144064	138,296	6 560
Principal retirement	144,864	144,864	•	6,568
Interest and fiscal charges	20,000,054	01 (04 106	17,585	(17,585)
Total Expenditures	20,083,354	21,624,196	19,843,253	1,780,943
Excess of Revenues				
	1 070 000	610 E60	4.444.0E0	2 020 406
Over Expenditures	1,978,888	613,563	4,444,059	3,830,496
Other Financina Courses (Hear)				
Other Financing Sources (Uses)	0.000	0.000	20.016	00.016
Sale of capital assets	9,000	9,000	38,316	29,316
Transfers in	221,000	221,000	173,371	(47,629)
Transfers out	(3,461,459)	(3,999,231)	(3,999,231)	(10.010)
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	(3,231,459)	(3,769,231)	(3,787,544)	(18,313)
Net Change in Fund Balances	(1,252,571)	(3,155,668)	656,515	3,812,183
Fund Balances, January 1	26,432,819	26,432,819	26,432,819	
Fund Balances, December 31	\$ 25,180,248	\$ 23,277,151	\$ 27,089,334	\$ 3,812,183

The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

City of Red Wing, Minnesota Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances

Budget and Actual PERA Perpetual Fund

For the Year Ended December 31, 2023

	Budgeted Amounts			Actual		Variance with		
	0	riginal	<u>Final</u>		Amounts		Final Budget	
Revenues Investment income	\$	192,222	\$	192,222	\$	442,900	\$	250,678
Other Financing Uses Transfers out		<u>-</u>				(101,371)		(101,371)
Net Change in Fund Balances		192,222		192,222		341,529		149,307
Fund Balances, January 1	8	3,386,569		8,386,569		8,386,569		
Fund Balances, December 31	\$ 8	3,578,791	\$	8,578,791	\$	8,728,098	\$	149,307

City of Red Wing, Minnesota Statement of Net Position

Proprietary Funds (Continued on the Following Pages) December 31, 2023

	Business-type Activities-Enterprise Funds			
	600 Refuse Collection & Recycling	601/651/ 319/494 Water Utility	602/650/317 320/322/323/ 402/490/492 Sewer Utility	603/307/326/ 403/406 Solid Waste Campus
Assets				
Current Assets				
Cash and investments	\$ 1,158,351	\$ -	\$ 2,087,408	\$ 238,337
Receivables				
Accrued interest	16,304	18,575	-	2,901
Accounts - net of allowance for doubtful accounts				
of \$3,372,575	609,415	799,301	916,615	565,733
Loans	-	-	-	-
Intergovernmental	-	-	-	-
Leases	-	1,925,092	-	-
Inventories	-	335,350	48,664	-
Prepaid items	<u> </u>	21	4,769	30
Total Current Assets	1,784,070	3,078,339	3,057,456	807,001
Noncurrent Assets				
Capital assets at cost				
Land	-	37,791	134,839	42,350
Construction in progress	-	2,827,913	1,952,038	-
Buildings	-	16,736,711	11,321,724	6,789,962
Improvements other than buildings	76,638	5,195,069	13,403,380	17,170,409
Machinery and equipment	734,537	145,732	2,570,300	301,233
Office equipment	-	-	-	-
Vehicles	2,367,931	729,130	1,478,843	2,364,352
Infrastructure	-	12,401,727	16,126,019	-
Less accumulated depreciation	(2,202,858)	(15,541,368)	(23,437,909)	(6,464,178)
Total Noncurrent Assets	976,248	22,532,705	23,549,234	20,204,128
Total Assets	2,760,318	25,611,044	26,606,690	21,011,129
Deferred Outflows of Resources				
Deferred pension resources	214,054	220,211	267,451	207,440
Deferred other postemployment benefit resources	122,268	122,058	135,006	62,619
Total Deferred Outflows of Resources	336,322	342,269	402,457	270,059

Business-type Activities-Enterprise Funds				Go	vernmental		
61 Ambu		Other Business-type Activities			Total		Activities- Internal Service Funds
\$	_	\$	2,213,514	\$	5,697,610	\$	6,121,421
Ŷ		Ų	2,210,014	Ų	0,007,010	Ŷ	0,121,421
	-		5,091		42,871		18,073
3,38	37,120		252,361		6,530,545		26,133
	· -		-		-		8,811
	-		-		-		45,259
	-		-		1,925,092		-
	-		37,708		421,722		130,151
	-		27,443		32,263		385
3,38	37,120		2,536,117		14,650,103		6,350,233
	_		45,674		260,654		_
	-		45,674 477,328		5,257,279		-
	_		4//,320		34,848,397		7,825
	_		3,918,360		39,763,856		7,025
3/	17,226		37,269		4,136,297		61,379
<u> </u>	- ,220		-		-,100,277		509,929
82	21,015		481,741		8,243,012		416,722
0.			-		28,527,746		-
(59	92,302)		(2,808,437)		51,047,052)		(723,441)
	75,939		2,151,935		69,990,189		272,414
3,96	3,059		4,688,052		84,640,292		6,622,647
	<u></u>						
3.59	93,066		86,808		4,589,030		_
	01,396		10,080		653,427		_
	94,462		96,888		5,242,457		_
						_	

Statement of Net Position Proprietary Funds (Continued) December 31, 2023

	Business-type Activities-Enterprise Funds							
		600	_	04/654/		2/650/317		3/307/326/
		efuse llection		01/651/ 319/494		/322/323/		103/406 olid Waste
		ecycling		ater Utility		2/490/492 wer Utility		Campus
Liabilities	Δ Ν	ecycling		diei Otility	36	wer offility		Janipus
Current Liabilities								
Accounts payable	\$	23,047	\$	162,264	\$	510,341	Ś	189,887
Contracts payable	•	-	•	-	•	338	·	-
Due to other funds		-		1,068,706		-		-
Due to other governments		33,113		117,829		-		6,369
Accrued interest payable		-		-		2,875		96,578
Salaries payable		59,335		54,473		67,760		45,396
Unearned revenue		-		-		-		-
Compensated absences payable		67,054		92,503		95,224		42,075
Other postemployment benefits obligation		20,780		20,744		22,944		10,642
G.O. revenue bonds payable		_		-		340,000		455,000
Total Current Liabilities		203,329		1,516,519		1,039,482		845,947
Noncurrent Liabilities								
Compensated absences payable		81,238		77,431		95,980		73,898
G.O. revenue bonds payable		-		-		-		6,718,882
Net pension liability		833,427		857,398		1,041,328		807,676
Other postemployment benefits obligation		220,359		219,980		243,317		112,856
Total Noncurrent Liabilities	1	,135,024		1,154,809		1,380,625		7,713,312
Total Liabilities	1	,338,353		2,671,328		2,420,107		8,559,259
Deferred Inflows of Resources				1 000 651				
Deferred lease resources		-		1,888,651		-		-
Deferred pension resources		289,190		297,508		361,329		280,255
Deferred other postemployment benefit resources Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	-	77,575 366,765	-	77,442 2,263,601		85,657		39,730 319,985
Total Deferred filliows of Resources		300,703		2,203,001		446,986		319,900
Net Position								
Net investment in capital assets		976,248	2	2,532,705	2	3,208,896	1	3,030,246
Unrestricted		415,274		1,514,321)		933,158		(628,302)
Total Net Position	\$ 1	,391,522	\$ 2	1,018,384	\$ 2	4,142,054	\$ 1	2,401,944

Adjustment to reflect the consolidation of internal service fund activities related to enterprise funds.

Net Position of Business-type Activities

Business-ty	Governmental		
610 Ambulance	Other Business-type Activities	Total	Activities- Internal Service Funds
\$ 9,440	\$ 390,697 16,694	\$ 1,285,676 17,032	\$ 413,485
2,768,459	10,094	3,837,165	451,998
2,700,439	_	157,311	431,990
_	-	99,453	_
124,459	18,448	369,871	326,639
-	14,159	14,159	-
142,145	27,020	466,021	1,297,124
34,228	1,713	111,051	-
		795,000	
3,078,731	468,731	7,152,739	2,489,246
142 400	70.020	E41.076	700 6 47
143,400	70,029	541,976 6,718,882	709,647
5,424,921	337,986	9,302,736	-
362,967	18,166	1,177,645	_
5,931,288	426,181	17,741,239	709,647
0,501,200	120,101	17,711,203	7 0 3 7 0 1 7
9,010,019	894,912	24,893,978	3,198,893
_	-	1,888,651	-
_	117,278	1,345,560	_
127,779	6,395	414,578	-
127,779	123,673	3,648,789	_
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
575,939	2,135,241	62,459,275	272,414
(1,956,216)	1,631,114	(1,119,293)	3,151,340
(1,500,210)	1,001,114	(1,117,293)	3,131,340
\$ (1,380,277)	\$ 3,766,355	61,339,982	\$ 3,423,754

(918,964)

\$ 60,421,018

Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Net Position Proprietary Funds

For the Year Ended December 31, 2023

	Business-type Activities-Enterprise Funds			
	600 Refuse Collection & Recycling	601/651/ 319/494 Water Utility	602/650/317 320/322/323/ 402/490/492 Sewer Utility	603/307/326/ 403/406 Solid Waste Campus
Operating Revenues Charges for services Sales Cost of goods sold	\$ 3,427,846 - -	\$ 4,601,813 - -	\$ 6,916,571 - -	\$ 5,109,137 - -
Miscellaneous	96,128	28,246	129	100
Total Operating Revenues	3,523,974	4,630,059	6,916,700	5,109,237
Operating Expenses				
Personal services	764,613	766,325	975,777	787,113
Employee benefits	490,163	443,555	567,891	444,227
Supplies	286,819	370,587	1,192,965	460,764
Cost of merchandise sold	=	-	-	=
Professional services	290,796	220,696	1,055,487	2,194,557
Rent and leased equipment	257	20,122	8,606	2,912
Repairs and maintenance	148,663	228,343	528,784	155,191
Administration and fiscal charges	1,038,877	566,076	476,743	174,456
Insurance premiums	14,360	48,698	79,314	36,199
Insurance claims	=	=	=	-
Depreciation	265,550	698,015	1,100,411	1,038,104
Miscellaneous	2,288	69,214	9,073	54,399
Total Operating Expenses	3,302,386	3,431,631	5,995,051	5,347,922
Operating Income (Loss)	221,588	1,198,428	921,649	(238,685)
Nonoperating Revenues (Expenses) Intergovernmental				
Federal and state grants	-	-	-	108,267
Investment income	72,518	78,316	36	26,624
Rents and leases	=	112,189	-	=
Refunds	=	=	=	-
Miscellaneous	=	68,906	356,911	32,658
Gain on sale of capital assets	4,303	-	-	3,493
Interest and fiscal charges	=	(18,362)	(12,917)	(201,301)
Total Nonoperating			<u>-</u>	
Revenues (Expenses)	76,821	241,049	344,030	(30,259)
Income (Loss) Before Contributions and Transfers	298,409	1,439,477	1,265,679	(268,944)

Business-typ	Governmental		
610	Other Business-type		Activities- Internal Service
Ambulance	Activities	Total	Funds
\$ 3,607,720	\$ 2,110,429	\$ 25,773,516	\$ 15,880,262
-	118,315	118,315	-
-	(92,761)	(92,761)	-
-	18,380	142,983	2,434,521
3,607,720	2,154,363	25,942,053	18,314,783
1,726,434	393,989	5,414,251	4,440,858
884,205	145,461	2,975,502	9,170,131
155,284	214,055	2,680,474	586,550
· -	-	-	974,520
303,594	726,102	4,791,232	1,896,710
-	6,751	38,648	24,774
67,796	44,278	1,173,055	551,737
18,036	72,328	2,346,516	229,015
8,887	22,506	209,964	504,742
-	-	-	69,238
123,398	118,247	3,343,725	83,967
59,699	17,239	211,912	13,057
3,347,333	1,760,956	23,185,279	18,545,299
260,387	393,407	2,756,774	(230,516)
88,790	7,500	204,557	_
· -	111,256	288,750	213,994
-	· -	112,189	-
4,248	-	4,248	-
12,072	=	470,547	-
-	3,544	11,340	-
		(232,580)	
105,110	122,300	859,051	213,994
365,497	515,707	3,615,825	(16,522)

Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Net Position Proprietary Funds (Continued) For the Year Ended December 31, 2023

Business-type Activities-Enterprise Funds 600 602/650/317 603/307/326/ 601/651/ Refuse 320/322/323/ 403/406 Collection 319/488 402/490/492 Solid Waste & Recycling Water Utility Sewer Utility Campus Capital Grants and Contributions 43,386 28,033 Transfers In Transfers Out (666,125)(421,497)298,409 Change in Net Position 816,738 872,215 (268,944)Net Position, January 1 1,093,113 20,201,646 12,670,888 23,269,839 Net Position, December 31 \$<u>21,018,384</u> \$ 24,142,054 \$ 12,401,944

Changes in net position as shown above

Adjustment to reflect the consolidation of internal service fund activities related to enterprise funds.

Changes in net position of business-type activities

Business-typ	Governmental		
610 Ambulance	Other Business-type Activities	Total	Activities- Internal Service Funds
250,000 -	22,500 75,000 (167,000)	93,919 325,000 (1,254,622)	569,600 -
615,497	446,207	2,780,122	553,078
(1,995,774)	3,320,148	58,559,860	2,870,676
\$ (1,380,277)	\$ 3,766,355	\$ 61,339,982	\$ 3,423,754
		\$ 2,780,122	
		224,889	
		\$ 3,005,011	

Statement of Cash Flows

Proprietary Funds (Continued on the Following Pages) For the Year Ended December 31, 2023

	Business-type Activities-Enterprise Funds			
	600		602/650/317	603/307/326/
	Refuse	601/651/	320/322/323/	403/406
	Collection	319/494	402/490/492	Solid Waste
	& Recycling	Water Utility	Sewer Utility	Campus
Cash Flows From Operating Activities				
Receipts from customers and users	\$ 3,401,538	\$ 4,600,657	\$ 6,953,820	\$ 5,325,221
Receipts from interfund services provided	-	-	-	-
Payments to vendors and suppliers	(1,805,598)	(1,474,513)	(3,349,104)	(3,100,221)
Payments to and on behalf of employees	(1,207,206)	(1,255,347)	(1,455,394)	(1,127,196)
Other receipts	96,128	97,152	357,040	32,758
Net Cash Provided (Used) by Operating Activities	484,862	1,967,949	2,506,362	1,130,562
Cash Flows From Noncapital Financing Activities				
Grants received Loans made	-	-	-	108,267
(Increase) decrease in due from other funds	-	1,068,706	-	-
Lease receipts	-	124,982	-	-
Increase (decrease) in due to other funds	-	124,902	_	-
Transfers from other funds	-	_	_	-
Transfers to other funds	_	(666,125)	(421,497)	_
Net Cash Provided (Used) by Noncapital		(000,123)	(421,497)	
Financing Activities	_	527,563	(421,497)	108,267
Tillationing Activities	-	327,303	(421,437)	100,207
Cash Flows From Capital and Related Financing Activities				
Capital grants and contributions received	-	43,386	28,033	-
Proceeds from sale of capital assets	4,303	-	-	3,493
Principal paid on bonds and leases	· -	(1,020,000)	(332,000)	(445,000)
Interest and fiscal charges paid on bonds and leases	-	(28,754)	(15,725)	(239,013)
Payments for acquisition and construction of capital assets	-	(2,353,898)	(2,510,157)	(25,866)
Advances received from other funds	-	-	-	(320,535)
Net Cash Used by Capital				
and Related Financing Activities	4,303	(3,359,266)	(2,829,849)	(1,026,921)
Cash Flows From Investing Activities				
Interest receipts	56,224	72,125	36	26,429
Net Increase (Decrease) in Cash and Cash Equivalents	545,389	(791,629)	(744,948)	238,337
Cash and Cash Equivalents, January 1	612,962	791,629	2,832,356	
Cash and Cash Equivalents, December 31	\$ 1,158,351	\$ -	\$ 2,087,408	\$ 238,337

Business-typ	Governmental		
610 Ambulance	Other Business-type Activities	Total	Activities- Internal Service Funds
\$ 2,287,662	\$ 2,195,077	\$ 24,763,975	\$ -
- (6.41.000)	- (1 010 04E)	(11 504 704)	15,869,721
(641,923) (2,552,469)	(1,213,345) (519,846)	(11,584,704) (8,117,458)	(4,462,669) (14,235,554)
16,320	18,337	617,735	2,434,521
(890,410)	480,223	5,679,548	(393,981)
(030,410)	400,220	0,017,040	(0,00,001)
88,790	7,500	204,557	-
-	-	-	1,466
-	-	1,068,706	-
-	-	124,982	-
689,486	<u>-</u>	689,486	(4,705)
250,000	75,000	325,000	569,600
	(167,000)	(1,254,622)	
1,028,276	(84,500)	1,158,109	566,361
_	22,500	93,919	_
_	3,544	11,340	_
_	-	(1,797,000)	_
-	_	(283,492)	-
(137,866)	(205,813)	(5,233,600)	(102,534)
		(320,535)	
(137,866)	(179,769)	(7,529,368)	(102,534)
	109,543	264,357	206,732
-	325,497	(427,354)	276,578
	1,888,017	6,124,964	5,844,843
\$ -	\$ 2,213,514	\$ 5,697,610	\$ 6,121,421

Statement of Cash Flows Proprietary Funds (Continued) For the Year Ended December 31, 2023

Business-type Activities-Enterprise Funds

			onic	o type notivi					
	600 Refuse Collection & Recycling \			601/651/ 319/494		602/650/317 320/322/323/		603/307/326/ 403/406	
			Water Utility		402/490/492 Sewer Utility		Solid Waste Campus		
Reconciliation of Operating Income (Loss) to Net	_ α ι	Recycling		rater offility	36	ewer Offility		Carripus	
Cash Provided (Used) by Operating Activities									
Operating income (loss)	\$	221,588	Ś	1,198,428	\$	921,649	\$	(238,685)	
Adjustments to reconcile operating income (loss) to	¥	221,000	Ÿ	1,170,120	Ÿ	321,013	Ÿ	(200,000)	
net cash provided (used) by operating activities									
Other income related to operations		_		68,906		356,911		32,658	
Depreciation		265,550		698,015		1,100,411		1,038,104	
(Increase) decrease in assets		200,000		0,0,010		1,100,411		1,000,104	
Accounts receivable		(26,205)		(1,050)		37,378		216,184	
Due from other governments		(20,200)		(1,000)		-		210,104	
Inventories		_		(31,802)		(12,689)		_	
Prepaid items		_		(31,002)		(461)		_	
(Increase) decrease in deferred outflows of resources						(401)			
Deferred pension resources		132,214		154,349		171,037		113,579	
Deferred other postemployment benefit resources		(31,522)		(40,212)		(50,771)		(18,851)	
Increase (decrease) in liabilities		(31,322)		(40,212)		(50,771)		(10,001)	
Accounts payable		(24,768)		19,624		15,018		(24,113)	
Contracts payable		(24,700)		19,024		13,010		(24,113)	
Due to other funds		_		_		_			
Due to other governments		1,230		61,401		_		2,370	
Salaries payable		2,019		(5,147)		(61)		(7,704)	
Compensated absences payable		5,237		(55,360)		16,905		28,912	
Other postemployment benefits obligation		19,045		40,411		60,101		16,379	
Net pension liability		(355,168)		(428,315)		(463,824)		(294,250)	
Unearned revenue		(333,100)		(420,313)		(403,624)		(294,230)	
Increase (decrease) in deferred inflows of resources		-		-		-		-	
Deferred pension resources		266,575		273,048		332,694		259,291	
Deferred other postemployment benefit resources		9,067		15,653		22,064		6,688	
Defended other posternployment benefit resources		9,007		13,033		22,004		0,000	
Net Cash Provided (Used) by Operating Activities	\$	484,862	\$	1,967,949	\$	2,506,362	\$	1,130,562	
Schedule of Noncash Financing and Investing Activities									
Capital assets acquired on account	Ś	-	Ś	_	Ś	337,527	\$	_	
Amortization of bond (premium) discount	Š		\$		\$	-	\$	(32,149)	
Bad debt write off	\$		\$		\$		\$	(52,173)	
שמע עבטו אווופ טוו	ঽ		Ą		Ą		Ą		

	Business-type Activities-Enterprise Funds			Governmental					
Am	610 Ambulance		Other Business-type Activities		Total		Activities- Internal Service Funds		
\$	260,387	\$	393,407	\$	2,756,774	\$	(230,516)		
	16,320 123,398		- 118,247		474,795 3,343,725		- 83,967		
(1	1,320,058) - - -		(7,120) - (14,060) (3,808)		(1,100,871) - (58,551) (4,269)		25,319 (35,860) (34,846) 9		
	- (56,994)		56,410 6,493		627,589 (191,857)				
	(28,627)		(16,151) 16,694		(59,017) 16,694		(329,790)		
	22,873 29,745 43,782 -		(483) 29,590 (20,682) (153,622) (26,504)		65,001 11,497 55,029 159,036 (1,695,179) (26,504)		6,320 121,416 - -		
	- 18,764		107,928 (6,116)		1,239,536 66,120		<u>-</u>		
\$	(890,410)	\$	480,223	\$	5,679,548	\$	(393,981)		
\$ \$ \$ 10	- - 0,872,586	\$ \$ \$	317,189 - -	\$ \$	654,716 (32,149) 10,872,586	\$ \$ \$	<u>-</u> - -		

City of Red Wing, Minnesota Statement of Fiduciary Net Position Fiduciary Funds December 31, 2023

	Custodial Funds
Assets	4
Cash and investments	\$ 1,520,560
Assets held in endowment	3,723,466
Receivables	
Interest	1,188
Accounts	48,311
Due from primary government	99,943
Prepaid items	63,694
Total Assets	5,457,162
Liabilities	
Accounts payable	92,002
Due to other governments	1,632
Salaries payable	32,636
Compensated absences payable	8,857
Unearned revenue	131,939
Total Current Liabilities	267,066
Noncurrent Liabilities	
Compensated absences payable	56,171
compensated absolutes payable	
Total Liabilities	323,237
Net Position	
Restricted	
Individuals, organizations, endowments and other governments	\$ 5,133,925

City of Red Wing, Minnesota Statement of Changes in Fiduciary Net Position Fiduciary Funds

For the Year Ended Decemb	er 31, 2023
---------------------------	-------------

	Custodial
	Funds
Additions	
Intergovernmental	\$ 1,025,017
Investment income	294,222
Charges for services	662,176
Miscellaneous	505,494
Total Additions	2,486,909
Deductions	
Culture and recreation	
Personal services	691,358
Supplies	75,616
Other services and charges	797,379
Capital outlay	898,445
Miscellaneous	
Other services and charges	89,882
Total Deductions	2,552,680
Net Increase (Decrease) in Fiduciary Net Position	(65,771)
Net Position, January 1	5,199,696
Net Position, December 31	\$ 5,133,925

City of Red Wing, Minnesota Notes to the Financial Statements December 31, 2023

INI	DEX		<u>Page</u>
_	•	Color of Col	
1.		mmary of Significant Accounting Policies	70
		Reporting Entity	73
		Government-wide and Fund Financial Statements	73
		Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting and Financial Statement Presentation	. 74
	D.	Assets, Deferred Outflows of Resources, Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources and Fund Balance	es/
		Net Position	
		Deposits and Investments	75
		2. Investment Policy	77
		3. Property Taxes	78
		4. Accounts Receivable	78
		5. Loans to Other Funds, Loans Receivable and Loans to Other Governments	78
		6. Special Assessments	78
		7. Interfund Receivables and Payables	79
		8. Lease Receivable	79
		9. Inventories and Prepaid Items	79
		10. Land Held for Resale	79
		11. Capital Assets	79
		12. Deferred Outflows of Resources	80
		13. Compensated Absences	81
		14. Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pensions	81
		15. Pensions	81
		16. Long-term Obligations	82
		17. Deferred Inflows of Resources	82
		18. Fund Balance	83
		19. Net Position	83
2.	C+c		03
۷.		ewardship, Compliance and Accountability	0.4
		Budgetary Information	84
		Deficit Fund Equity	84
_		Excess of Expenditures over Appropriations	85
3.		tailed Notes on All Funds	
		Deposits and Investments	86
		Assets Held in Endowment	88
		Loans Receivable	89
	D.	Capital Assets	90
	E.	Interfund Receivables, Payables and Transfers	93
	F.	Lease Receivable	95
	G.	Long-term Debt	96
	Н.	Components of Fund Balance	101
4.	Def	fined Benefit Pension Plan - Statewide	
	A.	Plan Description	102
	B.	Benefits Provided	102
	C.	Contributions	103
	D.	Pension Costs	103
	E.	Long-term Expected Return on Investment	106
	F.	Actuarial Assumptions	106
	G.	Discount Rate	107
	Н.	Pension Liability Sensitivity	108
	1.	Pension Plan Fiduciary Net Position	108
5.	De	fined Contribution Plan	109

City of Red Wing, Minnesota Notes to the Financial Statements December 31, 2023

IND	ΕX		Page
6.	De	fined Benefit Pension Plan - Fire Relief Association	
	A.	Plan Description	109
	B.	Benefits Provided	110
	C.	Contributions	110
	D.	Pension Costs	110
	E.	Actuarial Assumptions	111
	F.	Discount Rate	112
	G.	Pension Liability Sensitivity	112
	Н.	Pension Plan Fiduciary Net Position	112
7.	Po	stemployment Benefits Other Than Pensions	
	A.	Plan Description	113
	В.	Funding Policy	113
	C.	Actuarial Methods and Assumptions	113
	D.	Changes in the Total OPEB Liability	114
	E.	Sensitivity of the Total OPEB Liability	114
	F.	OPEB Expense and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to 0)PEB115
8.	Oth	her Information	
	A.	Risk Management	116
	В.	Contingent Liabilities	117
	C.	Legal Debt Margin	117
	D.	Principal Taxpayer	117
	E.	Tax Increment Districts	117
9.	Ta	x Abatements	118
10.	Ch	ange in Accounting Principles	118

THIS PAGE IS LEFT BLANK INTENTIONALLY

Note 1: Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

The financial statements of the City of Red Wing, Minnesota (the City) have been prepared in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP) as applied to governmental units. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is the accepted standard setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles. The City's significant accounting policies are described below.

A. Reporting Entity

The City was incorporated on March 4, 1857. The City operates under a weak Mayor form of government. The voters of the City at Large elect the Mayor for four years on a part-time basis. The City is divided into four wards. Voters of each ward elect one member of the City Council for four years on a part-time basis. Two additional members are elected to serve as members who represent two of the four wards. The voters of the City at Large elect an additional member of the City Council. The Mayor has veto power, which the City Council may supersede with a vote of five members. The City has considered all potential units for which it is financially accountable, and other organizations for which the nature and significance of their relationship with the City are such that exclusion would cause the City's financial statements to be misleading or incomplete. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) has set forth criteria to be considered in determining financial accountability. These criteria include appointing a voting majority of an organization's governing body, and (1) the ability of the primary government to impose its will on that organization or (2) the potential for the organization to provide specific benefits to, or impose specific financial burdens on the primary government. Each discretely presented component unit is reported in a separate column in the government-wide (see note below for description) financial statements to emphasize it is legally separate from the City. The discretely presented component unit has a December 31 year end.

Discretely Presented Component Unit. The Port Authority of the City of Red Wing (the Authority) was created pursuant to Minnesota statutes 469.090 through 469.108. The Authority is governed by seven commissioners, recommended by the Mayor, and appointed by the City Council. The Port Authority is a legally separate entity with separate corporate powers whose sole purpose is to encourage and precipitate future development within the City so as to increase the tax base, promote employment, and enhance the health, safety, and welfare of the City residents. The Port Authority is presented as a discretely presented component unit since the City can impose its will on the entity, the Board makeup of the entity is not substantially the same as the City Commission and no financial benefit exists between the two entities. The Port Authority does not issue separate financial statements.

Related Organizations. Red Wing Housing and Redevelopment Authority (the HRA). The City Council is also responsible for appointing the members of the HRA, but the City's accountability for the HRA does not extend beyond making the appointments. Audited financial statements are available upon request from the HRA offices located at 428 West 5th Street, Red Wing, MN, 55066.

Red Wing Fire Relief Association (the Association). The Association was organized as a non-profit organization by its members to provide pension and other benefits to its members in accordance with Minnesota statutes. In 1987, the State Legislature created the Police and Fire Consolidation Fund (PFCF) to authorize on a voluntary basis, any local police or salaried fire fighters relief association and their respective municipality to effect the consolidation of the local relief association with The Public Employees Retirement Association (PERA). PERA is considered part of the State of Minnesota's financial reporting entity. The Association consolidated with PERA effective December 31, 1989. The local relief association retained funds associated with the City's volunteer fire fighters. Management of the Association is by a group of trustees elected by the membership.

B. Government-wide and Fund Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements (i.e., the statement of net position and the statement of activities) report information on all of the nonfiduciary activities of the primary government and its component units. *Governmental activities*, which normally are supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues, are reported separately from *business-type activities*, which rely to a significant extent on fees and charges for support. Likewise, the *primary government* is reported separately from certain legally separate *component units* for which the primary government is financially accountable.

Note 1: Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

The statement of activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct expenses of a given function or segments are offset by program revenues. *Direct expenses* are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific function or segment. Amounts reported as *program revenues* include 1) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use, or directly benefit from goods, services, or privileges provided by a given function or segment and 2) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function or segment. Taxes and other items not properly included among program revenues are reported instead as *general revenues*.

Separate financial statements are provided for governmental funds, proprietary funds and fiduciary funds, even though the latter are excluded from the government-wide financial statements. Major individual governmental funds and major individual enterprise funds are reported as separate columns in the fund financial statements.

C. Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting and Financial Statement Presentation

The government-wide and fiduciary fund financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting, as are the proprietary fund financial statements. Revenues are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Property taxes are recognized as revenues in the year for which they are levied. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been met.

Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the *current financial resources measurement focus* and the *modified accrual basis of accounting.* Revenues are recognized as soon as they are both measurable and available. Revenues are considered to be *available* when they are collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, the City considers revenues to be available if they are collected within 60 days of the end of the current fiscal period. Expenditures generally are recorded when a liability is incurred, as under accrual accounting. However, debt service expenditures, as well as expenditures related to compensated absences and claims and judgments, are recorded only when payment is due.

Property taxes, franchise taxes, licenses, and interest associated with the current fiscal period are all considered to be susceptible to accrual and so have been recognized as revenues of the current fiscal period. Only the portion of special assessments receivable due within the current fiscal period is considered to be susceptible to accrual as revenue of the current period. All other revenue items are considered to be measurable and available only when cash is received by the City.

Revenue resulting from exchange transactions, in which each party gives and receives essentially equal value, is recorded on the accrual basis when the exchange takes place. On a modified accrual basis, revenue is recorded in the year in which the resources are measurable and become available.

Non-exchange transactions, in which the City receives value without directly giving equal value in return, include property taxes, grants, entitlements and donations. On an accrual basis, revenue from property taxes is recognized in the year for which the tax is levied. Revenue from grants, entitlements and donations is recognized in the year in which all eligibility requirements have been satisfied. Eligibility requirements include timing requirements, which specify the year when the resources are required to be used or the year when use is first permitted, matching requirements, in which the City must provide local resources to be used for a specified purpose, and expenditure requirements, in which the resources are provided to the City on a reimbursement basis. On a modified accrual basis, revenue from non-exchange transactions must also be available before it can be recognized.

Unearned revenue arises when assets are recognized before revenue recognition criteria have been satisfied. Grants and entitlements received before eligibility requirements are met are also recorded as unearned revenue.

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect certain reported amounts and disclosures. Accordingly, actual results could differ from those estimates.

Note 1: Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

The City reports the following major governmental funds:

The General fund is the City's primary operating fund. It accounts for all financial resources of the general government, except those required to be accounted for in another fund.

The PERA Perpetual fund accounts for the proceeds of the PERA refund from the State, ninety percent of the interest upon which is to be used to fund various police and fire activities.

The *Debt Service fund* accounts for the resources accumulated and payments made for principal and interest on long-term general obligation debt of governmental funds.

The Capital Improvement Assessment fund accounts for levied assessments and municipal State aid for improvements made to specific projects.

The City reports the following major proprietary funds:

The Refuse Collection & Recycling fund is used to account for all fees collected from refuse/recycling portion of the customer's utility bill for all expenses of operating this system.

The Water Utility fund is used to account for all fees collected from customers connected to the City water system and for all expenses of operating the system.

The Sewer Utility fund is used to account for all fees collected from the customers connected to the City sewer system and for all expenses of operating the system.

The Solid Waste Campus fund is used to account for all fees collected from customers using the facilities for disposal of refuse and for all expenses of operating the system.

The Ambulance fund is used to account for all fees collected from customers using the City's ambulance service and for all expenses related to operating the ambulance activities.

Additionally, the City reports the following fund types:

Internal service funds account for the financing of goods and services provided by one department of the City, to other departments on a cost reimbursement basis. Internal service fund activities include administrative services, central services, insurance (risk management), information technology, postemployment benefits and engineering.

Fiduciary funds

Custodial funds are used to report fiduciary activities that are not required to be reported in pension (and other employee benefit) trust funds, investment trust funds, or private-purpose trust funds. The City's Custodial fund accounts for activities of Cannon Valley Bike, Sheldon Auditorium, Red Wing 2020, Coalition of Utility Cities and Local Government Utility.

Enterprise funds are used to account for those operations that are financed and operated in a manner similar to private business or where the City Council has decided that the determination of revenues earned, costs incurred and/or net income is necessary for management accountability.

As a general rule the effect of interfund activity has been eliminated from government-wide financial statements. Exceptions to this general rule are payments-in-lieu of taxes and other charges between the City's enterprise functions and various other functions of the City. Elimination of these charges would distort the direct costs and program revenues reported for the various functions concerned.

Note 1: Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

Proprietary funds distinguish *operating* revenues and expenses from *nonoperating* items. Operating revenues and expenses generally result from providing services and producing and delivering goods in connection with a proprietary fund's principal ongoing operations. The principal operating revenues of the City's enterprise funds and of the City's internal service funds are charges to customers for sales and services. The City also recognizes as operating revenue the portion of tap fees intended to recover the cost of connecting new customers to the system. Operating expenses for enterprise funds and internal service funds include the cost of sales and services, administrative expenses, and depreciation on capital assets. All revenues and expenses not meeting this definition are reported as nonoperating revenues and expenses.

D. Assets, Deferred Outflows of Resources, Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources and Net Position/Fund Balance

Deposits and Investments

The City's cash and cash equivalents are considered to be cash on hand, demand deposits and short-term investments with original maturities of three months or less from the date of acquisition. The proprietary funds' portion in the government-wide cash and temporary investments pool is considered to be cash and cash equivalents for purposes of the statement of cash flows.

Cash balances from all funds are pooled and invested, to the extent available, in certificates of deposit and other authorized investments. Earnings on investments are allocated to the individual funds based upon the average of month-end cash and investment balances.

The City may invest idle funds as authorized by Minnesota statutes, as follows:

- 1. Direct obligations or obligations guaranteed by the United States or its agencies.
- 2. Shares of investment companies registered under the Federal Investment Company Act of 1940 and received the highest credit rating, rated in one of the two highest rating categories by a statistical rating agency, and have a final maturity of thirteen months or less.
- 3. General obligations of a state or local government with taxing powers rated "A" or better; revenue obligations rated "AA" or better.
- 4. General obligations of the Minnesota Housing Finance Agency rated "A" or better.
- 5. Obligation of a school district with an original maturity not exceeding 13 months and (i) rated in the highest category by a national bond rating service or (ii) enrolled in the credit enhancement program pursuant to statute section 126C.55.
- 6. Bankers' acceptances of United States banks eligible for purchase by the Federal Reserve System.
- 7. Commercial paper issued by United States banks corporations or their Canadian subsidiaries, of highest quality category by at least two nationally recognized rating agencies, and maturing in 270 days or less.
- 8. Repurchase or reverse repurchase agreements and securities lending agreements with financial institutions qualified as a "depository" by the government entity, with banks that are members of the Federal Reserve System with capitalization exceeding \$10,000,000, a primary reporting dealer in U.S. government securities to the Federal Reserve Bank of New York, or certain Minnesota securities broker-dealers.
- Guaranteed investment contracts (GIC's) issued or guaranteed by a United States commercial bank, a domestic
 branch of a foreign bank, a United States insurance company, or its Canadian subsidiary, whose similar debt
 obligations were rated in one of the top two rating categories by a nationally recognized rating agency.

Note 1: Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

The broker money market funds operate in accordance with appropriate state laws and regulations. The reported value of these funds is the same as the fair value of the shares.

The City categorizes its fair value measurements within the fair value hierarchy established by generally accepted accounting principles. The hierarchy is based on the valuation inputs used to measure the fair value of the asset. Level 1 inputs are quoted prices in active markets for identical assets; Level 2 inputs are significant other observable inputs; Level 3 inputs are significant unobservable inputs. The City's recurring fair value measurements are listed in detail on page 86 and are valued using quoted market prices (Level 1 inputs).

The City has the following recurring fair value measurements as of December 31, 2023:

- U.S. government agency securities of \$58,721,102 are valued using quoted market prices (Level 1 inputs)
- Negotiable certificates of deposit of \$1,966,803 are valued using a matrix pricing model (Level 2 inputs)

The Minnesota Municipal Money Market Fund is regulated by Minnesota statutes and the Board of Directors of the League of Minnesota Cities and is an external investment pool not registered with the Securities Exchange Commission (SEC) that follows the regulatory rules of the SEC. In accordance with GASB Statement No. 79, the City's investment in this pool is valued at amortized cost, which approximates fair value. There are no restrictions or limitations on withdrawals from the 4M Liquid Asset Fund. Investments in the 4M Plus must be deposited for a minimum of 14 calendar days. Withdrawals prior to the 14-day restriction period will be subject to a penalty equal to seven days interest on the amount withdrawn. Seven days' notice of redemption is required for withdrawals of investments in the 4M Term Series withdrawn prior to the maturity date of that series. A penalty could be assessed as necessary to recoup the Series for any charges, losses, and other costs attributable to the early redemption. Financial statements of the 4M Fund can be obtained by contracting RBC Global Management at 100 South Fifth Street, Suite 2300, Minneapolis, MN 55402-1240.

Investment Policy

The investments of the City shall be diversified by:

- Limiting investments to avoid over-concentration in securities from a specific issuer of business sector (excluding U.S. Treasury securities),
- Limiting investment in securities that have higher credit risks,
- Investing in securities with varying maturities, and
- Continuously investing a portion of the portfolio in readily available funds such as local government investment
 pools (LGIPs), money market funds or overnight repurchase agreements to ensure that appropriate liquidity is
 maintained in order to meet ongoing obligations.

To the extent possible, the City shall attempt to match its investments with anticipated cash flow requirements. Unless matched to a specific cash flow objective, the City will not directly invest in securities maturing more than ten (10) years from the date of purchase. The investment officer shall consider weighted average maturity limitations consistent with the investment objective being satisfied.

Reserve funds and other funds with longer-term investment horizons may be invested in securities exceeding ten (10) years if the maturity of such investments is made to coincide as nearly as practicable with the expected use of funds.

Note 1: Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

Property Taxes

City Council adopts a proposed budget and certifies its proposed property tax levy for the following year in September. Public hearings are held and the final property tax levy is adopted. The City certifies the final adopted property taxes to the Goodhue County Auditor in December. The majority of the City's property tax revenue is paid by Xcel Energy, which operates the Prairie Island Nuclear Generating Plant. In Minnesota, the Counties act as the collection agents for all property taxes.

The County spreads all levies over taxable property. Such taxes become a lien on January 1 and are recorded as receivables by the City at that date. Revenues are accrued and recognized in the year collectible, net of delinquencies.

Taxpayers in two equal installments, on May 15 and October 15, may pay real property taxes. Personal property taxes may be paid on February 28 and June 30. The County provides tax settlements to cities and other local governmental units three times annually, in January, July and December.

Delinquent taxes receivable include the past six years' uncollected taxes. Delinquent taxes have been offset by deferred inflows of resources for delinquent taxes not received within 60 days after year-end in the governmental fund financial statements.

Accounts Receivable

Accounts receivable include amounts billed for services provided before year end. Unbilled utility enterprise fund receivables are also included for services provided in 2023. All trade receivables are shown net of an allowance for uncollectible accounts. The allowance for uncollectible accounts in the General fund was \$10,000 and enterprise funds were \$3,372,575 as of December 31, 2023.

Loans to Other Funds, Loans Receivable and Loans to Other Governments

Noncurrent portions of long-term interfund loan receivables, loans receivable and loans to other governments are equally offset by a fund balance nonspendable account in applicable governmental funds to indicate that they do not constitute available spendable resources.

Special Assessments

Special assessments are levied against benefitting properties of the cost of a portion of special assessment improvement projects in accordance with state statutes. These assessments are collectible by the City over a term of years as approved by City Council resolution. Collection of annual installments (including interest) is handled by the County Auditor same manner as property taxes. Property owners are allowed to prepay future installments without interest or prepayment penalties.

Once a special assessment roll is adopted by the City Council, the amount attributed to each parcel is a lien upon that property until full payment is made or the amount is determined to be excessive by the City Council or court action. If special assessments are allowed to go delinquent, the property is subject to tax forfeit sale and the first proceeds of the sale (after costs, penalties, and expenses of sale) are remitted to the City in payment of delinquent special assessments. Generally, the City will collect the full amount of its special assessments not adjusted by the City Council or court action. Pursuant to state statutes, a property shall be subject to a tax forfeit sale after three years unless it is homestead, agriculture, or seasonal recreation land, in which event the property is subject to sale after five years.

Special assessments receivable consist of unapportioned, delinquent, and noncurrent special assessments. Special assessments are recognized as revenue when they are received in cash or within 60 days after year-end. All governmental special assessments receivable are offset by a deferred inflow of resources in the fund financial statements.

Note 1: Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

Interfund Receivables and Payables

Activity between funds that are representative of lending/borrowing arrangements outstanding at the end of the fiscal year are referred to as either "due to/from other funds" (i.e., the current portion of interfund loans) or "advances to/from other funds" (i.e., the non-current portion of interfund loans). All other outstanding balances between funds are reported as "due to/from other funds." Any residual balances outstanding between the governmental activities and business-type activities are reported in the government-wide financial statements as "internal balances."

Advances between funds, as reported in the fund financial statements, are offset by a fund balance nonspendable account in applicable governmental funds to indicate that they are not available for appropriation and are not expendable available financial resources.

Leases Receivable

The City's leases receivable are measured at the present value of lease payments expected to be received during the lease term.

A deferred inflow of resources is recorded for the lease. The deferred inflow of resources is recorded at the initiation of the lease in an amount equal to the initial recording of the lease receivable. The deferred inflow of resources is amortized on a straight-line basis over the term of the lease.

Inventories and Prepaid Items

Inventories held for resale are reported at the lower of cost or market on the first-in, first-out (FIFO) method and inventories of supplies which are reported at cost.

Inventories of governmental funds are recorded as expenditures when consumed rather than when purchased.

Certain payments to vendors (such as service and maintenance agreements) reflect costs applicable to future accounting periods and are recorded as prepaid items in both governmental-wide and fund financial statements. The cost of prepaid items is recorded as expenditures/expenses when consumed rather than when purchased.

Land Held for Resale

The Red Wing Port Authority, a discretely presented component unit, acquires land for subsequent resale for development purposes. Land held for resale is reported as an asset at the estimated historical cost in the governmental fund that acquired it.

Capital Assets

Capital assets, which include property, plant, equipment, and infrastructure assets (e.g., roads, bridges, sidewalks, water pipes, sewer pipes, and similar items and networks), are reported in the applicable governmental or business-type activities columns in the government-wide financial statements. Capital assets are defined by the City as assets with an estimated useful life in excess of one year. The City reports infrastructure assets on a network and subsystem basis. Accordingly, the amounts spent for the construction or acquisition of infrastructure assets are capitalized and reported in the government-wide financial statements.

Note 1: Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

In the case of initial capitalization of general infrastructure assets (i.e., those reported by governmental activities) the City chose to include items dating back to June 30, 1980. The City was able to estimate the historical cost for the initial reporting of these assets through backtrending (i.e., estimating the current replacement cost of the infrastructure to be capitalized and using an appropriate price-level index to deflate the cost to the acquisition year or estimated acquisition year). As the City constructs or acquires capital assets each period, including infrastructure assets, they are capitalized and reported at historical cost. The reported value excludes normal maintenance and repairs which are essentially amounts spent in relation to capital assets that do not increase the capacity or efficiency of the item or extend its useful life beyond the original estimate. In the case of donations the City values these capital assets at the acquisition value of the item at the date of its donation. For financial statement purposes only, a capitalization threshold is established for each capital asset category as follows:

Land	\$ 1
Land Improvements	25,000
Buildings and Building Improvements	50,000
Machinery, Equipment and Vehicles	5,000
Infrastructure	100,000
Other Assets	5,000

Property, plant and equipment of the City, as well as the component units, are depreciated using the straight-line method over the following useful lives:

10 - 25 5 - 50 5 - 20 10 - 100

Deferred Outflows of Resources

In addition to assets, the statement of net position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred outflows of resources, represent a consumption of net assets that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/expenditure) until then. The City has two items which qualify for reporting in this category. Accordingly, the items, deferred pension resources and deferred other postemployment benefit resources, are reported only in the statement of net position. These items result from actuarial calculations and current year pension contributions and OPEB contributions made subsequent to the measurement dates.

Note 1: Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

Compensated Absences

The compensated absences liability includes earned, but unpaid, vacation and compensatory time, and vested sick leave.

Unionized employees earn vacation based on years of service and their bargaining unit. Union personnel vacation accruals may be accumulated, to a maximum, as follows:

Fire Captains Fire Fighters	560 hours 560 hours
Police Supervisors	400 hours
Police Officers	400 hours
Utility Employees	400 hours
Public Works	400 hours
Clerical and Technical	400 hours
Police Clerical	400 hours

Non-union employees earn vacation based on their years of service to a maximum accrual of 400 hours.

Sick leave is earned up to a 1,000 hour cap, at the rate of 10 hours per month to a maximum of 15 days per year. After an accumulation of 1,000 hours, sick leave is earned at the rate of 2 hours per month to a maximum of 3 days per year. Sick leave may be accumulated indefinitely. Terminated employees receive severance pay based upon unused sick leave. The financial statements reflect accumulated sick leave that may be compensated.

The compensated absences for proprietary funds are reported as liabilities of the fund that is responsible for the obligation. Compensated absences for governmental funds are reported in the Postemployment Benefits internal service fund. Compensated absences reported in this fund are fully funded by the applicable General or special revenue funds.

Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pensions

Under Minnesota statute 471.61, subdivision 2b., public employers must allow retirees and their dependents to continue coverage indefinitely in an employer-sponsored health care plan, under the following conditions: 1) Retirees must be receiving (or eligible to receive) an annuity from a Minnesota public pension plan, 2) Coverage must continue in group plan until age 65, and retirees must pay no more than the group premium, and 3) Retirees may obtain dependent coverage immediately before retirement. All premiums are funded on a pay-as-you-go basis. The liability was actuarially determined, in accordance with GASB Statement 75, at January 1, 2021. The General fund is typically used to liquidate governmental other postemployment benefits payable.

Pensions

For purposes of measuring the net pension liability, deferred outflows/inflows of resources, and pension expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the Public Employees Retirement Association (PERA) and additions to/deductions from PERA's fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by PERA except that PERA's fiscal year end is June 30. For this purpose, plan contributions are recognized as of employer payroll paid dates and benefit payments and refunds are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

For purposes of measuring the net pension liability (asset), deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions, and pension expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the defined benefit plan administered by Red Wing Fire Department Relief Association and additions to and deductions from the plan's fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by the plan. Investments are reported at fair value. The General fund is typically used to liquidate the governmental net pension liability.

Note 1: Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

The total pension expense for the General Employee Plan (GERP), Police and Fire Plan (PEPFP), DCP and Red Wing Fire Department Relief Association is as follows:

	Public Employees Retirement Association of Minnesota (PERA)							ire Relief		Total All
		GERP	PEPFP DCP			Association		Plans		
City's proportionate share Proportionate share of State's contribution	\$	903,125 845	\$	1,913,647 (17,068)	\$	1,318 -	\$	257,540 -	\$	3,075,630 (16,223)
Total pension expense	\$	903,970	\$	1,896,579	\$	1,318	\$	257,540	\$	3,059,407

Long-term Obligations

In the government-wide financial statements, and proprietary fund types in the fund financial statements, long-term debt and other long-term obligations are reported as liabilities in the applicable governmental activities, business-type activities, or proprietary fund type statement of net position. Bond premiums and discounts are amortized over the life of the bonds using the straight-line method. Bonds payable are reported net of the applicable bond premium or discount. Bond issuance costs are reported as an expense in the period incurred.

In the fund financial statements, governmental fund types recognize bond premiums and discounts, as well as bond issuance costs, during the current period. The face amount of debt issued is reported as other financing sources. Premiums received on debt issuances are reported as other financing sources while discounts on debt issuances are reported as other financing uses. Issuance costs, whether or not withheld from the actual debt proceeds received, are reported as debt service expenditures.

Deferred Inflows of Resources

In addition to liabilities, the statements of net position and fund financial statements will sometimes report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred inflows of resources, represents an acquisition of net assets that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time. The government has two types of items, which arises only under a modified accrual basis of accounting that qualifies as needing to be reported in this category. The first item, unavailable revenue, is reported only in the governmental funds balance sheet. The governmental funds report unavailable revenues from three sources: property taxes, special assessments and intergovernmental. The second item, advance from other governments, is also only reported in the governmental funds balance sheet. These amounts are deferred and recognized as an inflow of resources in the period that the amounts become available.

Furthermore, the City has additional items which qualify for reporting in this category on the statement of net position. The items, deferred pension resources and deferred other postemployment benefit resources, are reported only in the statement of net position and results from actuarial calculations involving net differences between projected and actual earnings on plan investments and changes in proportions. There is also one item, deferred lease resources, that is reported on both the statement of net position and governmental fund balance sheet.

Note 1: Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

Fund Balance

In the fund financial statements, fund balance is divided into five classifications based primarily on the extent to which the City is bound to observe constraints imposed upon the use of resources reported in the governmental funds. These classifications are defined as follows:

Nonspendable - Amounts that cannot be spent because they are not in spendable form, or they are legally or contractually required to be maintained intact.

Restricted - Amounts related to externally imposed constraints established by creditors, grantors or contributors; or constraints imposed by state statutory provisions.

Committed - Amounts constrained for specific purposes that are internally imposed by formal action (resolution) of the City Council which is the City's highest level of decision-making authority. Committed amounts cannot be used for any other purpose unless the City Council modifies or rescinds the commitment by resolution.

Assigned - Amounts constrained for specific purposes that are internally imposed. In governmental funds other than the General fund, assigned fund balance represents all remaining amounts that are not classified as nonspendable and are neither restricted nor committed. In the General fund, assigned amounts represent intended uses established by the City Council itself or by an official to which the governing body delegates the authority. The City Council has adopted a fund balance policy which delegates the authority to assign amounts for specific purposes to the City Council Administrator or Finance Director.

Unassigned - The residual classification for the General fund and also negative residual amounts in other funds.

The City considers restricted amounts to be spent first when both restricted and unrestricted fund balance is available. Additionally, the City would first use committed, then assigned, and lastly unassigned amounts of unrestricted fund balance when expenditures are made.

The City has formally adopted a fund balance policy for the General fund. The City's policy is to maintain a minimum unassigned fund balance of 60 percent of budgeted operating expenditures for cash-flow timing needs.

Net Position

Net position represents the difference between assets and deferred outflows of resources and liabilities and deferred inflows of resources. Net position is displayed in three components:

- a. Net investment of capital assets Consists of capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation reduced by any outstanding debt attributable to acquire capital assets.
- b. Restricted net position Consists of net position restricted when there are limitations imposed on their use through external restrictions imposed by creditors, grantors, laws or regulations of other governments.
- c. Unrestricted net position All other net position balances that do not meet the definition of "restricted" or "net investment of capital assets".

When both restricted and unrestricted resources are available for use, it is the City's policy to use restricted resources first, then unrestricted resources as they are needed.

Note 2: Stewardship, Compliance and Accountability

A. Budgetary Information

The City employs the following procedures in establishing the budgetary data reflected in the financial statements:

- 1. The City Administrator submits to the City Council a proposed operating budget for the year commencing the following January. The operating budget includes proposed expenditures and means of financing them.
- 2. The budget is legally enacted through the passage of a City Council Resolution.
- 3. The City Council may authorize the transfer of budgeted amounts between departments within any fund.
- 4. Formal budgetary integration is employed as a management control device during the year for the General fund and certain special revenue funds. Formal budgetary integration is not employed for the debt service funds because effective budgetary control is alternatively achieved through general obligation bond indenture provisions. Budgetary control for capital projects funds is accomplished through the use of project controls.
- 5. Budgetary control is maintained at the object of expenditure category level within each activity, and in compliance with City Charter requirements. Also, inherent in this controlling function is the management philosophy that the existence of a particular item or appropriation in the approved budget does not automatically infer that it will be expended. The budget process has flexibility in that, where need has been properly demonstrated, an adjustment can be made within the department budget by the City Council. Therefore, there is a constant review process and expenditures are not approved until it has been determined that (1) adequate funds were appropriated, (2) the expenditure is still necessitated, and (3) funds are available.

The City Council adopts the annual budget. During the budget year, supplemental appropriations are authorized by the City Council. These amounts, shown in the financial statements as "Original Budget", represent the originally adopted budget and that labeled "Final Budget" includes all amendments made during the year by the City Council. Budget amendments were made to various funds resulting in increases in expenditures to the General fund of \$1,540,842, the Airport special revenue fund of \$73,768, and the Library special revenue fund of \$211,400.

The City does not use encumbrance accounting.

All appropriations, which are not expended, encumbered, or restricted, lapse at year-end.

The City adopts an annual appropriated budget for all of its funds per the City Charter. The General fund, PERA Perpetual fund, Airport fund, Library fund, DEED Loan fund, Sister Cities fund, Inspection fund, and Library Memorial fund are presented in the annual report.

Note 2: Stewardship, Compliance and Accountability (Continued)

B. Excess of Expenditures over Appropriations

The following budgeted special revenue fund had expenditures in excess of budget for the year ended December 31, 2023:

				Ex	cess of
				Exp	enditures
					Over
Fund	!	Budget	Actual	Appr	opriations
Special Revenue			 		
Sister Cities	\$	16,000	\$ 27,947	\$	11,947

The excess expenditures were funded by revenues in excess of expectations and available fund balance.

C. Deficit Fund Equity

The following funds had fund equity deficits at December 31, 2023:

Fund	Fund	
Governmental Funds		
Nonmajor		
Special revenue		
Tax Increment Downtown District	\$	14,920
Inspection		163,610
Capital Projects		
Briarwood and Hi Park Avenue		11,000
Parkland Acquisition		5,050
2021 Street Reconstruction Project		15,339
Sturgeon Lake Road Overpass		184,021
Old West Main Reconstruction		260,922
Proprietary Funds		
Major		
Ambulance		1,380,277

It is anticipated that the Tax Increment Downtown District fund deficit will be eliminated with future tax increment revenues.

It is anticipated that the Inspection fund deficit will be eliminated with future inspection revenues.

It is anticipated the capital projects fund deficits will be eliminated through transfers from other funds, future contributions, future bonds, and future intergovernmental grants.

It is anticipated the Ambulance fund deficit, which is due to pension and OPEB liabilities, will be eliminated by future charges.

Note 3: Detailed Notes on All Funds

A. Deposits and Investments

Deposits

Custodial credit risk for deposits and investments is the risk that in the event of a bank failure, the City's deposits and investments may not be returned or the City will not be able to recover collateral securities in the possession of an outside party. In accordance with Minnesota statutes and as authorized by the City Council, the City maintains deposits at those depository banks, all of which are members of the Federal Reserve System.

Minnesota statutes require that all City deposits be protected by insurance, surety bond or collateral. The fair value of collateral pledged must equal 110 percent of the deposits not covered by insurance, bonds or irrevocable standby letters of credit from Federal Home Loan Banks. Authorized collateral in lieu of a corporate surety bond includes:

- United States government Treasury bills, Treasury notes, Treasury bonds;
- Issues of United States government agencies and instrumentalities as quoted by a recognized industry quotation service available to the government entity;
- General obligation securities of any state or local government with taxing powers which is rated "A" or better by a national bond rating service, or revenue obligation securities of any state or local government with taxing powers which is rated "AA" or better by a national bond rating service;
- General obligation securities of a local government with taxing powers may be pledged as collateral against funds deposited by that same local government entity;
- Irrevocable standby letters of credit issued by Federal Home Loan Banks to a municipality accompanied by written evidence that the bank's public debt is rated "AA" or better by Moody's Investors Service, Inc., or Standard & Poor's Corporation; and
- Time deposits that are fully insured by any federal agency.

Minnesota statutes require that all collateral shall be placed in safekeeping in a restricted account at a Federal Reserve Bank, or in an account at a trust department of a commercial bank or other financial institution that is not owned or controlled by the financial institution furnishing the collateral. The selection should be approved by the City.

At year-end, the City's carrying amount of deposits was \$2,033,515, including \$1,519,460 reported in fiduciary funds. The bank balance was \$2,716,871. The bank balance was covered by federal depository insurance of \$250,000 and the remaining balance was collateralized with securities held by the pledging financial institution's trust department in the City's name. The primary government and component unit's deposits and investments are pooled.

Note 3: Detailed Notes on All Funds (Continued)

Investments

As of December 31, 2023 the City had the following investments that are insured or registered, or securities held by the City or it's agent in the City's name:

	Credit				
	Quality/	Time		Fair Value Mea	surement Using
Types of Investments	Ratings (1)	Distribution (2)	Amount	Level 1	Level 2
Pooled Investments at Amortized Costs					
Minnesota Municipal					
Money Market (4M) Fund	N/A	less than 1 year	\$ 341		
Non-pooled Investments at Amortized C	osts				
Money Market Funds	N/A	less than 1 year	3,168,272		
St. Paul Foundation	N/A	less than 1 year	4,366,667		
Non-pooled Investments at Fair Value					
Government Agency Securities	AAA	less than 1 year	15,961,392	\$ 15,961,392	\$ -
Government Agency Securities	AAA	1 to 5 years	39,760,926	39,760,926	-
Government Agency Securities	AAA	more than 5 years	2,998,784	2,998,784	-
Negotiable Certificates of Deposit	N/A	less than 1 year	670,978	-	670,978
Negotiable Certificates of Deposit	N/A	1 to 5 years	1,295,825		1,295,825
Total Investments			\$ 68,223,185	\$ 58,721,102	\$ 1,966,803

- (1) Ratings are provided by various credit rating agencies where applicable to indicate associated credit risk.
- (2) Interest rate risk is disclosed using the segmented time distribution method.

There were no Level 3 investments in current year and therefore was not necessary to include.

N/A indicates not applicable or available.

The City's investment policy follows Minnesota statutes, which reduces the City's exposure to credit, custodial credit and interest rate risk. Specific risk information for the City is as follows:

- Credit Risk. The credit risk for investments is the risk that an issuer or other counterparty to an investment will not fulfill its obligations. Ratings are provided by various credit rating agencies and where applicable, indicate associated credit risk. Minnesota Statutes limit the City's investments to the list on page 75 of the notes.
- Custodial Credit Risk. The custodial credit risk for investments is the risk that, in the event of the failure of the
 counterparty to a transaction, a government will not be able to recover the value of investment or collateral
 securities that are in the possession of an outside party. The City typically limits its exposure by purchasing
 insured or registered investments.
- Concentration of Credit Risk. The concentration of credit risk is the risk of loss attributed to the magnitude of a
 government's investment in a single issuer. At December 31, 2023, there were no investments in one issuer
 (other than investments issued by or explicitly guaranteed by U.S. government, mutual funds, external investment
 pools, and other pooled investments) that represent 5 percent or more of the City's investment.
- Interest Rate Risk. The interest rate risk is the risk that changes in interest rates will adversely affect the fair value of an investment.

Note 3: Detailed Notes on All Funds (Continued)

Cash on Hand

Cash in the possession of the City, consisting of petty cash and change funds totals \$2,425.

Cash and Investments Summary

A reconciliation of cash and investments as shown on the statement of net position for the City follows:

	Primary Government	Component Unit Port Authority	Fiduciary Funds	Totals
Deposits Investments Cash on Hand	\$ (647,297) 63,609,186 1,325	\$ 1,161,352 890,533	\$ 1,519,460 3,723,466 1,100	\$ 2,033,515 68,223,185 2,425
Total	\$ 62,963,214	\$ 2,051,885	\$ 5,244,026	\$ 70,259,125
Cash and Investments Assets Held in Endowment	\$ 62,320,013 643,201	\$ 2,051,885	\$ 1,520,560 3,723,466	\$ 65,892,458 4,366,667
Total	\$ 62,963,214	\$ 2,051,885	\$ 5,244,026	\$ 70,259,125

B. Assets Held in Endowment

Assets held in endowment at December 31, 2023 were \$4,366,667. The Saint Paul Foundation holds these assets in accounts for the Library special revenue fund and the Sheldon Auditorium custodial fund. The balances at December 31, 2023 are \$643,201 and \$3,723,466, respectively. Assets in the endowment are shown as restricted on the statement of net position. Variance power has not been granted to the Saint Paul Foundation. The assets are not available for immediate expenditure. Limited amounts are annually distributed from the Foundation when net income or principal or both meet the criteria as determined by the Foundation's spending policy, at such times as the Foundation deems appropriate. Assets in the endowment are subject to Minnesota Statute 309.745

C. Loans Receivable

Specific special revenue funds make installment loans to promote economic development within the City. Economic development loans receivable of \$8,811 and \$1,268,117 are reported as assets in the primary government and component unit, respectively. These loans are reported net of allowances of \$63,363, respectively:

Fund		Amount	
Primary Government			
Internal Service			
Risk Management	<u>\$</u>		8,811
Component Unit			
Industrial Loan	\$	1,06	1,898
Micro Loan		2	7,580
Intermediary Relending		12	1,540
Small Business Development Loan	_	6	0,000
Total Component Unit	\$	1,27	1,018

Note 3: Detailed Notes on All Funds (Continued)

D. Capital Assets

Primary Government

Capital asset activity for the year ended December 31, 2023 was as follows:

	Balance							Ending
	A	As Restated		Increases		Decreases		Balance
Governmental Activities								
Capital Assets not Being Depreciated/Amortized								
Land	\$	9,654,480	\$	439,760	\$	-	\$	10,094,240
Construction in progress		21,109,812		5,443,269		(3,660,813)		22,892,268
Total Capital Assets	,							
not Being Depreciated/Amortized		30,764,292		5,883,029		(3,660,813)		32,986,508
Capital Assets Being Depreciated/Amortized								
Buildings		43,827,858		-		-		43,827,858
Improvements other than buildings		39,364,652		229,584		-		39,594,236
Machinery and equipment		3,429,069		230,045		-		3,659,114
Office equipment		1,466,362		-		-		1,466,362
Vehicles		13,669,691		416,733		(625,147)		13,461,277
Infrastructure		89,408,477		3,660,479		-		93,068,956
Leased building (intangible right to use asset)		565,331		-		-		565,331
Total Capital Assets								
Being Depreciated/Amortized		191,731,440		4,536,841		(625,147)		195,643,134
Less Accumulated Depreciation for								
Buildings		(26,198,613)		(1,131,512)		-		(27,330,125)
Improvements other than buildings		(15,713,924)		(1,017,818)		-		(16,731,742)
Machinery and equipment		(2,001,796)		(207,676)		-		(2,209,472)
Office equipment		(1,194,966)		(68,204)		-		(1,263,170)
Vehicles		(10,841,186)		(957,572)		620,640		(11,178,118)
Infrastructure		(43,751,151)		(3,301,956)		-		(47,053,107)
Leased building (intangible right to use asset)		(141,333)		(141,333)				(282,666)
Total Accumulated Depreciation		(99,842,969)		(6,826,071)		620,640		(106,048,400)
Total Capital Assets								
Being Depreciated, Net		91,888,471		(2,289,230)		(4,507)		89,594,734
Governmental Activities								
Capital Assets, Net	\$	122,652,763	\$	3,593,799	\$	(3,665,320)	\$	122,581,242

Note 3: Detailed Notes on All Funds (Continued)

	Beginning Balance	Increases	D	ecreases	Ending Balance
Business-type Activities					
Capital Assets not Being Depreciated					
Land	\$ 214,980	\$ 45,674	\$	-	\$ 260,654
Construction in progress	910,762	4,548,217		(201,700)	5,257,279
Total Capital Assets				_	
not Being Depreciated	 1,125,742	 4,593,891		(201,700)	 5,517,933
Capital Assets Being Depreciated					
Buildings	34,848,397	-		-	34,848,397
Improvements other than buildings	39,021,313	742,543		-	39,763,856
Machinery and equipment	3,596,344	539,953		-	4,136,297
Vehicles	8,462,587	213,629		(433,204)	8,243,012
Infrastructure	 28,527,746	-			28,527,746
Total Capital Assets					
Being Depreciated	114,456,387	 1,496,125		(433,204)	115,519,308
Less Accumulated Depreciation for					
Buildings .	(13,529,996)	(697,629)		-	(14,227,625)
Improvements other than buildings	(11,618,213)	(1,275,128)		-	(12,893,341)
Machinery and equipment	(2,634,568)	(117,385)		-	(2,751,953)
Vehicles	(5,648,842)	(758,836)		433,204	(5,974,474)
Infrastructure	(14,704,912)	(494,747)			(15,199,659)
Total Accumulated Depreciation	(48,136,531)	(3,343,725)		433,204	(51,047,052)
Total Capital Assets					
Being Depreciated, Net	 66,319,856	 (1,847,600)		-	64,472,256
Business-type Activities					
Capital Assets, Net	\$ 67,445,598	\$ 2,746,291	\$	(201,700)	\$ 69,990,189

Note 3: Detailed Notes on All Funds (Continued)

Depreciation/amortization expense was charged to functions/programs of the primary government as follows:

Governmental Activities		
General government	\$	174,154
Public safety		910,799
Public works		4,480,971
Culture and recreation		950,626
Economic development		97,587
Miscellaneous		
Airport		55,732
Cemeteries		72,235
Capital assets held by the City's internal service funds are charged		
to the various functions based on their usage of assets	_	83,967
Total Depreciation/Amortization Expense - Governmental Activities	\$	6,826,071
Business-type Activities		
Refuse collection and recycling	\$	265,550
Water utility		698,015
Sewer utility		1,100,411
Solid waste campus		1,038,104
Marina		51,177
Ambulance		123,398
Storm water utility	_	67,070
Total Depreciation Expense - Business-type Activities	\$	3,343,725

Component Unit

Capital asset activity for the year ended December 31, 2023 was as follows:

	Beginning Balance	Increases	Decreases	Ending Balance
Component Unit Activities Capital Assets not Being Depreciated/Amortized Land	\$ 175,042	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 175,042
Capital Assets Being Depreciated/Amortized Improvements other than buildings Leased land (intangible right to use asset)	997,441	- 114,342	<u>-</u>	997,441 114,342
Total Capital Assets Being Depreciated/Amortized	997,441	114,342		1,111,783
Less Accumulated Depreciation/Amortization for Improvements other than buildings Leased land (intangible right to use asset) Total Accumulated Depreciation/Amortization	(549,097) - (549,097)	(14,255) (22,868) (37,123)	- - -	(563,352) (22,868) (586,220)
Total Capital Assets Being Depreciated/Amortized, Net	448,344	77,219		525,563
Governmental Activities Capital Assets, Net	\$ 623,386	\$ 77,219	<u>\$</u>	\$ 700,605

Note 3: Detailed Notes on All Funds (Continued)

Depreciation expense charged to the component unit was as follows:

Component Unit Activities

Port Authority \$ 37,123

Construction Commitments

The City has active construction projects as of December 31, 2023. The projects include building improvements, transportation improvements and solid waste improvements. At year end the City's commitments with contractors are as follows:

Project	Spent-to-Date	Remaining Commitment		
2023 Sewer Lining	\$ 317,189	\$ 59,194		
Federal Airport Project	724,058	378,614		
2021 Reconstruction	1,063,151	71,555		
Old West Main Reconstruction	4,192,090	142,402		
Total	\$ 6,296,487	\$ 651,766		

E. Interfund Receivables, Payables and Transfers

The composition of interfund balances at December 31, 2023 is as follows:

Due from/to Other Funds

Primary Government

Receivable Fund	Payable Fund	Amount
General	PERA Perpetual Nonmajor Governmental Water Enterprise Ambulance Enterprise Internal Service	\$ 761,537 425,311 1,068,706 2,768,459 451,998
Total		\$ 5,476,011
Governmental activities - internal balances	Business-type activities - internal balances	\$ 4,756,129

The outstanding balances between funds result mainly from the time lag between the dates that (1) interfund goods and services are provided or reimbursable expenditures occur, (2) transactions are recorded in the accounting system and (3) payments between funds are made. The above interfund balance between the General and PERA Perpetual fund of \$761,537 is for the operating subsidy not yet remitted to the General fund. The remaining balances totaling \$4,713,606 are for temporary advances to cover cash deficits. A portion of the amount due to the governmental activities from the business-type activities (\$4,713,606) is due to the elimination of internal service fund profits and losses.

Note 3: Detailed Notes on All Funds (Continued)

Due to/from Component Unit/Primary Government

Receivable Entity	Payable Entity	 Amount
Component Unit	Primary Government	
Adjustment to reflect the consolidation of internal serv	,	
Port Authority - component unit		\$ 2,453

Interfund Transfers

The following transfers were made for the year ended December 31, 2023:

	 Transfers In									
Fund	 General		Nonmajor overnmental	Aı	mbulance		onmajor nterprise	Ma	gineering nagement rnal Service	Total
Transfers Out										
General	\$ -	\$	3,104,631	\$	250,000	\$	75,000	\$	569,600	\$ 3,999,231
PERA Perpetual	101,371		-		-		-		-	101,371
Capital Improvement										
Assessment	-		19,500		-		-		-	19,500
Nonmajor										
governmental	-		641,921		-		-		-	641,921
Water Utility enterprise	36,000		630,125		-		-		-	666,125
Sewer Utility enterprise	36,000		385,497		-		-		-	421,497
Nonmajor enterprise	-		-		-		-		-	
Storm Water			167,000				-			167,000
Total	\$ 173,371	\$	4,948,674	\$	250,000	\$	75,000	\$	569,600	\$ 6,016,645

Transfers are used to 1) move revenues from the fund with collection authorization to the Debt Service fund as debt service principal and interest payments become due, 2) move restricted amounts from borrowings to the Debt Service fund to establish mandatory reserve accounts, 3) move unrestricted General fund revenues to finance various programs that the government must account for in other funds in accordance with budgetary authorizations, including amounts provided as subsidies or matching funds for various grant programs. The following summarizes transfers made in 2023:

- From the General fund to the following funds for operating subsidies:
 - Green Revolving special revenue fund (\$75,000)
 - Airport special revenue fund (\$109,209)
 - Library special revenue fund (\$1,235,386)
 - Sister Cities special revenue fund (\$5,500)
 - Building Inspection special revenue fund (\$135,843)
 - Ambulance enterprise fund (\$250,000)
 - Engineering Management internal service fund (\$569,600)

Note 3: Detailed Notes on All Funds (Continued)

In the year ended December 31, 2023, the City made the following one-time significant transfers:

- o General fund to various nonmajor capital projects for one-time capital improvements (\$1,618,893)
- PERA Perpetual fund to the General Fund for operating subsidy to fund capital improvements (\$101,371)
- Capital Improvement Assessment Fund to nonmajor governmental funds to fund one-time capital improvements (\$19,500)
- Various nonmajor capital funds to various nonmajor capital funds to fund one-time capital improvements and close funds (\$641,921)
- Water enterprise fund to General Fund for operating subsidy to fund capital improvements (\$36,000)
- Water enterprise fund to nonmajor capital funds to fund one-time capital improvements (\$630,125)
- Sewer enterprise fund to General Fund for operating subsidy to fund capital improvements (\$36,000)
- o Sewer enterprise fund to nonmajor capital funds to fund one-time capital improvements (\$385,497)
- Nonmajor Storm Water enterprise fund to nonmajor capital funds to fund one-time capital improvements (\$167,000)

F. Leases Receivable

Primary Government

The City leases various marina, buildings, and cell tower space. There are four marina leases that have related long-term receivable balances. These leases expire between 2037 and 2047 and include various renewal terms. The City also leases several building spaces, the shortest expiring in 2028 and one running through 2042. Lastly, there are four outstanding cell tower leases in which various cellular companies rent water tower space. These leases are expected to be renewed with the latest renewal term ending in 2052.

Long-term lease activity for the year ended December 31, 2023 was as follows:

			Current Year			
	Issue	Discount	Inflow of	Balance at	Balance at	
Description	Date	Rate	Resources	Year End		
Governmental Lease Receivables						
River Valley Marina Lease	01/01/22	2.00 %	\$ 28,451	\$ 718,4	167	
Red Wing Yacht Club	01/01/15	2.00	53,756	893,3	365	
Harbor Yacht Club Marina	01/01/15	2.00	10,942	180,7	795	
Goodhue County Historical Society	01/01/90	2.00	20,464	333,1	124	
Hiawatha Broadband Communications	01/01/13	2.00	4,185	81,6	584	
Cruiser Club Marina Lease	01/01/15	2.00	10,868	179,5	574	
Brownseed Genetics	08/01/13	1.44	9,283	93,9	916	
Blue Airways Inc - Fixed Base Operator Lease	01/01/19	1.44	30,951	156,7	778	
Total Governmental Lease Receivables				\$ 2,637,7	703	
Business-Type Lease Receivables						
Verizon Wireless - River Bluff	01/01/23	1.73	34,151	994,4	139	
New Cingular Wireless	01/01/08	0.83	30,248	125,3	354	
Verizon Wireless - Charlson	01/01/06	0.55	23,179	47,9	932	
T-Mobile	01/01/18	1.65	30,454	757,3	367	
Total Business-Type Lease Receivables				1,925,0)92	
Total Lease Receivables				\$ 4,562,7	795	

Note 3: Detailed Notes on All Funds (Continued)

The annual receipts for governmental and business-type activities to maturity for lease receivables are as follows:

Year Ending	Lease Receivable Governmental Activities						
December 31,		Principal	Interest			Total	
2024	\$	125,749	\$	51,274	\$	177,023	
2025		130,808		48,959		179,767	
2026		136,035		46,545		182,580	
2027		141,435		44,029		185,464	
2028		147,012		41,407		188,419	
2029 - 2033		656,848		169,735		826,583	
2034 - 2038		761,351		100,427		861,778	
2039 - 2043		345,941		34,779		380,720	
2044 - 2048		192,524		9,949		202,473	
Total	\$	2,637,703	\$	547,104	\$	3,184,807	
				Receivable			
Year Ending		Bu		e Receivable s-type Activit			
Year Ending December 31,		Bu Principal	ısiness			Total	
December 31,		Principal	isiness	s-type Activit nterest	ies		
•	\$		ısiness	s-type Activit		Total 112,698	
December 31,		Principal	isiness	s-type Activit nterest	ies		
December 31, 2024		Principal 81,601	isiness	s-type Activit nterest 31,097	ies	112,698	
December 31, 2024 2025		81,601 84,094	isiness	s-type Activit nterest 31,097 30,232	ies	112,698 114,326	
December 31, 2024 2025 2026		81,601 84,094 61,400	isiness	31,097 30,232 29,397	ies	112,698 114,326 90,797	
December 31, 2024 2025 2026 2027		81,601 84,094 61,400 63,140	isiness	31,097 30,232 29,397 28,627	ies	112,698 114,326 90,797 91,767	
December 31, 2024 2025 2026 2027 2028		81,601 84,094 61,400 63,140 39,839	isiness	31,097 30,232 29,397 28,627 27,945	ies	112,698 114,326 90,797 91,767 67,784	
December 31, 2024 2025 2026 2027 2028 2029 - 2033		81,601 84,094 61,400 63,140 39,839 220,437	isiness	31,097 30,232 29,397 28,627 27,945 129,333	ies	112,698 114,326 90,797 91,767 67,784 349,770	
December 31, 2024 2025 2026 2027 2028 2029 - 2033 2034 - 2038		81,601 84,094 61,400 63,140 39,839 220,437 297,673	isiness	31,097 30,232 29,397 28,627 27,945 129,333 108,062	ies	112,698 114,326 90,797 91,767 67,784 349,770 405,735	
December 31, 2024 2025 2026 2027 2028 2029 - 2033 2034 - 2038 2039 - 2043		81,601 84,094 61,400 63,140 39,839 220,437 297,673 390,969	isiness	31,097 30,232 29,397 28,627 27,945 129,333 108,062 79,682	ies	112,698 114,326 90,797 91,767 67,784 349,770 405,735 470,651	
December 31, 2024 2025 2026 2027 2028 2029 - 2033 2034 - 2038 2039 - 2043 2044 - 2048		81,601 84,094 61,400 63,140 39,839 220,437 297,673 390,969 443,710	isiness	31,097 30,232 29,397 28,627 27,945 129,333 108,062 79,682 42,729	ies	112,698 114,326 90,797 91,767 67,784 349,770 405,735 470,651 486,439	

Note 3: Detailed Notes on All Funds (Continued)

Component Unit

The City's Port Authority leases land and building space to various lessee's. Two of these agreements expired in 2023, one runs through 2029, and in 2023, the Port Authority entered into a five-year lease with CD Terminal LLC for the Little River Bulkhead.

Long-term lease activity for the year ended December 31, 2023 was as follows:

Description	Issue Date	Discount Rate	l	rrent Year nflow of esources	_	alance at /ear End
Port Authority Lease Receivables American River Transportation 2023 Bulkhead Operator Lease Agreement	07/01/19 01/01/23	1.44 % 4.23	\$	21,015 77,283	\$	130,001 319,284
Total Port Authority Lease Receivables					\$	449,285

The annual receipts for Port Authority activities to maturity for lease receivables are as follows:

Year Ending	Lease Receivable Port Authority Activities									
December 31,	Principal		Interest	Total						
2024	\$ 90,88	2 \$	14,536	\$	105,418					
2025	97,21		11,150		108,364					
2026	103,88	3	7,511		111,394					
2027	110,90	7	3,605		114,512					
2028	22,80	0	588		23,388					
2029 - 2033	23,59	9	256		23,855					
2034 - 2038		-	-		-					
2039 - 2043		-	-		-					
2044 - 2048		<u>-</u> _			-					
Total	\$ 449,28	<u>5 \$</u>	37,646	\$	486,931					

G. Long-term Debt

The City issues general obligation bonds to provide funds for the acquisition and construction of major capital facilities. General obligation bonds have been issued for both governmental and proprietary activities. These bonds are reported in the proprietary funds if they are expected to be repaid from proprietary fund revenues. In addition, general obligation bonds have been issued to refund general obligation bonds.

General obligation bonds are direct obligations and pledge the full faith and credit of the government. General obligation bonds currently outstanding are as follows:

Note 3: Detailed Notes on All Funds (Continued)

General Obligation Bonds

The following bonds were issued to provide funding for various street reconstruction projects, street improvement projects, and improvements to City facilities. Revenue to retire this bond issue comes from ad valorem tax levies.

Description	Authorized and Issued	Interest Rate	Issue Date	Maturity Date	 Balance at Year End
G.O. Bonds of 2013A	\$ 2,930,000	2.00	04/24/13	02/01/24	\$ 220,000
G.O. Equipment	1 11 5 000	1.00 0.05	04/00/14	00/01/04	100.000
Certificates of 2014A	1,115,000	1.90 - 2.25	04/23/14	02/01/24	120,000
G.O. Bonds of 2015A	7,735,000	2.00	05/13/15	02/01/26	2,400,000
G.O. Bonds of 2016A	8,525,000	2.00	08/25/16	02/01/27	3,550,000
G.O. Bonds of 2017A	6,740,000	2.00 - 4.00	05/25/17	02/01/27	2,895,000
G.O. Bonds of 2018A	13,535,000	3.00 - 5.00	04/26/18	02/01/28	 8,230,000
Total G.O. Bonds					\$ 17,415,000

Annual debt service requirements to maturity for all general obligation bonds are as follows:

Year Ending	G.O. Bonds Governmental Activities								
December 31	Principa		Interest		Total				
2024	\$ 4,250,0	00 \$	534,850	\$	4,784,850				
2025	4,040,0	00	398,975		4,438,975				
2026	4,035,0	00	259,300		4,294,300				
2027	3,285,0	00	120,600		3,405,600				
2028	1,805,0	00	27,075		1,832,075				
Total	\$ 17,415,0	<u>00 \$</u>	1,340,800	\$	18,755,800				

0 0 Danda

General Obligation Revenue Bonds

The following bonds were issued to finance capital improvements to the enterprise funds. They will be retired from net revenue of the enterprise funds.

Description	-	Authorized and Issued	Interest Rate	Issue Date	Maturity Date	Balance at Year End
G.O. Sewer Revenue						
Bonds of 2004	\$	5,283,360	2.34 %	09/23/04	08/20/24	\$ 340,000
G.O. Refunding Revenue						
Bonds of 2017A		2,585,000	2.00 - 4.00	05/25/17	02/01/29	1,510,000
G.O. Solid Waste Revenue						
Bonds of 2019A		5,955,000	3.00 - 5.00	03/28/19	02/01/40	5,330,000
Total G.O. Revenue Bonds						\$ 7,180,000

Note 3: Detailed Notes on All Funds (Continued)

The annual debt service requirements to maturity for general obligation revenue bonds are as follows:

Year Ending	G.O. Revenue Bonds Business-type Activities								
December 31	Principal	Interest	Total						
2024	\$ 795,000	3 \$ 230,668	\$ 1,025,668						
2025	475,000	204,162	679,162						
2026	495,000	183,537	678,537						
2027	520,000	160,687	680,687						
2028	540,000	139,297	679,297						
2029 - 2033	1,795,000	509,320	2,304,320						
2034 - 2038	1,775,000	258,781	2,033,781						
2039 - 2040	785,000	24,766	809,766						
Total	\$ 7,180,000) \$ 1,711,219	\$ 8,891,219						

Lease Payable

The Goodhue County Law Enforcement Center was leased for police department use in beginning in 2014. The initial lease term ends on December 31, 2023, but it is anticipated to be renewed for an additional two year term. In 2023, the Port Authority leased real property from Northern States Power Company for the storage of barge commodities and equipment. The lease has a five year term and will automatically expire at the end of the fifth year.

Lease agreements are summarized as follows:

Description	Lea	Total se Liability	Interest Rate	Issue Date	Payment Terms	Paym Amo		_	alance at ⁄ear End
Governmental Activities Goodhue County Law Enforcement Center	\$	565,331	1.44 %	01/01/14	4 Years	\$ 144,398	Annually	\$	282,637
Port Authority Activities Northern States Power Company Property		114,342	4.23	01/01/23	5 years	2,548	monthly		93,035
Total Lease Payable								\$	375,672

The annual debt service requirements to maturity for the lease payables are as follows:

Year Ending	Lease Payable Governmental Activities						
December 31	F	Principal		Interest		Total	
2024	\$	140,302	\$	4,097	\$	144,399	
2025		142,335		2,063		144,398	
Total	\$	282,637	\$	6,160	\$	288,797	

Note 3: Detailed Notes on All Funds (Continued)

Year Ending	Lease Payable Port Authority						
December 31	Principal		Interest		Total		
2024	\$	21,807	\$	3,529	\$	25,336	
2025		22,747		2,589		25,336	
2026		23,729		1,607		25,336	
2027		24,752		584		25,336	
Total	\$	93,035	\$	8,309	\$	101,344	

The G.O. revenue bonds were issued to finance capital improvements. The bonds are payable from future revenues pledged from the Water Utility, Sewer Utility and Solid Waste Campus funds and are backed by the full faith and credit of the City. Annual revenues from charges for services, principal and interest payments, and percentage of revenue required to cover principal and interest payments are as follows:

	Water	Sewer	Solid Waste
	Utility	Utility	Campus
Revenues	\$ 4,630,059	\$ 6,916,700	\$ 5,109,237
Principal and Interest	1,048,754	347.725	684.013
Percentage of Revenues	22.7%	5.0%	13.4%

Note 3: Detailed Notes on All Funds (Continued)

Changes in Long-term Liabilities

Long-term liability activity for the year ended December 31, 2023 was as follows:

	Beginning Balance	Increases	Decreases	Ending Balance	Due Within One Year
Governmental Activities					
Bonds Payable					
General Obligation Bonds	\$ 21,815,000	\$ -	\$ (4,400,000)	\$ 17,415,000	\$ 4,250,000
Unamortized Bond Premiums	1,425,130		(271,875)	1,153,255	
Total Bonds Payable	23,240,130	-	(4,671,875)	18,568,255	4,250,000
Lease Payable Compensated Absences	420,933	-	(138,296)	282,637	140,302
Payable	1,885,355	1,243,796	(1,122,380)	2,006,771	1,297,124
Governmental Activity					
Long-term Liabilities	\$ 25,546,418	\$ 1,243,796	\$ (5,932,551)	\$ 20,857,663	\$ 5,687,426
	Beginning Balance Increases			Ending	Due Within
		Increases	Decreases	Balance	One Year
Business-type Activities Bonds Payable		Increases	Decreases	•	
Bonds Payable General Obligation	Balance			Balance	One Year
Bonds Payable General Obligation Revenue Bonds	\$ 8,977,000	\$ -	\$ (1,797,000)	\$ 7,180,000	
Bonds Payable General Obligation Revenue Bonds Unamortized Bond Premiums	\$ 8,977,000 366,031		\$ (1,797,000) (32,149)	\$ 7,180,000 333,882	\$ 795,000
Bonds Payable General Obligation Revenue Bonds	\$ 8,977,000		\$ (1,797,000)	\$ 7,180,000	One Year
Bonds Payable General Obligation Revenue Bonds Unamortized Bond Premiums	\$ 8,977,000 366,031		\$ (1,797,000) (32,149)	\$ 7,180,000 333,882	\$ 795,000
Bonds Payable General Obligation Revenue Bonds Unamortized Bond Premiums Total Bonds Payable	\$ 8,977,000 366,031		\$ (1,797,000) (32,149)	\$ 7,180,000 333,882	\$ 795,000
Bonds Payable General Obligation Revenue Bonds Unamortized Bond Premiums Total Bonds Payable Compensated Absences	\$ 8,977,000 366,031 9,343,031	\$ -	\$ (1,797,000) (32,149) (1,829,149)	\$ 7,180,000 333,882 7,513,882	\$ 795,000 - 795,000

Conduit Debt Obligations

From time to time, the City has issued Industrial Revenue Bonds to provide financial assistance to private sector entities for the acquisition and construction of industrial and commercial facilities deemed to be in the public interest. The bonds are secured by the property financed and are payable solely from payments received on the underlying mortgage loans. Upon repayment of the bonds, ownership of the acquired facilities transfers to the private sector entity served by the bond issuance. Neither the City, the State, nor any political subdivision thereof is obligated in any manner for repayment of the bonds. Accordingly, the bonds are not reported as liabilities in the accompanying financial statements. As of December 31, 2023, there were ten series of Industrial Revenue Bonds outstanding, with an aggregate principal of \$34,023,750. The balance on these bonds at December 31, 2023 was \$30,505,026.

Note 3: Detailed Notes on All Funds (Continued)

H. Components of Fund Balance

At December 31, 2023, portions of the City's fund balance are not available for appropriation due to not being in spendable form (Nonspendable), legal restrictions (Restricted), City Council action (Committed), policy and/or intent (Assigned). The following is a summary of the components of fund balance:

	General	PEI Perpe		Debt Service	Capital Improvement Assessment	Go	Other vernmental Funds	Total
Nonspendable Prepaid items Library endowment	\$	- \$ -	- ; 	\$ - -	\$ -	\$	1,787 643,201	\$ 1,787 643,201
Total Nonspendable	\$	- \$		\$ -	\$ -	\$	644,988	\$ 644,988
Restricted Debt service Public safety Housing Library activities Pickleball Courts Police and fire activities Future loans Cemetery perpetual Total Restricted	\$ 725,89 95,50	0 - - - 8,72 - -	- - - - 8,098 - -	\$ 5,104,346	\$	\$	18,198 416,278 - 252,659 3,192,010	\$ 5,104,346 725,896 95,500 18,198 416,278 8,728,098 252,659 3,192,010
Committed Capital improvements	\$ 821,39 \$	<u> </u>	- :		\$ - \$ -		7,099,000	\$ 7,099,000
Assigned Downtown conservancy Old West Main Capital improvements	\$ 685,24 31,77	-	- ; - -	\$ - - -	\$ - - 5,121,586	\$	- - -	\$ 685,243 31,775 5,121,586
Total Assigned	\$ 717,01	8 \$		\$ -	\$ 5,121,586	\$		\$ 5,838,604
Unassigned	\$ 25,550,92	0 \$	- :	\$ -	\$ -	\$	(654,862)	\$ 24,896,058

Note 4: Defined Benefit Pension Plans - Statewide

A. Plan Description

The City participates in the following cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plans administered by the Public Employees Retirement Association of Minnesota (PERA). PERA's defined benefit pension plans are established and administered in accordance with Minnesota statutes, chapters 353 and 356. PERA's defined benefit pension plans are tax qualified plans under Section 401(a) of the Internal Revenue Code.

General Employees Retirement Plan

All full-time and certain part-time employees of the City are covered by the General Employees Plan. General Employees Plan members belong to the Coordinated Plan. Coordinated Plan members are covered by Social Security.

Public Employees Police and Fire Plan

The Police and Fire Plan, originally established for police officers and firefighters not covered by a local relief association, now covers all police officers and firefighters hired since 1980. Effective July 1, 1999, the Police and Fire Plan also covers police officers and firefighters belonging to a local relief association that elected to merge with and transfer assets and administration to PERA.

B. Benefits Provided

PERA provides retirement, disability and death benefits. Benefit provisions are established by state statute and can only be modified by the state Legislature. Vested, terminated employees who are entitled to benefits but are not receiving them yet are bound by the provisions in effect at the time they last terminated their public service.

General Employee Plan Benefits

General Employees Plan benefits are based on a member's highest average salary for any five successive years of allowable service, age, and years of credit at termination of service. Two methods are used to compute benefits for PERA's Coordinated Plan members. Members hired prior to July 1, 1989, receive the higher of Method 1 or Method 2 formulas. Only Method 2 is used for members hired after June 30, 1989. Under Method 1, the accrual rate for Coordinated members is 1.2 percent of average salary for each of the first 10 years of service and 1.7 percent of average salary for each additional year. Under Method 2, the accrual rate for Coordinated members is 1.7 percent for average salary for all years of service. For members hired prior to July 1, 1989 a full annuity is available when age plus years of service equal 90 and normal retirement age is 65. For members hired on or after July 1, 1989 normal retirement age is the age for unreduced Social Security benefits capped at 66.

Benefit increases are provided to benefit recipients each January. The postretirement increase is equal to 50 percent of the cost-of-living adjustment (COLA) announced by the SSA, with a minimum increase of at least 1 percent and a maximum of 1.5 percent. Recipients that have been receiving the annuity or benefit for at least a full year as of the June 30 before the effective date of the increase will receive the full increase. Recipients receiving the annuity or benefit for at least one month but less than a full year as of the June 30 before the effective date of the increase will receive a reduced prorated increase. In 2023, legislation repealed the statute delaying increases for members retiring before full retirement age.

Note 4: Defined Benefit Pension Plans - Statewide (Continued)

Police and Fire Plan Benefits

Benefits for Police and Fire Plan members first hired after June 30, 2010, but before July 1, 2014, vest on a prorated basis from 50 percent after five years up to 100 percent after ten years of credited service. Benefits for Police and Fire Plan members first hired after June 30, 2014 vest on a prorated basis from 50 percent after ten years up to 100 percent after twenty years of credited service. The annuity accrual rate is 3 percent of average salary for each year of service. For Police and Fire Plan members who were first hired prior to July 1, 1989, a full annuity is available when age plus years of service equal at least 90.

Benefit increases are provided to benefit recipients each January. The postretirement increase is fixed at 1 percent. Recipients that have been receiving the annuity or benefit for at least 36 months as of the June 30 before the effective date of the increase will receive the full increase. Recipients receiving the annuity or benefit for at least 25 months but less than 36 months as of the June 30 before the effective date of the increase will receive a reduced prorated increase.

C. Contributions

Minnesota statutes, chapter 353 sets the rates for employer and employee contributions. Contribution rates can only be modified by the state Legislature.

General Employees Fund Contributions

Coordinated Plan members were required to contribute 6.50 percent of their annual covered salary in fiscal year 2023 and the City was required to contribute 7.50 percent for Coordinated Plan members. The City's contributions to the General Employees Fund for the years ending December 31, 2023, 2022 and 2021 were \$744,796, \$717,265 and \$706,358, respectively. The City's contributions were equal to the required contributions for each year as set by state statute.

Police and Fire Fund Contributions

Police and Fire Plan members were required to contribute 11.80 percent of their annual covered salary in fiscal year 2023 and the City was required to contribute 17.70 percent for Police and Fire Plan members. The City's contributions to the Police and Fire Fund for the years ending December 31, 2023, 2022 and 2021 were \$979,982, \$931,621 and \$868,465, respectively. The City's contributions were equal to the required contributions for each year as set by state statute.

D. Pension Costs

General Employees Fund Pension Costs

At December 31, 2023, the City reported a liability of \$6,827,695 for its proportionate share of the General Employees Fund's net pension liability. The City's net pension liability reflected a reduction due to the State of Minnesota's contribution of \$16 million. The State of Minnesota is considered a non-employer contributing entity and the state's contribution meets the definition of a special funding situation. The State of Minnesota's proportionate share of the net pension liability associated with the City totaled \$188,117. The net pension liability was measured as of June 30, 2023, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date. The City's proportionate share of the net pension liability was based on the City's contributions received by PERA during the measurement period for employer payroll paid dates from July 1, 2022 through June 30, 2023 relative to the total employer contributions received from all of PERA's participating employers. The City's proportionate share was 0.1221 percent at the end of the measurement period and 0.1264 percent for the beginning of the period.

Note 4: Defined Benefit Pension Plans - Statewide (Continued)

For the year ended December 31, 2023, the City recognized pension expense of \$903,125 for its proportionate share of the General Employees Plan's pension expense. In addition, the City recognized \$845 as pension expense (and grant revenue) for its proportionate share of the State of Minnesota's contribution of \$16 million to the General Employees Fund.

At December 31, 2023, the City reported its proportionate share of the General Employees Plan's deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	Deferred Outflows of Resources			Deferred Inflows of Resources		
Differences Between Expected and Actual Economic Experience Changes in Actuarial Assumptions Net Difference Between Projected and Actual Investment Earnings Changes in Proportion Contributions Paid to PERA Subsequent to the Measurement Date	\$	226,121 1,152,925 - - - 374,554	\$	49,077 1,871,413 267,690 180,957		
Total	\$	1,753,600	\$	2,369,137		

The \$374,554 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pensions resulting from the City's contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the year ended December 31, 2024. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows and inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

2024	\$ 97,198
2025	(1,129,382)
2026	190,210
2027	(148,117)

Police and Fire Fund Pension Costs

At December 31, 2023, the City reported a liability of \$7,035,268 for its proportionate share of the Police and Fire Fund's net pension liability. The net pension liability was measured as of June 30, 2023, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date. The City's proportionate share of the net pension liability was based on the City's contributions received by PERA during the measurement period for employer payroll paid dates from July 1, 2022 through June 30, 2023, relative to the total employer contributions received from all of PERA's participating employers. The City's proportionate share was 0.4074 percent at the end of the measurement period and 0.4218 percent for the beginning of the period.

The State of Minnesota contributed \$18 million to the Police and Fire Fund in the plan fiscal year ended June 30, 2023. The contribution consisted of \$9 million in direct state aid that does meet the definition of a special funding situation and \$9 million in supplemental state aid that does not meet the definition of a special funding situation. The \$9 million direct state was paid on October 1, 2022. Thereafter, by October 1 of each year, the state will pay \$9 million to the Police and Fire Fund until full funding is reached or July 1, 2048, whichever is earlier. The \$9 million in supplemental state aid will continue until the fund is 90 percent funded, or until the State Patrol Plan (administered by the Minnesota State Retirement System) is 90 percent funded, whichever occurs later. The State of Minnesota's proportionate share of the net pension liability associated with the City totaled \$283,379.

Note 4: Defined Benefit Pension Plans - Statewide (Continued)

\$	7,035,268
	283,379
-	
\$	7,318,647
	\$

The State of Minnesota is included as a non-employer contributing entity in the Police and Fire Retirement Plan Schedule of Employer Allocations and Schedule of Pension Amounts by Employer, Current Reporting Period Only (pension allocation schedules) for the \$9 million in direct state aid. Police and Fire Plan employers need to recognize their proportionate share of the State of Minnesota's pension expense (and grant revenue) under GASB 68 special funding situation accounting and financial reporting requirements. For the year ended December 31, 2023, the City recognized pension expense of \$1,913,647 for its proportionate share of the Police and Fire Plan's pension expense. In addition, the City recognized an additional negative \$17,068 as pension expense (grant revenue) for its proportionate share of the State of Minnesota's contribution of \$9 million to the Police and Fire Fund.

The State of Minnesota is not included as a non-employer contributing entity in the Police and Fire Pension Plan pension allocation schedules for the \$9 million in supplemental state aid. The City recognized \$36,666 for the year ended December 31, 2023 as revenue and an offsetting reduction of net pension liability for its proportionate share of the State of Minnesota's on-behalf contributions to the Police and Fire Fund.

At December 31, 2023, the City reported its proportionate share of the Police and Fire Plan's deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources from the following sources:

	Deferred Outflows of Resources	Deferred Inflows of Resources
Differences Between Expected and Actual Economic Experience Changes in Actuarial Assumptions Net Difference Between Projected and Actual Investment Earnings Changes in Proportion Contributions Paid to PERA Subsequent to the Measurement Date	\$ 1,960,428 8,367,332 - 80,210 521,782	\$ - 9,893,254 226,648 610,090
Total	\$ 10,929,752	\$ 10,729,992

The \$521,782 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pensions resulting from the City's contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the year ended December 31, 2024. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows and inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

2024	\$ 244,967
2025	(18,104)
2026	1,718,912
2027	(522,302)
2028	(1,745,495)

Note 4: Defined Benefit Pension Plans - Statewide (Continued)

E. Long-term Expected Return on Investment

The State Board of Investment, which manages the investments of PERA, prepares an analysis of the reasonableness on a regular basis of the long-term expected rate of return using a building-block method in which best-estimate ranges of expected future rates of return are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce an expected long-term rate of return by weighting the expected future rates of return by the target asset allocation percentages. The target allocation and best estimates of geometric real rates of return for each major asset class are summarized in the following table:

Asset Class	Target Allocation	Long-term Expected Real Rate of Return		
Domestic Equity	33.5 %	5.10 %		
International Equity	16.5	5.30		
Fixed Income	25.0	0.75		
Private Markets	25.0	5.90		
Total	100.0 %			

F. Actuarial Assumptions

The total pension liability in the June 30, 2023, actuarial valuation was determined using an individual entry-age normal actuarial cost method. The long-term rate of return on pension plan investments used in the determination of the total liability is 7.0 percent. This assumption is based on a review of inflation and investments return assumptions from a number of national investment consulting firms. The review provided a range of return investment return rates deemed to be reasonable by the actuary. An investment return of 7.0 percent was deemed to be within that range of reasonableness for financial reporting purposes.

Inflation is assumed to be 2.25 percent for the General Employees Plan and 2.25 percent for the Police and Fire Plan. Benefit increases after retirement are assumed to be 1.25 percent for the General Employees Plan and 1.00 percent for the Police and Fire Plan.

Salary growth assumptions in the General Employees Plan range in annual increments from 10.25 percent after one year of service to 3.0 percent after 27 years of service. In the Police and Fire Plan, salary growth assumptions range from 11.75 percent after one year of service to 3.0 percent after 24 years of service.

Mortality rates for the General Employees Plan are based on the Pub-2010 General Employee Mortality Table. Mortality rates for the Police and Fire Plan is based on the Pub-2010 Public Safety Employee Mortality tables. The tables are adjusted slightly to fit PERA's experience.

Actuarial assumptions for the General Employees Plan are reviewed every four years. The most recent four-year experience study for the General Employees Plan was completed in 2022. The assumption changes were adopted by the Board and became effective with the July 1, 2023 actuarial valuation. The most recent four-year experience study for the Police and Fire Plan was adopted by the Board and became effective with the July 1, 2021 actuarial valuation.

Note 4: Defined Benefit Pension Plans - Statewide (Continued)

The following changes in actuarial assumptions and plan provisions occurred in 2023:

General Employees Fund

Changes in Actuarial Assumptions

- The investment return assumption and single discount rate were changed from 6.5 percent to 7.0 percent.

Changes in Plan Provisions

- An additional one-time direct state aid contribution of \$170.1 million will be contributed to the Plan on October 1, 2023.
- The vesting period of those hired after June 30, 2010, was changed from five years of allowable service to three years of allowable service.
- The benefit increase delay for early retirements on or after January 1, 2024, was eliminated.
- A one-time, non-compounding benefit increase of 2.5 percent minus the actual 2024 adjustment will be payable in a lump sum for calendar year 2024 by March 31, 2024.

Police and Fire Fund

Changes in Actuarial Assumptions

- The investment return assumption was changed from 6.5 percent to 7.0 percent.
- The single discount rate changed from 5.4 percent to 7.0 percent.

Changes in Plan Provisions

- An additional one-time direct state aid contribution of \$19.4 million will be contributed to the Plan on October 1, 2023.
- The vesting requirement for new hires after June 30, 2014 was changed from a graded 20-year vesting schedule to a graded 10-year vesting schedule, with 50 percent vesting after five years increasing incrementally to 100 percent after 10 years.
- A one-time, non-compounding benefit increase of 3.0 percent will be payable in a lump sum for calendar year 2024 by March 31, 2024.
- Psychological treatment is required effective July 1, 2023 prior to approval for a duty disability benefit for a psychological condition relating to the member's occupation.
- The total and permanent duty disability benefit was increased, effective July 1, 2023.

G. Discount Rate

The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability in 2023 was 7.0 percent. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that contributions from plan members and employers will be made at rates set in Minnesota statutes. Based on these assumptions, the fiduciary net position of the General Employees and Police and Fire Funds were projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

Note 4: Defined Benefit Pension Plans - Statewide (Continued)

H. Pension Liability Sensitivity

The following presents the City's proportionate share of the net pension liability for all plans it participates in, calculated using the discount rate disclosed in the preceding paragraph, as well as what the City's proportionate share of the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate one percentage point lower or one percentage point higher than the current discount rate:

	De	1 Percent crease (6.0%)	Cu	rrent (7.0%)	1 Percent rease (8.0%)
General Employees Fund Police and Fire Fund	\$	12,078,741 13,958,811	\$	6,827,695 7,035,268	\$ 2,508,510 1,343,190

I. Pension Plan Fiduciary Net Position

Detailed information about each pension plan's fiduciary net position is available in a separately-issued PERA financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information. That report may be obtained on the Internet at www.mnpera.org.

Note 5: Public Employees Defined Contribution Plan (Defined Contribution Plan)

Elected officials of the City are covered by the Defined Contribution Plan (DCP), a multiple-employer deferred compensation plan administered by the Public Employees Retirement Association of Minnesota (PERA). The DCP is a tax qualified plan under section 401(a) of the Internal Revenue Code and all contributions by or on behalf of employees are tax deferred until time of withdrawal.

Plan benefits depend solely on amounts contributed to the plan plus investment earnings, less administrative expenses. *Minnesota Statutes*, Chapter 353D.03, specifies plan provisions, including the employee and employer contribution rates for those qualified personnel who elect to participate. An eligible elected official who decides to participate contributes five percent of salary which is matched by the elected official's employer. For ambulance service personnel, employer contributions are determined by the employer, and for salaried employees contributions must be a fixed percentage of salary. Employer contributions for volunteer personnel may be a unit value for each call or period of alert duty. Employees who are paid for their services may elect to make member contributions in an amount not to exceed the employer share. Employer and employee contributions are combined and used to purchase shares in one or more of the seven accounts of the Minnesota Supplemental Investment Fund. For administering the plan, PERA receives 2.0 percent of employer contributions and twenty-five hundredths of 1.0 percent (0.25 percent) of the assets in each member's account annually.

Total contributions made by the City during the fiscal year 2023 were:

	Contributi	Percentage of Contribution Amount Covered Payroll				
Employee Employer		Employee Employer		Required Rate		
\$	1,318	\$	1,318	5.00%	5.00%	5.00%

The City's contributions to the DCP for the years ended December 31, 2023, 2022 and 2021 were \$1,318, \$2,080 and \$2,079, respectively.

Note 6: Defined Benefit Pension Plans - Fire Relief Association

A. Plan Description

All Fire Relief Association members of the Red Wing Fire Department (the Department) are covered by a defined benefit plan administered by the Red Wing Fire Department Relief Association (the Association). As of December 31, 2023, the plan covered 21 active firefighters and 4 vested terminated fire fighters whose pension benefits are deferred. The plan is a single employer retirement plan and is established and administered in accordance with Minnesota statute, chapter 69.

The Association maintains a separate Special fund to accumulate assets to fund the retirement benefits earned by the Department's membership. Funding for the Association is derived from an insurance premium tax in accordance with the Volunteer Firefighter's Relief Association Financing Guidelines Act of 1971 (chapter 261 as amended by chapter 509 of Minnesota statutes 1980). Funds are also derived from investment income.

Note 6: Defined Benefit Pension Plans - Fire Relief Association (Continued)

B. Benefits Provided

A fire fighter who completes at least 20 years as an active member of the Department is entitled, after age 50, to a full service pension upon retirement.

The bylaws of the Association also provide for an early vested service pension for a retiring member who has completed fewer than 20 years of service. The reduced pension, available to members with 10 years of service, shall be equal to 60 percent of the pension as prescribed by the bylaws. This percentage increases 4 percent per year so that at 20 years of service, the full amount prescribed is paid. Members who retire with less than 20 years of service and have reached the age of 50 years and have completed at least 10 years of active membership are entitled to a reduced service pension not to exceed the amount calculated by multiplying the member's service pension for the completed years of service times the applicable non-forfeitable percentage of pension.

C. Contributions

Minnesota statutes, chapters 424 and 424A authorize pension benefits for volunteer fire relief associations. The plan is funded by fire state aid, investment earnings and, if necessary, employer contributions as specified in Minnesota statutes and voluntary City contributions (if applicable). The State of Minnesota contributed \$134,388 in fire state aid to the plan on behalf of the City Fire Department for the year ended December 31, 2023. Required employer contributions are calculated annually based on statutory provisions. The City's statutorily-required contributions to the plan for the year ended December 31, 2023 were \$0. The City's contributions were equal to the required contributions as set by state statute. The City made no voluntary contributions to the plan. The firefighter has no obligation to contribute to the plan.

D. Pension Costs

At December 31, 2023, the City reported a net pension liability (asset) of (\$331,515) for the plan. The net pension liability (asset) was measured as of December 31, 2022. The total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability (asset) in accordance with GASB 68 was determined by PERA, Inc. applying an actuarial formula to specific census data certified by the Department. The following table presents the changes in net pension liability (asset) during the year:

	Total Pension Liability (a)	Plan Fiduciary Net Position (b)	Net Pension Liability (Asset) (a-b)
Beginning Balance January 1, 2023	\$ 1,418,431	\$ 1,710,802	\$ (292,371)
Changes for the Year			
Service cost	107,254		107,254
Interest cost	83,913		83,913
Assumption changes	(134,200	-	(134,200)
Nonemployer contributions		- 134,388	(134,388)
Projected investment return		97,783	(97,783)
(Gain)/loss	(132,899	(268,719)	135,820
Administrative expenses		(240)	240_
Total Net Changes	(75,932	(36,788)	(39,144)
Ending Balance December 31, 2023	\$ 1,342,499	\$ 1,674,014	\$ (331,515)

Note 6: Defined Benefit Pension Plans - Fire Relief Association (Continued)

For the year ended December 31, 2023, the City recognized pension expense of \$257,540 for the plan.

At December 31, 2023, the City reported deferred inflows of resources and deferred outflows of resources and its contributions subsequent to the measurement date related to pension from the following sources:

	Deferred Outflows of Resources		Deferred Inflows of Resources	
Differences Between Expected and	ė		Ċ	167045
Actual Experience Changes in Actuarial Assumptions	\$	32,311	Ş	167,345 120,779
Net Difference Between Projected and Actual Earnings on Plan Investments		169,751		
Total	\$	202,062	\$	288,124

Deferred outflows of resources totaling \$134,388 related to pensions resulting from the City's contributions to the plan subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the year ended December 31, 2023. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources related to the plan will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

2024	\$ (7,9	950)
2025	20,7	733
2026	23,0	009
2027	23,7	197
2028	(30,5)	546)
Thereafter	(114,	505)

E. Actuarial Assumptions

The total pension liability at December 31, 2023 was determined using the entry age normal actuarial cost method and the following actuarial assumptions:

Retirement Eligibility at Age 50 With 20 Years of Service	
Salary Increases	2.50% per year
Cost of Living Increases	6.25% per year
Investment Rate of Return	-9.60%
20 Year Municipal Bond Yield	6.00%

The following changes in benefit changes occurred in 2023:

- The discount rate changes from 5.50% to 6.00%.
- The application of interest to deferred member benefits has changed for some members.

The 6.25 percent long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a building-block method in which best estimates for expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of inflation) were developed for each asset class using the plan's target investment allocation along with long-term return expectations by asset class. Inflation expectations were applied to derive the nominal rate of return for the portfolio.

Note 6: Defined Benefit Pension Plans - Fire Relief Association (Continued)

The target allocation and best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class are summarized in the following table:

Asset Class	Target Allocation	Long-term Expected Real Rate of Return
Equities Cash Fixed Income	59.0 % 9.0 32.0	7.90 % 2.00 3.30
Total		

F. Discount Rate

The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 6.00 percent. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that contributions to the plan will be made as specified in statute. Based on that assumption and considering the funding ratio of the plan, the fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current active and inactive members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

G. Pension Liability Sensitivity

The following presents the City's net pension liability (asset) for the plan, calculated using the discount rate disclosed in the preceding paragraph, as well as what the City's net pension liability (asset) would be if it were calculated using a discount rate 1 percent lower or 1 percent higher than the current discount rate:

		1 Percent			-	1 Percent
	<u>De</u>	Decrease (5%) Current (6%)		urrent (6%)	Increase (7%)	
Defined Benefit Plan	\$	(297,146)	\$	(331,515)	\$	(364,703)

H. Pension Plan Fiduciary Net Position

The Association issues a publicly available financial report. The report may be obtained by writing to the Red Wing Fire Department Relief Association, 420 Plum Street, Red Wing, MN 55066.

Note 7: Post-Employment Benefits Other Than Pensions

A. Plan Description

The City administers a single-employer defined benefit healthcare plan ("the Retiree Health Plan"). The plan provides lifetime healthcare insurance for eligible retirees and their spouses through the City's group health insurance plan, which covers both active and retired members. Benefit provisions are established through negotiations between the City and the union representing employees and are renegotiated each bargaining period. The component unit is included in the City's plan. The Retiree Health Plan does not issue a publicly available financial report and is not administered through a trust or equivalent arrangement and thus there are no assets accumulated in a GASB-compliant trust.

At December 31, 2023, the following employees were covered by the benefit terms:

Inactive Plan Members or Beneficiaries Currently Receiving Benefit Payments	9
Active Plan Members	143
Total Plan Members	152

B. Funding Policy

Contribution requirements also are negotiated between the City and union representatives. The City does not contribute to the cost of current-year premiums for eligible retired plan members and their spouses. For the year ended December 31, 2023, the City had no direct contributions to the Plan, while implicit contributions totaled \$216,026.

C. Actuarial Methods and Assumptions

The City's total OPEB liability of \$2,290,855 was measured as of January 1, 2022. Roll forward procedures were used to roll forward the total OPEB liability to the measurement date.

The total OPEB liability in the January 1, 2023 actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement, unless otherwise specified:

Discount Rate	4.00%
20-Year Municipal Bond Yield	4.00%
Dental Rate	N/A
Inflation Rate	2.50%
Salary Increases	N/A
A 10 1 T 1 D 1	6 F0:

Medical Trend Rate 6.5% grading to 5.00% over 6 years

The discount rate used to measure the total OPEB liability was 4.00 percent. Assets were projected using expected benefit payments and expected asset returns. Expected benefit payments by year were discounted using the expected asset return assumption for years in which the assets were sufficient to pay all benefit payments. Any remaining benefit payments after the trust fund is exhausted are discounted at the 20-year municipal bond rate. The equivalent single rate is the discount rate.

Mortality rates were based on the RP-2014 White Collar Mortality Tables with MP-2020 Generational Improvement Scale.

The actuarial assumptions used in the December 31, 2023 valuation were based on input from a variety of published sources of historical and projected future financial data. Each assumption was reviewed for reasonableness with the source information as well as for consistency with the other economic assumptions.

Note 7: Post-Employment Benefits Other Than Pensions (Continued)

D. Changes in the Total OPEB Liability

	Total OPEB Liability (a)
Beginning Balance January 1, 2023	\$ 2,234,234
Changes for the Year Service cost Interest Assumption changes Differences between expected and actual experience Benefit payments Total Net Changes	119,586 45,091 (295,748) 603,216 (199,498) 272,647
Ending Balance December 31, 2023	\$ 2,506,881

Since the prior measurement date, the following assumptions changed:

- The health care trend rates were changed to better anticipate short term and long term medical increases.
- The mortality tables were updated from the Pub-2010 Public Retirement Plans Headcount-Weighted Mortality Tables (General, Safety) with MP-2020 Generational Improvement Scale to the Pub-2010 Public Retirement Plans Headcount-Weighted Mortality Tables (General, Safety) with MP-2021 Generational Improvement Scale.
- The inflation rate was changed from 2.00% to 2.50%.
- The discount rate was changed from 2.00% to 4.00%.
- The retirement, withdrawal, and salary increase rates for public safety employees were updated to reflect the latest experience study.
- These changes decreased the liability \$295,748.

Since the prior measurement date, there were no changes in benefit terms.

E. Sensitivity of the Total OPEB Liability

The following presents the total OPEB liability of the City, as well as what the City's total OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage point lower (3.00 percent) or 1-percentage-point higher (5.00 percent) than the current discount rate:

1 Percent				1 Percent		
Decrease (3.0%)		Current (4.0%)		Increase (5.0%)		
_						
\$	2,683,499	\$ 2,506	,881 \$	2,344,233		

Note 7: Post-Employment Benefits Other Than Pensions (Continued)

The following presents the total OPEB liability of the City, as well as what the City's total OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a Healthcare Cost Trend Rates that is 1-percentage point lower (5.50 percent decreasing to 4.00 percent) or 1-percentage-point higher (7.50 percent decreasing to 6.00 percent) than the current cost trend rate:

		Hea	althcare Cost			
1 Percent Decrease		T	Trend Rates		1 Percent Increase	
(5.5% Decreasing		(6.5% Decreasing		(7.5% Decreasing		
to 4.00%)		to 5.00%)		to 6.00%)		
<u> </u>	2 202 022	<u> </u>	2 506 001	<u> </u>	2.742.020	
Ş	2,302,922	Ş	2,506,881	Ş	2,742,920	

F. OPEB Expense and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to OPEB

For the year ended December 31, 2023, the City recognized OPEB expense of \$247,757. At December 31, 2023, the City reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB from the following sources:

	Deferred Outflows of Resources	Deferred Inflows of Resources
Differences Between Expected and		
Actual Experience	\$ 1,000,397	\$ 526,911
Changes in Actuarial Assumptions	54,679	279,562
Contributions to OPEB Subsequent		
to the Measurement Date	216,026	<u> </u>
Total	\$ 1,271,102	\$ 806,473

Deferred outflows of resources totaling \$216,026 related to pensions resulting from the City's contributions to OPEB subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the OPEB liability in the year ended December 31, 2023. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows and inflows of resources related to OPEB will be recognized in OPEB expense as follows:

Year ended December 31	
2024	\$ 83,080
2025	83,078
2026	(30,117)
2027	(48,336)
2028	84,023
Thereafter	76,875

Note 8: Other Information

A. Risk Management

The City is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; and natural disasters for which the City carries insurance. The City obtains insurance through participation in the League of Minnesota Cities Insurance Trust (LMCIT) which is a risk sharing pool with approximately 800 other governmental units. The City pays an annual premium to LMCIT for its workers compensation and property and casualty insurance. The LMCIT is self-sustaining through member premiums and will reinsure for claims above a prescribed dollar amount for each insurance event. Settled claims have not exceeded the City's coverage in any of the past three fiscal years.

Liabilities are reported when it is probable that a loss has occurred, and the amount of the loss can be reasonably estimated. Liabilities, if any, include an amount for claims that have been incurred but not reported (IBNRs). The City's management is not aware of any incurred but not reported claims.

The Workers Compensation Division of LMCIT is self-sustaining based on the contributions charged, so that total contributions plus compounded earnings on these contributions will equal the amount needed to satisfy claims liabilities and other expenses. LMCIT participates in the Workers' Compensation Reinsurance Association where members selected one of four maximum per-loss occurrence retention limits, which were \$500,000, \$1,000,000, \$2,000,000 and \$5,000,000 in 2023. Should the LMCIT Workers' Compensation Division liabilities exceed assets, LMCIT may assess the City in a method and amount to be determined by LMCIT.

The Property and Casualty Division of LMCIT is self-sustaining and the City pays an annual premium to cover current and future losses. The LMCIT carries reinsurance for its property lines to protect against catastrophic losses. Should the LMCIT Property and Casualty Division liabilities exceed assets, LMCIT may assess the City in a method and amount to be determined by LMCIT.

All funds of the City participate in the program and make payments to the Risk Management internal service fund based on actuarial estimates of the amounts needed to pay prior and current-year claims and to establish a reserve for future claims. The fund has net position of \$4,238,396 at December 31, 2023 and is reported as unrestricted net position of the Risk Management internal service fund. An estimated claims liability of \$0 reported in the fund at December 31, 2023 is based on the requirements of Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement No. 10, which requires that a liability for claims be reported if information prior to the issuance of the financial statements indicates that it is probable that a liability has been incurred at the date of the financial statements and the amount of the loss can be reasonably estimated. The City believes the liability is adequate to cover incurred but not remitted claims at year-end. The changes in the Risk Management internal service fund's claims liability for the past three years are as follows:

Year	January 1 Claims Liability	Current Year Claims and Changes in Estimates	Current Year Claim Payments	December 31 Claims Liability	
2023 2022 2021	\$ -	\$ 4,371,531 5,296,770 3,341,174	\$ 4,371,531 5,296,770 3,341,174	\$ -	

Note 8: Other Information (Continued)

B. Contingent Liabilities

Amounts received or receivable from grant agencies are subject to audit and adjustment by grantor agencies, principally the federal government. Any disallowed claims, including amounts already collected, may constitute a liability of the applicable funds. The amount, if any, of expenditures which may be disallowed by the grantor cannot be determined at this time although the City expects such amounts, if any, to be immaterial.

The City, in connection with the normal conduct of its affairs, is involved in various claims, judgments, and litigation. The City Attorney estimates that the unrecorded potential claims against the City not covered by insurance resulting from such litigation would not materially affect the financial position of the City.

C. Legal Debt Margin

In accordance with Minnesota statutes, the City may not incur or be subject to net debt in excess of three percent of the market value of taxable property within the City. Net debt is payable solely from ad valorem taxes and therefore, excludes debt financed partially or entirely by special assessments, enterprise fund revenues or tax increments. As of December 31, 2023, the City is under the legal debt margin.

D. Principal Taxpayer

Property owned by Xcel Energy located in Red Wing represents approximately 48.97 percent of the City's 2023 net tax capacity. Xcel Energy's Prairie Island Nuclear Power Plant, located in the western half of the City, became fully operational in February 1975 and produces 1,100 megawatts of electricity, making it one of the largest generating facilities in the Xcel Energy's four-state system.

E. Tax Increment Districts

The City's tax increment districts are subject to review by the State of Minnesota Office of the State Auditor (OSA). Any disallowed claims or misuse of tax increments could become a liability of the applicable fund. Management has indicated that they are not aware of any instances of noncompliance which would have a material effect on the financial statements.

Note 9: Tax Abatements

As of December 31, 2023, the City has five agreements entered into by the City listed below that abate City property taxes. Below is information specific to each agreement:

The City entered into a tax abatement agreement on March 28, 2005 with Central Park Condominiums, LLC in which the developer incurs costs for property improvements for condominiums. In return, the City will reimburse the developer for some costs as the City collects future increment for the increased property value and tax capacity related to the economic development. The agreement has a maximum return to the developer of \$780,741 over the life of the agreement. The agreement was negotiated under state law (Minnesota Statute 469.1813) with a maximum duration of 15 years. The calculation of taxes abated during the fiscal year is noted in the chart below.

The City entered into a tax abatement agreement on June 23, 2014 with Capital Safety USA in which the developer incurs costs for a 60,000 square foot expansion of an existing business within the City. In return, the City will reimburse the developer for some costs as the City collects future increment for the increased property value and tax capacity related to the economic development. The agreement has a maximum return to the developer of \$284,677 over the life of the agreement. The agreement was negotiated under state law (Minnesota Statute 469.1812 through 469.1816) with a maximum duration of 9 years. The calculation of taxes abated during the fiscal year is noted in the chart below.

The City entered into a tax abatement agreement on October 11, 2010 with Red Wing Shoe Company in which the developer incurs costs for creating a museum for and retail store. In return, the City will reimburse the developer for some costs as the City collects future increment for the increased property value and tax capacity related to the economic development. The agreement has a maximum return to the developer of \$372,975 over the life of the agreement. The agreement was negotiated under state law (Minnesota Statute 469.1812 through 469.1815) with a maximum duration of 15 years. The calculation of taxes abated during the fiscal year is noted in the chart below.

Lost revenue as it relates to tax abatements for the year ended December 31, 2023 was as follows:

	City Tax			Am	nount of
	Rate (Year of	rict Tax	Taxes Abated		
	Establishment)	Ca	apacity	Durin	g the Year
Tax Abatement Agreements				'	
Central Park Condominiums				\$	37,004
Capital Safety USA					31,631
Red Wing Shoe Company					24,563
Tax Increment Districts (PAYGO)					
TIF District #9.1	68.350%	\$	8,439		5,768
Total				\$	98,966

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

CITY OF RED WING RED WING, MINNESOTA

FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2023

City of Red Wing, Minnesota Required Supplementary Information For the Year Ended December 31, 2023

Schedule of Employer's Share of PERA Net Pension Liability - General Employees Fund

								City's	
					State's			Proportionate	
				Pro	portionate			Share of the	
			City's	9	Share of			Net Pension	
		Pi	roportionate	the N	Net Pension			Liability as a	Plan Fiduciary
	City's		Share of		Liability		City's	Percentage of	Net Position
Fiscal	Proportion of	the	Net Pension	Asso	ociated with		Covered	Covered	as a Percentage
Year	the Net Pension		Liability		the City	Total	Payroll	Payroll	of the Total
Ending	Liability		(a)		(b)	<u>(a+b)</u>	(c)	(a/c)	Pension Liability
06/30/23	0.1221 %	\$	6,827,695	\$	188,117	\$ 7,015,812	\$ 9,705,084	70.4 %	83.1 %
06/30/22	0.1264		10,010,922		293,477	10,304,399	9,468,542	105.7	76.7
06/30/21	0.1274		5,440,551		166,155	5,606,706	9,172,247	59.3	87.0
06/30/20	0.1236		7,410,385		228,489	7,638,874	8,817,787	84.0	79.0
06/30/19	0.1250		6,910,970		214,824	7,125,794	8,848,704	78.1	80.2
06/30/18	0.1238		6,867,916		225,349	7,093,265	8,323,151	82.5	79.5
06/30/17	0.1256		8,018,221		100,845	8,119,066	8,083,262	99.2	75.9
06/30/16	0.1199		9,735,285		127,182	9,862,467	7,441,188	130.8	68.9
06/30/15	0.1243		6,441,871		-	6,441,871	4,414,471	145.9	78.2

Note: Schedule is intended to show 10-year trend. Additional years will be reported as they become available.

Schedule of Employer's PERA Contributions - General Employees Fund

Year Ending	F	tatutorily Required ntribution (a)	Rela St	tributions in ation to the tatutorily Required ntribution (b)	Defi (Ex	ribution ciency cess) a-b)	City's Covered Payroll (c)	Contributions as a Percentage of Covered Payroll (b/c)
12/31/23	\$	744,796	\$	744,796	\$	-	\$ 9,930,618	7.5 %
12/31/22		717,265		717,265		-	9,563,532	7.5
12/31/21		706,358		706,358		-	9,418,111	7.5
12/31/20		664,004		664,004		-	8,853,386	7.5
12/31/19		668,150		668,150		-	8,908,672	7.5
12/31/18		645,793		645,793		-	8,610,576	7.5
12/31/17		599,003		599,003		-	7,986,712	7.5
12/31/16		572,477		572,477		-	7,633,023	7.5
12/31/15		573,387		573,387		-	7,645,160	7.5

Note: Schedule is intended to show 10-year trend. Additional years will be reported as they become available.

Required Supplementary Information (Continued) For the Year Ended December 31, 2023

Notes to the Required Supplementary Information - General Employee Retirement Fund

Changes in Actuarial Assumptions

- 2023 The investment return assumption and single discount rate were changed from 6.5 percent to 7.00 percent.
- 2022 The mortality improvement scale was changed from Scale MP-2020 to Scale MP-2021.
- 2021 The investment return and single discount rates were changed from 7.50 percent to 6.50 percent, for financial reporting purposes. The mortality improvement scale was changed from Scale MP-2019to Scale MP-2020.
- 2020 The price inflation assumption was decreased from 2.50% to 2.25%. The payroll growth assumption was decreased from 3.25% to 3.00%. Assumed salary increase rates were changed as recommended in the June 30, 2019 experience study. The net effect is assumed rates that average 0.25% less than previous rates. Assumed rates of retirement were changed as recommended in the June 30, 2019 experience study. The changes result in more unreduced (normal) retirements and slightly fewer Rule of 90 and early retirements. Assumed rates of termination were changed as recommended in the June 30, 2019 experience study. The new rates are based on service and are generally lower than the previous rates for years 2-5 and slightly higher thereafter. Assumed rates of disability were changed as recommended in the June 30, 2019 experience study. The change results in fewer predicted disability retirements for males and females. The base mortality table for healthy annuitants and employees was changed from the RP-2014 table to the Pub-2010 General Mortality table, with adjustments. The base mortality table for disabled annuitants was changed from the RP-2014 disabled annuitant mortality table to the PUB-2010 General/Teacher disabled annuitant mortality table, with adjustments. The mortality improvement scale was changed from Scale MP-2018 to Scale MP-2019. The assumed spouse age difference was changed from two years older for females to one year older. The assumed number of married male new retirees electing the 100% Joint & Survivor option changed from 35% to 45%. The assumed number of married female new retirees electing the 100% Joint & Survivor option changed from 15% to 30%. The corresponding number of married new retirees electing the Life annuity option was adjusted accordingly.
- 2019 The mortality projection scale was changed from MP-2017 to MP-2018.
- 2018 The mortality projection scale was changed from MP-2015 to MP-2017. The assumed benefit increase was changed from 1.00 percent per year through 2044 and 2.50 percent per year thereafter to 1.25 percent per year.
- 2017 The Combined Service Annuity (CSA) loads were changed from 0.8 percent for active members and 60 percent for vested and non-vested deferred members. The revised CSA loads are now 0.0 percent for active member liability, 15.0 percent for vested deferred member liability and 3.0 percent for non-vested deferred member liability. The assumed post-retirement benefit increase rate was changed from 1.0 percent per year for all years to 1.0 percent per year through 2044 and 2.5 percent per year thereafter.
- 2016 The assumed post-retirement benefit increase rate was changed from 1.0 percent per year through 2035 and 2.5 percent per year thereafter to 1.0 percent per year for all future years. The assumed investment return was changed from 7.9 percent to 7.5 percent. The single discount rate was changed from 7.9 percent to 7.5 percent. Other assumptions were changed pursuant to the experience study dated June 30, 2015. The assumed future salary increases, payroll growth and inflation were decreased by 0.25 percent to 3.25 percent for payroll growth and 2.50 percent for inflation.
- 2015 The assumed post-retirement benefit increase rate was changed from 1.0 percent per year through 2030 and 2.5 percent per year thereafter to 1.0 percent per year through 2035 and 2.5 percent per year thereafter.

Required Supplementary Information (Continued) For the Year Ended December 31, 2023

Notes to the Required Supplementary Information - General Employee Retirement Fund (Continued)

Changes in Plan Provisions

2023 - An additional one-time direct state aid contribution of \$170.1 million will be contributed to the Plan on October 1, 2023. The vesting period of those hired after June 30, 2010, was changed from five years of allowable service to three years of allowable service. The benefit increase delay for early retirements on or after January 1, 2024, was eliminated. A one-time, non-compounding benefit increase of 2.5 percent minus the actual 2024 adjustment will be payable in a lump sum for calendar year 2024 by March 31, 2024.2022- There were no changes in plan provisions since the previous valuation.

2021 - There was no changes in plan provisions since the previous valuation.

2020 - Augmentation for current privatized members was reduced to 2.0% for the period July 1, 2020 through December 31, 2023 and 0.0% after. Augmentation was eliminated for privatizations occurring after June 30, 2020.

2019 - The employer supplemental contribution was changed prospectively, decreasing from \$31.0 million to \$21.0 million per year. The state's special funding contribution was changed prospectively, requiring \$16.0 million due per year through 2031.

2018 - The augmentation adjustment in early retirement factors is eliminated over a five-year period starting July 1, 2019, resulting in actuarial equivalence after June 30, 2024. Interest credited on member contributions decreased from 4.00 percent to 3.00 percent, beginning July 1, 2018. Deferred augmentation was changed to 0.00 percent, effective January 1, 2019. Augmentation that has already accrued for deferred members will still apply. Contribution stabilizer provisions were repealed. Postretirement benefit increases were changed from 1.00 percent per year with a provision to increase to 2.50 percent upon attainment of 90.00 percent funding ratio to 50.00 percent of the Social Security Cost of Living Adjustment, not less than 1.00 percent and not more than 1.50 percent, beginning January 1, 2019. For retirements on or after January 1, 2024, the first benefit increase is delayed until the retiree reaches normal retirement age; does not apply to Rule of 90 retirees, disability benefit recipients, or survivors. Actuarial equivalent factors were updated to reflect revised mortality and interest assumptions.

2017 - The State's contribution for the Minneapolis Employees Retirement Fund equals \$16,000,000 in 2017 and 2018, and \$6,000,000 thereafter. The Employer Supplemental Contribution for the Minneapolis Employees Retirement Fund changed from \$21,000,000 to \$31,000,000 in calendar years 2019 to 2031. The state's contribution changed from \$16,000,000 to \$6,000,000 in calendar years 2019 to 2031.

2016 - There were no changes in plan provisions since the previous valuation.

2015 - On January 1, 2015, the Minneapolis Employees Retirement Fund was merged into the General Employees Fund, which increased the total pension liability by \$1.1 billion and increased the fiduciary plan net position by \$892 million. Upon consolidation, state and employer contributions were revised.

Required Supplementary Information (Continued) For the Year Ended December 31, 2023

Schedule of Employer's Share of PERA Net Pension Liability - Police and Fire Fund

Fiscal Year Ending	City's Proportion of the Net Pension Liability	City's coportionate Share of Net Pension Liability (a)	Pro the I	State's oportionate Share of Net Pension Liability ociated with the City (b)	Total (a+b)	City's Covered Payroll (c)	City's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability as a Percentage of Covered Payroll (a/c)	Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage of the Total Pension Liability
06/30/23	0.4074 %	\$ 7,035,268	\$	283,379	\$ 7,318,647	\$ 5,349,855	131.5 %	86.5 %
06/30/22	0.4218	18,355,070		801,803	19,156,873	5,123,435	358.3	70.5
06/30/21	0.4093	3,159,362		142,036	3,301,398	4,790,978	65.9	93.7
06/30/20	0.4119	5,429,283		-	5,429,283	4,653,487	116.7	87.2
06/30/19	0.4439	4,725,764		-	4,725,764	4,686,281	100.8	89.3
06/30/18	0.4326	4,611,070		-	4,611,070	4,559,588	101.1	88.8
06/30/17	0.4240	5,724,505		-	5,724,505	4,728,647	121.1	85.4
06/30/16	0.4190	16,815,199		-	16,815,199	4,133,623	406.8	63.9
06/30/15	0.4210	4,783,545		-	4,783,545	4,099,002	116.7	86.6

Note: Schedule is intended to show 10-year trend. Additional years will be reported as they become available.

Schedule of Employer's PERA Contributions - Police and Fire Fund

Year Ending	R	atutorily equired ntribution (a)	Rela St R	ributions in tion to the atutorily equired ntribution (b)	Defic (Exc	ibution ciency cess) a-b)	City's Covered Payroll (c)	Contributions as a Percentage of Covered Payroll (b/c)
12/31/23	\$	979,982	\$	979,982	\$	-	\$ 5,536,621	17.7 %
12/31/22		931,621		931,621		-	5,263,393	17.7
12/31/21		868,465		868,465		-	4,906,580	17.7
12/31/20		832,241		832,241		-	4,701,927	17.7
12/31/19		797,818		797,818		-	4,706,891	16.9
12/31/18		766,041		766,041		-	4,728,647	16.2
12/31/17		698,764		698,764		-	4,313,361	16.2
12/31/16		669,647		669,647		-	4,133,623	16.2
12/31/15		664,038		664,038		-	4,099,002	16.2

Note: Schedule is intended to show 10-year trend. Additional years will be reported as they become available.

Required Supplementary Information (Continued) For the Year Ended December 31, 2023

Notes to the Required Supplementary Information - Public Employees Police and Fire Fund

Changes in Actuarial Assumptions

2023 - The investment return assumption was changed from 6.5 percent to 7.00 percent. The single discount rate changed from 5.4 percent to 7.0 percent.

2022 - The mortality improvement scale was changed from Scale MP-2020 to Scale MP-2021. The single discount rate changed from 6.50 percent to 5.40 percent.

2021 - The investment return and single discount rates were changed from 7.50 percent to 6.50 percent, for financial reporting purposes. The inflation assumption was changed from 2.50 percent to 2.25 percent. The payroll growth assumption was changed from 3.25 percent to 3.00 percent. The base mortality table for disabled annuitants was changed from the RP-2014 healthy annuitant mortality table (with future mortality improvement according to Scale MP-2019) to the Pub-2010 Public Safety disabled annuitant mortality table (with future mortality improvement according to Scale MP-2020). Assumed rates of salary increase were modified as recommended in the July 14, 2020 experience study. The overall impact is a decrease in gross salary increase rates. Assumed rates of retirement were changed as recommended in the July 14, 2020 experience study. The changes result in slightly more unreduced retirements and fewer assumed early retirements. Assumed rates of withdrawal were changed from select and ultimate rates to service-based rates. The changes result in more assumed terminations. Assumed rates of disability were increased for ages 25-44 and decreased for ages over 49. Overall, proposed rates result in more projected disabilities. Assumed percent married for active female members was changed from 60 percent to 70 percent. Minor changes to form of payment assumptions were applied.

- 2020 The mortality projection scale was changed from MP-2018 to MP-2019.
- 2019 The mortality projection scale was changed from MP-2017 to MP-2018.

2018 - The mortality projection scale was changed from MP-2016 to MP-2017. As set by statute, the assumed post-retirement benefit increase was changed from 1.0 percent per year through 2064 and 2.5 percent per year, thereafter, to 1.0 percent for all years, with no trigger.

2017 - Assumed salary increases were changed as recommended in the June 30, 2016 experience study. The net effect is proposed rates that average 0.34 percent lower than the previous rates. Assumed rates of retirement were changed, resulting in fewer retirements. The Combined Service Annuity (CSA) load was 30 percent for vested and non-vested deferred members. The CSA has been changed to 33 percent for vested members and 2 percent for non-vested members. The base mortality table for healthy annuitants was changed from the RP-2000 fully generational table to the RP-2014 fully generational table (with a base year of 2006), with male rates adjusted by a factor of 0.96. The mortality improvement scale was changed from Scale AA to Scale MP-2016. The base mortality table for disabled annuitants was changed from the RP-2000 disabled mortality table to the mortality tables assumed for healthy retirees. Assumed termination rates were decreased to 3.0 percent for the first three years of service. Rates beyond the select period of three years were adjusted, resulting in more expected terminations overall. Assumed percentage of married female members was decreased from 65 percent to 60 percent. Assumed age difference was changed from separate assumptions for male members (wives assumed to be three years younger) and female members (husbands assumed to be four years older) to the assumption that males are two years older than females. The assumed percentage of female members electing joint and survivor annuities was increased. The assumed post-retirement benefit increase rate was changed from 1.00 percent for all years to 1.00 percent per year through 2064 and 2.50 percent thereafter. The single discount rate was changed from 5.6 percent to 7.5 percent.

2016 - The assumed post-retirement benefit increase rate was changed from 1.0 percent per year through 2037 and 2.5 percent per year thereafter to 1.0 percent per year for all future years. The assumed investment return was changed from 7.9 percent to 7.5 percent. The single discount rate was changed from 7.9 percent to 5.6 percent. The assumed future salary increases, payroll growth and inflation were decreased by 0.25 percent to 3.25 percent for payroll growth and 2.50 percent for inflation.

Required Supplementary Information (Continued) For the Year Ended December 31, 2023

Notes to the Required Supplementary Information - Public Employees Police and Fire Fund (Continued)

2015 - The assumed post-retirement benefit increase rate was changed from 1.0 percent per year through 2030 and 2.5 percent per year thereafter to 1.0 percent per year through 2037 and 2.5 percent per year thereafter.

Changes in Plan Provisions

2023 - Additional one-time direct state aid contribution of 19.4 million will be contributed to the Plan on October 1, 2023. Vesting requirement for new hires after June 30, 2014, was changed from a graded 20-year vesting schedule to a graded 10-year vesting schedule, with 50 percent vesting after five years, increasing incrementally to 100% after 10 years. A one-time, non-compounding benefit increase of 3.0 percent will be payable in a lump sum for calendar year 2024 by March 31, 2024. Psychological treatment is required effective July 1, 2023, prior to approval for a duty disability benefit for a psychological condition relating to the member's occupation. The total and permanent duty disability benefit was increased, effective July 1, 2023.

- 2022 There were no changes in plan provisions since the previous valuation.
- 2021 There were no changes in plan provisions since the previous valuation.
- 2020 There were no changes in plan provisions since the previous valuation.
- 2019 There were no changes in plan provisions since the previous valuation.

2018 - As set by statute, the assumed post-retirement benefit increase was changed from 1.0 percent per year through 2064 and 2.5 percent per year, thereafter, to 1.0 percent for all years, with no trigger. An end date of July 1, 2048 was added to the existing \$9.0 million state contribution. New annual state aid will equal \$4.5 million in fiscal years 2019 and 2020, and \$9.0 million thereafter until the plan reaches 100 percent funding, or July 1, 2048, if earlier. Member contributions were changed from 10.80 percent to 11.30 percent of pay, effective January 1, 2019 and 11.80 percent of pay, effective January 1, 2020. Employer contributions were changed from 16.20 percent to 16.95 percent of pay, effective January 1, 2019 and 17.70 percent of pay, effective January 1, 2020. Interest credited on member contributions decreased from 4.00 percent to 3.00 percent, beginning July 1, 2018. Deferred augmentation was changed to 0.00 percent, effective January 1, 2019. Augmentation that has already accrued for deferred members will still apply. Actuarial equivalent factors were updated to reflect revised mortality and interest assumptions.

2017 - Assumed salary increases were changed as recommended in the June 30, 2016 experience study. The net effect is proposed rates that average 0.34 percent lower than the previous rates. Assumed rates of retirement were changed, resulting in fewer retirements. The combined service annuity (CSA) load was 30.00 percent for vested and non-vested, deferred members. The CSA has been changed to 33.00 percent for vested members and 2.00 percent for non-vested members. The base mortality table for healthy annuitants was changed from the RP-2000 fully generational table to the RP-2014 fully generational table (with a base year of 2006), with male rates adjusted by a factor of 0.96. The mortality improvement scale was changed from Scale AA to Scale MP-2016. The base mortality table for disabled annuitants was changed from the RP-2000 disabled mortality table to the mortality tables assumed for healthy retirees. Assumed termination rates were decreased to 3.00 percent for the first three years of service. Rates beyond the select period of three years were adjusted, resulting in more expected terminations overall. Assumed percentage of married female members was decreased from 65.00 percent to 60.00 percent. Assumed age difference was changed from separate assumptions for male members (wives assumed to be three years younger) and female members (husbands assumed to be four years older) to the assumption that males are two years older than females. The assumed percentage of female members electing joint and survivor annuities was increased. The assumed postretirement benefit increase rate was changed from 1.00 percent for all years to 1.00 percent per year through 2064 and 2.50 percent thereafter. The single discount rate was changed from 5.60 percent per annum to 7.50 percent per annum.

- 2016 There were no changes in plan provisions since the previous valuation.
- 2015 The post-retirement benefit increase to be paid after attainment of the 90 percent funding threshold was changed, from inflation up to 2.5 percent, to a fixed rate of 2.5 percent.

Required Supplementary Information (Continued) For the Year Ended December 31, 2023

Schedule of Changes in the Fire Relief Association's Net Pension Liability (Asset) and Related Ratios

	2023		2022	2021	2020	2019	
Total OPEB Liability							
Service cost	\$	119,586	\$ 142,212	\$ 138,631	\$ 119,910	\$	100,072
Interest		45,091	39,732	83,719	102,986		67,501
Assumption changes		(295,748)	-	(4,444)	127,577		(63,853)
Differences between expected and actual experience		603,216	319,142	(922,095)	-		856,195
Benefit payments		(199,498)	(221,383)	(177,743)	 (206,604)		(128,761)
Net Change in Total OPEB Liability	·	272,647	279,703	 (881,932)	143,869		683,319
Total OPEB Liability - January 1		2,234,234	 1,954,531	 2,836,463	 2,692,594	_	2,009,275
Total OPEB Liability - December 31	\$	2,506,881	\$ 2,234,234	\$ 1,954,531	\$ 2,836,463	\$	2,692,594
Covered-Employee Payroll	\$	9,437,619	\$ 13,401,594	\$ 13,054,109	\$ 13,719,204	\$	13,319,616
City's Total OPEB Liability as a Percentage of Covered-Employee Payroll		26.56%	16.67%	14.97%	20.68%		20.22%

Note: Schedule is intended to show 10-year trend. Additional years will be reported as they become available.

Notes to the Required Supplementary Information - Fire Relief Association's Net Pension Liability (Asset)

Changes in Plan Provisions

2023 - None noted.

2022 - None noted.

2021 - The benefit level changed from \$6,500 to \$7,500.

2020 - The benefit level increased from \$5,200 to \$6,500.

2019 - The benefit level increased from \$4,400 to \$5,200.

2018 - None noted.

2017 - The benefit level increased from \$4,000 to \$4,400.

2016 - None noted.

2015 - None noted.

Required Supplementary Information (Continued) For the Year Ended December 31, 2023

Schedule of Changes in the Fire Relief Association's Net Pension Liability (Asset) and Related Ratios (Continued)

Changes in Assumptions

2023 – The discount rate changes from 5.50% to 6.0%. The application of interest to deferred benefits has changed for some members.

2022 - None noted.

2021 - The discount rate changed from 6.25% to 5.50%.

2020 - None noted

2019 - The discount rate changed from 6.00% to 6.25%. The deferred benefit increases changed from 4.00% to 6.25%.

2018 - None noted.

2017 - None noted.

2016 - None noted.

2015 - None noted.

Schedule of Changes in the City's Total OPEB Liability and Related Ratios

	2023		2022		2021		2020		2019	
Total OPEB Liability										
Service cost	\$	119,586	\$	142,212	\$	138,631	\$	119,910	\$	100,072
Interest		45,091		39,732		83,719		102,986		67,501
Assumption changes		(295,748)		-		(4,444)		127,577		(63,853)
Differences between expected and actual experience		603,216		319,142		(922,095)		-		856,195
Benefit payments		(199,498)		(221,383)		(177,743)		(206,604)		(128,761)
Net Change in Total OPEB Liability		272,647		279,703		(881,932)		143,869		683,319
Total OPEB Liability - January 1		2,234,234		1,954,531		2,836,463		2,692,594		2,009,275
Total OPEB Liability - December 31	\$	2,506,881	\$	2,234,234	\$	1,954,531	\$	2,836,463	\$	2,692,594
Covered-Employee Payroll	\$	9,437,619	\$	13,401,594	\$	13,054,109	\$	13,719,204	\$	13,319,616
City's Total OPEB Liability as a Percentage of Covered-Employee Payroll		26.56%		16.67%		14.97%		20.68%		20.22%

Note: Schedule is intended to show 10-year trend. Additional years will be reported as they become available. There are no assets accumulated in a trust that meets the criteria of GASB codification P22.101 or P52.101 to pay related benefits for the pension/OPEB plan.

Required Supplementary Information (Continued) For the Year Ended December 31, 2023

Notes to the Required Supplementary Information - Total OPEB Liability

Changes in Actuarial Assumptions

2023 – The health care trend rates were changed to better anticipate short term and long term medical increases. The mortality tables were updated from the Pub-2010 Public Retirement Plans Headcount-Weighted Mortality Tables (General, Safety) with MP-2020 Generational Improvement Scale to the Pub-2010 Public Retirement Plans Headcount-Weighted Mortality Tables (General, Safety) with MP-2021 Generational Improvement Scale. The inflation rate was changed from 2.00% to 2.50%. The discount rate was changed from 2.00% to 4.00%. The retirement, withdrawal, and salary increase rates for public safety employees were updated to reflect the latest experience study. These changes decreased the liability \$295,748.

2022 - None noted.

2021 - The health care trend rates, mortality tables, salary increase rates, and retirement and withdrawal rates for non-public safety employees were updated. The salary increase rates were changed from a flat 3.00% per year for all employees to rates which vary be service and contract group. The inflation rate was changed from 2.50% to 2.00%. The discount rate was changed from 2.90% to 2.00%.

2020 - The discount rate was changed from 3.80% to 2.90%.

2019 - The health care trend rates were changed to better anticipate short term and long term medical increases. The mortality tables were updated from the RP-2014 White Collar Mortality Tables with MP-2016 Generational Improvement Scale (with Blue Collar adjustment for Police and Fire Personnel) to the RP-2014 White Collar Mortality Tables with MP-2018 Generational Improvement Scale (with Blue Collar adjustment for Police and Fire Personnel). The retirement and withdrawal tables for Police and Fire Personnel were updated. The discount rate was changed from 3.30% to 3.80%.

2018 - The discount rate was changed from 3.50% to 3.30%. The actuarial cost method was changed from projected unit credit to entry age as prescribed by GASB 75.

Changes in Benefit Terms

2023 - None noted.

2022- A benefit level increase from \$7,500 to \$9,000 was reflected in the active liability.

2021 - None noted.

2020 - None noted.

2019 - The City no longer contributes to an HRA for inactive employees other than those on disability.

2018 - None noted.

COMBINING AND INDIVIDUAL FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND SCHEDULES

CITY OF RED WING RED WING, MINNESOTA

FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2023

City of Red Wing, Minnesota Combining Balance Sheet Nonmajor Governmental Funds December 31, 2023

	 Nonmajor Special Revenue	 Nonmajor Capital Projects	Nonmajor Permanent		Total
Assets Cash and investments Assets held in endowment Receivables	\$ 1,217,233 643,201	\$ 6,603,661 -	\$ 3,185,836 -	\$ 1	1,006,730 643,201
Accrued interest Accounts	- 18,123	-	6,174		6,174 18,123
Intergovernmental Leases	95,401 250,694	377,169 -	-		472,570 250,694
Prepaid items	 1,787	 -	 		1,787
Total Assets	\$ 2,226,439	\$ 6,980,830	\$ 3,192,010	\$ 1	2,399,279
Liabilities					
Accounts payable	\$ 126,094	\$ 360,123	\$ -	\$	486,217
Contracts payable Due to other funds	160150	70,003	-		70,003
Due to other junus Due to other governments	160,152 563	265,159	-		425,311 563
Salaries payable	70,735	-	-		70,735
Total Liabilities	357,544	695,285	-		1,052,829
Deferred Inflows of Resources					
Deferred lease resources	247,586	-	-		247,586
Advance from other governments	 	130,593			130,593
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	 247,586	 130,593	 		378,179
Fund Balances					
Nonspendable	644,988	-	-		644,988
Restricted	270,857	416,278	3,192,010		3,879,145
Committed	883,994	6,215,006	-		7,099,000
Assigned	- (170 E20)	- (476 222)	-		- (6E4060)
Unassigned Total Fund Balances	 (178,530) 1,621,309	 (476,332) 6,154,952	 3,192,010	1	(654,862) 0,968,271
	, ,				<u> </u>
Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources and Fund Balances	\$ 2,226,439	\$ 6,980,830	\$ 3,192,010	\$ 1	2,399,279

City of Red Wing, Minnesota Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances Nonmajor Governmental Funds For the Year Ended December 31, 2023

		Ionmajor Special Revenue	Nonmajor Capital Projects	Nonmajor Permanent		Total
Revenues						
Taxes	\$	298,563	\$ -	\$ -	\$	298,563
Licenses and permits		332,893	-	-		332,893
Intergovernmental		267,123	3,172,955	-		3,440,078
Charges for services		154,072	-	-		154,072
Fines and forfeits		204	-	-		204
Investment income		49,672	-	103,982		153,654
Miscellaneous		52,627	842,069	85,465		980,161
Total Revenues	-	1,155,154	4,015,024	189,447		5,359,625
Expenditures						
Current						
Public safety		593,643	-	-		593,643
Culture and recreation		1,425,994	-	-		1,425,994
Economic development		315,084	-	-		315,084
Airport		287,112	-	-		287,112
Capital outlay						
Public safety		262	11,000	-		11,262
Public works		-	4,370,064	-		4,370,064
Culture and recreation		154,376	471,615	-		625,991
Airport		51,282	966,410	-		1,017,692
Total Expenditures		2,827,753	5,819,089			8,646,842
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues						
Over (Under)	((1,672,599 <u>)</u>	(1,804,065)	189,447		(3,287,217)
Other Financing Sources (Uses)						
Transfers in		1,658,438	3,290,236	_		4,948,674
Transfers out		-	(641,921)	_		(641,921)
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)		1,658,438	2,648,315		_	4,306,753
Net Change in Fund Balances		(14,161)	844,250	189,447		1,019,536
Fund Balances, January 1		1,635,470	5,310,702	3,002,563		9,948,735
Fund Balances, December 31	\$	1,621,309	\$ 6,154,952	\$ 3,192,010	\$	10,968,271

THIS PAGE IS LEFT BLANK INTENTIONALLY

NONMAJOR SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS

Special revenue funds are used to account for specific revenues that are legally restricted to expenditures for particular purposes.

Health Initiatives - This fund is used to account for the operations of the Live Healthy and the Safe Routes to School programs.

South Park Skating Rink - This fund is used to account for the operations of the South Park Skating Rink program.

Lodging Tax - This fund is used to account for the collection of a 3% lodging tax on local lodging establishments and its remittance to the Red Wing Visitor's and Convention Bureau, net of a 5% City administration fee.

Airport - This fund is used to account for the operations of the Red Wing Airport.

Library - This fund is used to account for the operations of the City's library.

Arts and Placemaking -f this fund accounts for money set aside for murals and sculptures in Red Wing, as well as decorative items in the streetscape downtown.

DEED Loan - This fund is used to account for funding received from the State of Minnesota's Department of Employment and Economic Development (DEED); the low interest loans made to qualified applicants from these funds; receipt of loan repayments and interest thereon; and the repayment of amounts due DEED.

Sister Cities - This fund is used to account for monies to be used for the relationship between the City and China, Norway, and Japan.

Tax Increment Downtown District – This fund is used to account for the costs relating to a proposed housing district.

Inspection - This fund is used to account for the operations of the City's building inspection operations.

Library Memorial - This fund is used to account for donations received for the City's library.

City of Red Wing, Minnesota Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds Combining Balance Sheet December 31, 2023

	203			204		206		209		211		215 Arts and	
		Health iitiatives		uth Park ating Rink	Ĺ	odging Tax		Airport		Library	Placemaking Fund		
Assets				<u>.</u>		<u>.</u>							
Cash and investments	\$	11,098	\$	53,247	\$	16,279	\$	66,782	\$	704,135	\$	73,200	
Assets held in endowment		-		-		-		-		643,201		-	
Receivables													
Accounts		-		-		15,803		-		-		-	
Intergovernmental		-		-		-		95,401		-		-	
Leases		-		-		-		250,694		-		-	
Prepaid items								1,787		-			
Total Assets	\$	11,098	\$	53,247	\$	32,082	\$	414,664	\$	1,347,336	\$	73,200	
Liabilities													
Accounts payable	\$	-	\$	-	Ś	30,115	Ś	65,558	Ś	27,053	\$	-	
Due to other funds	·	-	•	-	•	-	•	-	•	-	•	-	
Due to other governments		-		-		-		-		563		-	
Salaries payable		-		-		-		2,485		50,920		-	
Total Liabilities		_		-		30,115		68,043		78,536		_	
Deferred Inflows of Resources													
Deferred lease resources								247,586					
Fund Balances													
Nonspendable		_		_		_		1,787		643,201		_	
Restricted		-		-		-		-		-		-	
Committed		11,098		53,247		1,967		97,248		625,599		73,200	
Unassigned Total Fund Balances		11,098		F2 247		1,967		99,035		1 060 000		72.200	
i otai ruiiu balalices		11,098		53,247		1,90/		99,035		1,268,800		73,200	
Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of													
Resources and Fund Balances	\$	11,098	\$	53,247	\$	32,082	\$	414,664	\$	1,347,336	\$	73,200	

	243	248	_	271		291		299	
	DEED Loan	 Sister Cities	Do	Increment owntown District	<u>lr</u>	nspection		Library Iemorial	 Total
\$	252,659 -	\$ 21,635 -	\$	-	\$	-	\$	18,198 -	\$ 1,217,233 643,201
	- - - -	 - - -		- - -		2,320 - - -		- - -	 18,123 95,401 250,694 1,787
\$	252,659	\$ 21,635	\$	_	\$	2,320	\$	18,198	\$ 2,226,439
\$	- - - - -	\$ - - - - -	\$	14,920	\$	3,368 145,232 - 17,330 165,930	\$	- - - - -	\$ 126,094 160,152 563 70,735 357,544
_	252,659 - - 252,659	 21,635 - 21,635	_	(14,920) (14,920)		(163,610)	_	- 18,198 - - - 18,198	 644,988 270,857 883,994 (178,530) 1,621,309
\$	252,659	\$ 21,635	\$		\$	2,320	\$	18,198	\$ 2,226,439

City of Red Wing, Minnesota Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances For the Year Ended December 31, 2023

	203	204	206	209		211	Δ	215 arts and
	Health itiatives	uth Park ting Rink	 _odging Tax	Airport	<u>L</u>	ibrary		cemaking Fund
Revenues								
Taxes			000 540					
Hotel-motel	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 298,563	\$ -	\$	-	\$	-
Licenses and permits Intergovernmental	-	-	-	-		-		-
Federal				51,282				
State	_	_	_	44,119		_		_
County	_	_	_			171,722		_
Charges for services						171,722		
General government	_	_	_	_		7,002		_
Public safety	_	_	_	-				_
Culture and recreation	_	_	-	-		2,843		-
Airport	_	-	_	82,288		_,0 .0		-
Fines and forfeits	_	-	-	-		204		-
Investment income	-	-	-	-		49,672		-
Miscellaneous								
Contributions and donations	-	-	-	-		10,354		-
Other	-	-	-	15,846		9,100		-
Total Revenues		-	298,563	193,535		250,897		
Expenditures								
Current								
Public safety	-	-	-	-		-		-
Culture and recreation	-	28	-	-	1	,396,219		1,800
Economic development	-	-	300,624	-		-		-
Airport	-	-	-	287,112		-		-
Capital outlay								
Public safety	-	-		-		-		-
Culture and recreation	-	-	=	-		154,376		-
Airport	 -	-	 -	51,282		-		
Total Expenditures		 28	 300,624	 338,394	1	,550,595		1,800
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues								
Over (Under) Expenditures	 -	 (28)	 (2,061)	(144,859)	(1	,299,698)		(1,800)
Other Financing Sources								
Transfers in	 _	 	-	 131,709	1	,385,386		-
Not Change in Fund Palances	 	(20)	 (2.061)	(12.150)		85,688		(1,800)
Net Change in Fund Balances	-	(28)	(2,061)	(13,150)		03,088		(1,800)
Fund Balances, January 1	 11,098	53,275	 4,028	 112,185	1	,183,112		75,000
Fund Balances, December 31	\$ 11,098	\$ 53,247	\$ 1,967	\$ 99,035	\$ 1	,268,800	\$	73,200

243	248	271	291	299	
 DEED Loan	Sister Cities	Tax Increment Downtown District	Inspection	Library Memorial	Total
\$ -	\$	- \$ - 	\$ - 332,893	\$ - -	\$ 298,563 332,893
-			-	-	51,282
-			-	-	44,119
-			-	-	171,722
-			<u>-</u>	-	7,002
-	•	-	61,939	-	61,939
-	•	-	-	-	2,843
-		-	-	-	82,288
-	•	-	-	-	204
-	•	-	-	-	49,672
-	13,235	-	-	2,145	25,734
 -	1,947	-	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	26,893
-	15,182		394,832	2,145	1,155,154
			500 (40		500 (40
-	07.04	-	593,643	-	593,643
-	27,947	- - 14,460	-	-	1,425,994 315,084
_		14,400	_	_	287,112
					207,112
-		-	262	=	262
-		-	-	-	154,376
 -		<u> </u>	-		51,282
 -	27,947	14,460	593,905		2,827,753
 -	(12,765	(14,460)	(199,073)	2,145	(1,672,599)
 -	5,500	-	135,843		1,658,438
-	(7,265	5) (14,460)	(63,230)	2,145	(14,161)
252,659	28,900	(460)	(100,380)	16,053	1,635,470
\$ 252,659	\$ 21,635	5 \$ (14,920)	\$ (163,610)	\$ 18,198	\$ 1,621,309

Airport Special Revenue Fund

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances Budget and Actual

For the Year Ended December 31, 2023

		2022			
	Budgete	d Amounts	Actual	Variance with	Actual
	Original	Final	Amounts	Final Budget	Amounts
Revenues					
Intergovernmental					
Federal	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 51,282	\$ 51,282	\$ -
State	118,500	171,000	44,119	(126,881)	65,871
Charges for services	•	·	•	, ,	•
Rents	35,000	35,000	31,541	(3,459)	31,567
Lease payments received	51,000	51,000	50,747	(253)	37,063
Miscellaneous	•	•	•	,	•
Other	19,000	19,000	15,846	(3,154)	45,134
Total Revenues	223,500	276,000	193,535	(82,465)	179,635
				(02/100)	
Expenditures					
Current					
Airport					
Personal services	57,944	57,944	68,026	(10,082)	64,111
Supplies	39,150	39,150	34,930	4,220	39,389
Other services and charges	191,701	191,701	184,156	7,545	228,954
Capital outlay	171,701	151,701	,	7,010	220,50
Airport	_	73,768	51,282	22,486	_
Total Expenditures	288,795	362,563	338,394	24,169	332,454
Total Expenditures	200,7 70	002,000	000,074	24,103	002,404
Deficiency of Revenues					
Under Expenditures	(65,295)	(86,563)	(144,859)	(58,296)	(152,819)
Orider Experialtures	(03,293)	(00,003)	(144,039)	(30,290)	(132,019)
Other Financing Sources					
Transfers in	109,209	131,709	131,709	_	237,003
Hansiers III	109,209	131,709	131,709		237,003
Net Change in Fund Balances	43,914	45,146	(13,150)	(58,296)	84,184
Net Change in Fund Dalances	45,914	43,140	(13,130)	(30,290)	04,104
Fund Balances, January 1	112,185	112,185	112,185	_	28,001
i unu balances, January i	112,103	112,103	112,103		20,001
Fund Balances, December 31	\$ 156,099	\$ 157,331	\$ 99,035	\$ (58,296)	\$ 112,185

City of Red Wing, Minnesota Library Special Revenue Fund

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances Budget and Actual

For the Year Ended December 31, 2023

					2022						
		Budgeted	Amo	unts		Actual	Vari	iance with	Actual		
		Original		Final	/	Amounts	Fin	al Budget	Amounts		
Revenues											
Intergovernmental											
County	\$	171,722	\$	171,722	\$	171,722	\$	-	\$	161,150	
Charges for services											
General government		8,000		8,000		7,002		(998)		6,996	
Culture and recreation		3,500		3,500		2,843		(657)		2,876	
Fines and forfeits		=		-		204		204		309	
Investment income (loss)		47,657		47,657		49,672		2,015		(64,559)	
Miscellaneous										, ,	
Contributions and donations		3,350		3,350		10,354		7,004		5,889	
Other		6,000		6,000		9,100		3,100		7,455	
Total Revenues		240,229		240,229		250,897		10,668		120,116	
Expenditures Current Culture and recreation Library											
Personal services		1,041,282		1,041,282		944,549		96,733		970,508	
Supplies		13,918		26,018		21,082		4,936		42,371	
Other services and charges		420,415		420,415		430,588		(10,173)		422,884	
Capital outlay											
Culture and recreation				199,300		154,376		44,924			
Total Expenditures		1,475,615		1,687,015		1,550,595		136,420		1,435,763	
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures	((1,235,386)	((1,446,786)		(1,299,698)		147,088	(1,315,647)	
Other Financing Sources Transfers in		1,235,386		1,385,386		1,385,386		<u>-</u>		1,282,365	
Net Change in Fund Balances		-		(61,400)		85,688		147,088		(33,282)	
Fund Balances, January 1		1,183,112		1,183,112		1,183,112				1,216,394	
Fund Balances, December 31	\$	1,183,112	\$	1,121,712	\$	1,268,800	\$	147,088	\$	1,183,112	

DEED Loan Special Revenue Fund

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances Budget and Actual

For the Year Ended December 31, 2023

				20)23				2022		
		Budgeted	Amo	unts		Actual	Variance with			Actual	
	-	Original		Final	Α	mounts	Fina	al Budget	А	mounts	
Revenues Miscellaneous Other		2,500	\$	2,500	\$		\$	(2,500)	\$	1,522	
Expenditures Current Economic development Other services and charges		1,200		1,200		-		1,200		-	
Net Change in Fund Balances		1,300		1,300		-		(1,300)		1,522	
Fund Balances, January 1		252,659		252,659		252,659				251,137	
Fund Balances, December 31	\$	253,959	\$	253,959	\$	252,659	\$	(1,300)	\$	252,659	

Sister Cities Special Revenue Fund

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances

Budget and Actual

For the Year Ended December 31, 2023

				2	2022					
		Budgeted	Amou	nts		Actual		ance with	Δ	ctual
	C	riginal		Final		Amounts		Final Budget		nounts
Revenues Miscellaneous Contributions and donations	\$	\$ 11,000		11,000	\$	13,235	\$	2,235	\$	3,688
Other		-		=		1,947		1,947		-
Total Revenues		11,000		11,000		15,182		4,182		3,688
Expenditures Current Culture and recreation Other services and charges		16,000		16,000		27,947		(11,947)		42
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures		(5,000)		(5,000)		(12,765)		(9,712)		3,646
Other Financing Sources Transfers in		5,500		5,500		5,500				5,500
Net Change in Fund Balances		500		500		(7,265)		(7,765)		9,146
Fund Balances, January 1		28,900		28,900		28,900		<u>-</u>		19,754
Fund Balances, December 31	\$	29,400	\$	29,400	\$	21,635	\$	(7,765)	\$	28,900

Inspection Special Revenue Fund

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances

Budget and Actual

For the Year Ended December 31, 2023

				2022						
		Budgeted	Amo	unts		Actual	Vari	iance with		Actual
		Original		Final		Amounts	Fin	al Budget_		Amounts
Revenues										_
Licenses and permits	\$	390,000	\$	\$ 390,000		332,893	\$	(57,107)	\$	362,669
Charges for services										
Public safety		70,000		70,000		61,939		(8,061)		79,564
Total Revenues		460,000		460,000		394,832		(65,168)		442,233
Expenditures										
Current										
Public safety										
Inspection										
Personal services		339,273		339,273		348,662		(9,389)		325,952
Supplies		13,050		13,050		12,045		1,005		13,379
Other services and charges		243,520		243,520		232,936		10,584		222,339
Capital outlay		2 10,020		2 10,020		202,700		. 0,00		222,000
Public safety		_		_		262		(262)		30,948
Total Expenditures		595,843		595,843		593,905		1,938		592,618
								.,		
Deficiency of Revenues										
Under Expenditures		(135,843)		(135,843)		(199,073)		(63,230)		(150,385)
·										
Other Financing Sources										
Transfers in		135,843		135,843		135,843				
Net Change in Fund Balances		-		-		(63,230)		(63,230)		(150,385)
Fund Balances, January 1		(100,380)		(100,380)		(100,380)		_		50,005
,		<u> </u>				(,)				
Fund Balances, December 31	\$ (100,380)		\$ (100,380)		\$ (163,610)		\$ (63,230)		\$	(100,380)

Library Memorial Special Revenue Fund Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances Budget and Actual

For the Year Ended December 31, 2023

			 2022					
	 Budgeted Original	ed Amounts Final			Actual Amounts		nce with Budget	Actual mounts
Revenues Miscellaneous revenues Contributions and donations	\$ 2,000	\$	2,000	\$	2,145	\$	145	\$ 2,173
Other Financing Uses Transfers out	<u>-</u>		<u>-</u>		<u>-</u>		<u>-</u>	(13,740)
Net Change in Fund Balances	2,000		2,000		2,145		145	(11,567)
Fund Balances, January 1	16,053		16,053		16,053			27,620
Fund Balances, December 31	\$ 18,053	\$	18,053	\$	18,198	\$	145	\$ 16,053

THIS PAGE IS LEFT BLANK INTENTIONALLY

NONMAJOR CAPITAL PROJECTS FUNDS

Capital projects funds are used to account for the acquisition and construction of major capital facilities other than those financed by proprietary funds and trust funds.

Capital Reserve - leftover funds from completed projects are transferred here and disbursed for future capital uses.

Briarwood and Hi Park Avenue – This fund is used to account for the funds received and capital expenditures incurred for the Briarwood construction project.

CSO-PBF Building - This fund is used to account for funds received and capital expenditures incurred in the construction of a public safety center.

Railroad Crossing Quiet Zone - This fund is used to account for funds received and capital expenditures incurred in the construction of a railroad crossing quiet zone.

Bush St Crosswalk and Refurbish 13th & 17th St - This fund is used to account for funds received and capital expenditures incurred in the construction of the Bush Street crosswalk and to refurbish 13th & 17th Street.

Old Main/Withers Drive Intersection - This fund is used to account for funds received and capital expenditures incurred for the Old Main/Withers Drive Intersection project.

Levee Wall Improvements – This fund is used to account for funds received and capital expenditures incurred for the Levee Wall Improvement project.

Airport Projects - This fund is used to account for the operations of the Red Wing Airport.

River Renaissance Phase II - This fund is used to account for funds received and capital expenditures incurred in the River Renaissance projects.

River Renaissance Phase III - This fund is used to account for funds received and capital expenditures incurred in the Pottery Pond improvements, a pedestrian bridge, and construction of a building.

Old West Main Project - This fund is used to account for funds received and capital expenditures incurred from the redevelopment stimulus and parking areas improvement of Old West Main Street.

Parkland Acquisition - This fund is used to account for monies received from developers to be used for parkland.

Universal Playground Project - This fund is used to account for monies received and capital expenditures incurred for the construction of a universal playground.

Little River Bulk Head - This fund is used to account for funds received and capital expenditures incurred for the Little River Bulk Head project.

Pickleball Courts - This fund is used to account for the funds received and capital expenditures incurred for the Pickleball Courts construction project.

Levee Mooring Cluster Dolphins - This fund is used to account for funds received and capital expenditures incurred for the Levee Mooring Cluster Dolphins project.

2021 Street Reconstruction Project - This fund is used to account for funds received and capital expenditures incurred in the improvement of 2021 streets.

River Channel Sediment Control – This fund is used to account for funds received and capital expenditures incurred for the River Channel Sediment Control project.

2023 Street Reconstruction Project - This fund is used to account for funds received and capital expenditures incurred in the improvement of 2023 streets.

THIS PAGE IS LEFT BLANK INTENTIONALLY

NONMAJOR CAPITAL PROJECTS FUNDS (CONTINUED)

Dolphin – This fund is used to account for the funds received and capital expenditures incurred for the mooring dolphin construction project.

Highway 19 Turn Lane - This fund is used to account for funds received and capital expenditures incurred for the Highway 19 Turn Lane project.

Memorial Park Project - This fund is used to account for funds received and capital expenditures incurred in the improvement of Memorial Park.

Safe Routes to School Project - This fund is used to account for funds received and capital expenditures incurred in the improvement of school intersections.

Barn Bluff Improvements - This fund is used to account for funds received and capital expenditures incurred in the improvement of Barn Bluff.

Spring Creek and Highway 61 Access - This fund is used to account for funds received and capital expenditures incurred in the Spring Creek and Highway 61 Access projects.

Sturgeon Lake Road Overpass - This fund is used to account for funds received and capital expenditures incurred in the reconstruction of Sturgeon Lake Road in order to address access and rail safety issues.

Highway 63 River Crossing Bridge - This fund is used to account for funds received and capital expenditures incurred in the improvement of Highway 63 river crossing bridge.

Old West Main Reconstruction - This fund is used to account for funds received and capital expenditures incurred in the improvement of Old West Main Street.

Street Reclamation/Reconditioning - This fund is used to account for funds received and the capital expenditures incurred in the construction of various State aid street overlay projects.

Port Redevelopment Stimulus – fund is used to account for funds received and the capital expenditures incurred in the Port Redevelopment Stimulus project.

Sidewalk Construction Project - This fund is used to account for funds received and the capital expenditures incurred in the construction of various sidewalk projects.

Street and Alley Improvements - This fund is used to account for funds received and capital expenditures incurred in the improvement of various streets and alleys.

City of Red Wing, Minnesota Nonmajor Capital Projects Funds Combining Balance Sheet (Continued on the Following Pages) December 31, 2023

		400		401		404		405		407	40	08	4	109		410	419
		Capital Reserve	an	iarwood d Hi Park Avenue		CSO-PBF Building	C	Railroad Crossing uiet Zone	Cro and F	ush St esswalk Refurbish nd 17th St	Old N Wither Inters	s Drive		ee Wall vements		Airport Projects	River Renaissance Phase II
Assets Cash and investments Receivables	\$	945,148	\$	-	\$	122,543	\$	41,019	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	16,746	\$ 1,036,504
Intergovernmental	_															377,169	
Total Assets	\$	945,148	\$	-	\$	122,543	\$	41,019	\$	_	\$		\$		\$	393,915	\$ 1,036,504
Liabilities																	
Accounts payable	\$	-	\$	11,000	\$	43,967	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	113,905	\$ -
Contracts payable Due to other funds		-		-		-		-		-		-		-		38,108	-
Total Liabilities	_			11,000	_	43,967	_								_	152,013	
Deferred Inflows of Resources																	
Advance from other governments						-										130,593	
Fund Balances																	
Restricted Committed		945,148		-		- 78,576		41,019		-		-		-		- 111,309	- 1,036,504
Unassigned		945,146		(11,000)		78,376		41,019				-		-		111,309	1,030,504
Total Fund Balances	_	945,148	_	(11,000)	_	78,576	_	41,019		-				-	_	111,309	1,036,504
Total Liabilities																	
and Fund Balances	\$	945,148	\$		\$	122,543	\$	41,019	\$		\$	-	\$	-	\$	393,915	\$ 1,036,504

	420		421	426	4	28		429		435		436		440		441	442
	River naissance Phase III		Old Vest Main Project	arkland quisition	Playg	ersal pround pject		ittle River ulk Head	F	Pickelball Courts		ee Mooring ter Dolphins	Rec	21 Street onstruction Project	5	er Channel Sediment Control	023 Street construction Project
\$	484,058	\$	261,923	\$ -	\$	-	\$	100,000	\$	416,278	\$	323,946	\$	16,556	\$	110,000	\$ 1,339,072
				 		-											
\$	484,058	\$	261,923	\$ 	\$		\$	100,000	\$	416,278	\$	323,946	\$	16,556	\$	110,000	\$ 1,339,072
\$	-	\$	142	\$ -	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	- 31,895	\$	-	\$ 5,275
	-		-	5,050		-		-		-		-		-		-	-
_	-	_	142	 5,050		-	_	-	_	-	_	-	_	31,895	_	-	5,275
	<u>-</u>		-	 -	-					-						-	 -
	_		_					_		416,278		_		_		_	_
	484,058		261,781	-		-		100,000		-		323,946		-		110,000	1,333,797
	-		-	 (5,050)				-		-		-		(15,339)		-	 -
	484,058		261,781	 (5,050)				100,000		416,278		323,946		(15,339)		110,000	 1,333,797
\$	484,058	\$	261,923	\$ 	\$		\$	100,000	\$	416,278	\$	323,946	\$	16,556	\$	110,000	\$ 1,339,072

City of Red Wing, Minnesota Nonmajor Capital Projects Funds Combining Balance Sheet (Continued) December 31, 2023

	450		454		458	459	460	4	166		467		470
	Dolphin		Highway 19 Turn Lane		Memorial Park Project	fe Routes Schools	arn Bluff rovements	and Hi	g Creek ghway 61 cess	La	turgeon ake Road Overpass	Rive	ghway 63 er Crossing Bridge
Assets Cash and investments Receivables Intergovernmental	\$ 106,845	\$	435,350	\$	109,273	\$ 57,426 -	\$ 33,517	\$	- -	\$	- -	\$	131,881
Total Assets	\$ 106,845	\$	435,350	\$	109,273	\$ 57,426	\$ 33,517	\$		\$	_	\$	131,881
Liabilities Accounts payable Contracts payable Due to other funds Total Liabilities	\$ - - -	\$	- - - -	\$	1,000 - - - 1,000	\$ - - -	\$ - - -	\$	- - - -	\$	111,668 - 72,353 184,021	\$	- - - -
Deferred Inflows of Resources Advance from other governments		_				 	 						
Fund Balances Restricted Committed Unassigned Total Fund Balances	106,845 106,845	_	435,350 - 435,350	_	108,273 - 108,273	 57,426 - 57,426	 33,517 - 33,517		- - - -		(184,021) (184,021)		- 131,881 - 131,881
Total Liabilities and Fund Balances	\$ 106,845	\$	435,350	\$	109,273	\$ 57,426	\$ 33,517	\$		\$	_	\$	131,881

475	4	177	491			498		499		
Old West Main onstruction	Recla	reet mation/ ditioning		Port evelopment Stimulus	Co	Sidewalk nstruction Project	A	eet and Alley vements		Total
\$ -	\$	-	\$	370,000	\$	145,576	\$	-	\$	6,603,661
 		-							_	377,169
\$ _	\$	_	\$	370,000	\$	145,576	\$	_	\$	6,980,830
\$ 73,166	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	360,123
-		-		-		-		-		70,003
 187,756		-		-		-		-		265,159
 260,922										695,285
_		_		-		-		_		130,593
					_		-		_	100,010
										416 070
-		-		370,000		145,576		-		416,278 6,215,006
(260,922)				370,000		143,370				(476,332)
 (260,922)			_	370,000	_	145,576			_	6,154,952
 (===,===)				2. 2,000	_		-		_	-, 1,502
\$ _	\$	_	\$	370,000	\$	145,576	\$	_	\$	6,980,830

City of Red Wing, Minnesota Nonmajor Capital Projects Funds Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances (Continued on the Following Pages)

(Continued C	in the rollowing	rayes)
For the Year E	nded December	31, 2023

	400	401	404	405	407	408	409	410	419
	Capital Reserve	Briarwood and Hi Park Avenue	CSO-PBF Building	Railroad Crossing Quiet Zone	Bush St Crosswalk and Refurbish 13th and 17th St	Old Main/ Withers Drive Intersection	Levee Wall Improvements	Airport Projects	River Renaissance Phase II
Revenues Intergovernmental Federal State Miscellaneous Contributions and donations	\$ - - -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ - -	\$ - -	\$ - -	\$ -	\$ - 202,659	\$ 91,114 - -
Other Total Revenues								202,659	91,114
Expenditures Capital outlay Public safety Public works Culture and recreation Airport Total Expenditures		11,000 - - - - 11,000	66,385	- - - -	154 - - 154	- - - - -	10,000	966,410 966,410	224,567
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures		(11,000)	(66,385)		(154)		(10,000)	(763,751)	(133,453)
Other Financing Sources (Uses) Transfers in Transfers out Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	424,777 (21,787) 402,990		-	- - -	(18,447) (18,447)	1,770 - 1,770	10,000 - 10,000	492,272 - 492,272	430,199 - 430,199
Net Change in Fund Balances	402,990	(11,000)	(66,385)	-	(18,601)	1,770	-	(271,479)	296,746
Fund Balances, January 1	542,158		144,961	41,019	18,601	(1,770)		382,788	739,758
Fund Balances, December 31	\$ 945,148	\$ (11,000)	\$ 78,576	\$ 41,019	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 111,309	\$ 1,036,504

420	421	426	428	429	435	436	440	441	442
River Renaissance Phase III	Old West Main Project	Parkland Acquisition	Universal Playground Project	Little River Bulk Head	Pickleball Courts	Levee Mooring Cluster Dolphins	2021 Street Reconstruction Project	River Channel Sediment Control	2023 Street Reconstruction Project
\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
15,000 - 15,000					416,278 416,278	- 173,946 173,946		10,000 10,000	
15,000					410,278	173,946		10,000	
-	- 9,881			-	-	-	- 10,582	-	- 75,793
924 - - 924	9,881						10,582		75,793
	3,001						10,002		7 9,7 20
14,076	(9,881)	-	-	-	416,278	173,946	(10,582)	10,000	(75,793)
156,613	-	-	- (44,497)	-	-	-	-	-	1,182,622
156,613	-		(44,497)						1,182,622
170,689	(9,881)	-	(44,497)	-	416,278	173,946	(10,582)	10,000	1,106,829
313,369	271,662	(5,050)	44,497	100,000		150,000	(4,757)	100,000	226,968
\$ 484,058	\$ 261,781	\$ (5,050)	\$ -	\$ 100,000	\$ 416,278	\$ 323,946	\$ (15,339)	\$ 110,000	\$ 1,333,797

City of Red Wing, Minnesota Nonmajor Capital Projects Funds Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances (Continued) For the Year Ended December 31, 2023

	450	454	458	459	460	466	467	470
	Dolphin	Highway 19 Turn Lane	Memorial Park Project	Safe Routes to Schools	Barn Bluff Improvements	Spring Creek and Highway 61 Access	Sturgeon Lake Road Overpass	Highway 63 River Crossing Bridge
Revenues								
Intergovernmental Federal	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 200,846	\$ -
State	· ·	Ş -	9,679	209,191		· -	2,459,466	· -
Miscellaneous			3,073	200,101			2,400,400	
Contributions and donations	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Other	106,845	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Total Revenues	106,845	-	9,679	209,191			2,660,312	
Expenditures Capital outlay								
Public safety	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Public works	-	-	-	246,262	-	-	2,438,490	5,690
Culture and recreation	-	-	15,000	-	231,124	-	-	-
Airport	-		-					
Total Expenditures		. <u> </u>	15,000	246,262	231,124	. <u> </u>	2,438,490	5,690
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues								
Over (Under) Expenditures	106,845	-	(5,321)	(37,071)	(231,124)	-	221,822	(5,690)
							-	
Other Financing Sources (Uses)				F7.007	040444			
Transfers in Transfers out	-	-	-	57,097	218,141	-	-	-
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)		· 	· 	57,097	(117,506) 100,635	· 		
Total Other Financing Sources (Oses)		· 	· —	37,097	100,033	· ——		
Net Change in Fund Balances	106,845	-	(5,321)	20,026	(130,489)	-	221,822	(5,690)
Fund Balances, January 1		435,350	113,594	37,400	164,006		(405,843)	137,571
Fund Balances, December 31	\$ 106,845	\$ 435,350	\$ 108,273	\$ 57,426	\$ 33,517	\$ -	\$ (184,021)	\$ 131,881

	475	477	491		498	499		
	Old West Main onstruction	Street Reclamation/ Reconditioning	Port Redevelopment Stimulus		Sidewalk onstruction Project	Street and Alley Improvements	<u> </u>	Total
\$	-	\$ -	\$ -	\$	-	\$ -	\$	291,960 2,880,995
_	- -	- - -	120,000 120,000	_	- -			15,000 827,069 4,015,024
	- 411,910	930,328	-		- 4,424	- 160,165		11,000 4,370,064
	411,910	930,326	-		4,424	100,103		471,615
	-	_	-		-	-		966,410
	411,910	930,328	-		4,424	160,165		5,819,089
	(411,910)	(930,328)	120,000		(4,424)	(160,165	<u> </u>	(1,804,065)
	216,474	(439,684)			59,187	41,084		3,290,236 (641,921)
	216,474	(439,684)			59,187	41,084		2,648,315
	(195,436)	(1,370,012)	120,000		54,763	(119,081))	844,250
	(65,486)	1,370,012	250,000	_	90,813	119,081		5,310,702
\$	(260,922)	\$ -	\$ 370,000	\$	145,576	\$ -	\$	6,154,952

THIS PAGE IS LEFT BLANK INTENTIONALLY

NONMAJOR PERMANENT FUNDS

Permanent funds account for assets that are legally restricted to the extent that only earnings, and not principal, may be used for purposes of that support the City's programs.

Oakwood Care - This fund is used to account for proceeds from the sale of cemetery lots and for the maintenance of the Oakwood Cemetery.

Oakwood Flower - This fund is used to account for monies received and the expenditures incurred in the planting and maintenance of flowers at the Oakwood Cemetery.

Burnside Care - This fund is used to account for proceeds from the sale of cemetery lots and for the maintenance of the Burnside Cemetery.

Burnside Flower - This fund is used to account for monies received and the expenditures incurred in the planting and maintenance of flowers at the Burnside Cemetery.

City of Red Wing, Minnesota Nonmajor Permanent Funds

Nonmajor Permanent Funds Combining Balance Sheet December 31, 2023

(With Comparative Totals for December 31, 2022)

	551 Oakwood Care	552 Oakwood Flower	553 Burnside Care	554 Burnside Flower	Total
Assets Cash and investments Receivables	\$ 1,647,835	\$ 955,750	\$ 406,465	\$ 175,786	\$ 3,185,836
Accrued interest	3,081	2,650	443		6,174
Total Assets	\$ 1,650,916	\$ 958,400	\$ 406,908	\$ 175,786	\$ 3,192,010
Fund Balances Restricted	\$ 1,650,916	\$ 958,400	\$ 406,908	\$ 175,786	\$ 3,192,010

City of Red Wing, Minnesota

Nonmajor Permanent Funds

Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances For the Year Ended December 31, 2023

	551 Oakwood Care		552 Oakwood Flower		553 Burnside Care		554 Burnside Flower		Total
Revenues Investment income Miscellaneous	\$	57,322	\$	37,818	\$	8,825	\$	17	\$ 103,982
Burial plot sales Perpetual contract sales		49,955 <u>-</u>		- 15,000		12,010 -		- 8,500	61,965 23,500
Total Revenues		107,277		52,818		20,835		8,517	189,447
Fund Balances, January 1		1,543,639		905,582		386,073		167,269	 3,002,563
Fund Balances, December 31	\$ -	1,650,916	\$	958,400	\$	406,908	\$	175,786	\$ 3,192,010

THIS PAGE IS LEFT BLANK INTENTIONALLY

NONMAJOR PROPRIETARY FUNDS

Marina - This fund is used to account for all fees collected from customers using the marina and for all expenses related to operating the facility.

Storm Water - This fund is used to account for all fees collected from customers benefitting from the City's storm water system and for all expenses of operating the system.

City of Red Wing, Minnesota Statement of Net Position Nonmajor Proprietary Funds December 31, 2023

	605 Marina	652 Storm Water	Total
Assets			
Current Assets			
Cash and investments	\$ 158,440	\$ 2,055,074	\$ 2,213,514
Receivables		F 001	F 001
Accrued interest	-	5,091	5,091
Accounts	- 27 700	252,361	252,361
Inventories Propaid items	37,708 27,443	-	37,708 27,443
Prepaid items Total Current Assets	223,591	2,312,526	2,536,117
	220,031	2,012,020	2,000,117
Noncurrent Assets			
Capital assets at cost		45.674	45.674
Land Construction in progress	-	45,674 477,328	45,674 477,328
Construction in progress Improvements other than buildings	2,572,529	1,345,831	3,918,360
Machinery and equipment	37,269	1,343,031	37,269
Vehicles	28,960	452,781	481,741
Less accumulated depreciation	(2,244,370)	(564,067)	(2,808,437)
Total Capital Assets	394,388	1,757,547	2,151,935
Total Assets	617,979	4,070,073	4,688,052
Deferred Outflows of Resources			
Deferred pension resources	38,556	48,252	86,808
Deferred other postemployment benefit resources	4,900	5,180	10,080
Total Deferred Outflows of Resources	43,456	53,432	96,888
Liabilities			
Current Liabilities			
Accounts payable	13,309	377,388	390,697
Contracts payable	-	16,694	16,694
Salaries payable	6,448	12,000	18,448
Compensated absences payable	9,551	17,469	27,020
Unearned revenue	14,159	-	14,159
Other postemployment benefits obligation	833	880	1,713
Total Current Liabilities	44,300	424,431	468,731
Noncurrent Liabilities	00.000	07.000	70.000
Compensated absences payable	32,390	37,639	70,029
Other postemployment benefits obligation	8,831	9,335	18,166
Net pension liability Total Noncurrent Liabilities	150,117 191,338	187,869 234,843	337,986 426,181
Total Noncurrent Liabilities	191,330	234,043	420,101
Total Liabilities	235,638	659,274	894,912
Deferred Inflows of Resources			
Deferred pension resources	52,089	65,189	117,278
Deferred other postemployment benefit resources	3,109	3,286	6,395
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	55,198	68,475	123,673
Net Position			
Investment in capital assets	394,388	1,740,853	2,135,241
Unrestricted	(23,789)	1,654,903	1,631,114
Total Net Position	\$ 370,599	\$ 3,395,756	\$ 3,766,355

City of Red Wing, Minnesota Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Net Position Nonmajor Proprietary Funds For the Year Ended December 31, 2023

	605 Marina	652 Storm Water	Total
Operating Revenues			
Charges for services	\$ 744,372	\$ 1,366,057	\$ 2,110,429
Sales	118,315	-	118,315
Cost of goods sold	(92,761)	-	(92,761)
Miscellaneous	442	17,938	18,380
Total Operating Revenues	770,368	1,383,995	2,154,363
Operating Expenses			
Personal services	202,078	191,911	393,989
Employee benefits	39,459	106,002	145,461
Supplies	125,114	88,941	214,055
Professional services	140,289	585,813	726,102
Rent and leased equipment	6,751	· -	6,751
Repairs and maintenance	44,278	-	44,278
Administration and fiscal charges	72,328	-	72,328
Insurance premiums	22,506	-	22,506
Depreciation	51,177	67,070	118,247
Miscellaneous	17,239	· -	17,239
Total Operating Expenses	721,219	1,039,737	1,760,956
Operating Income	49,149	344,258	393,407
Nonoperating Revenues (Expenses)			
Intergovernmental			
State grant	-	7,500	7,500
Investment income	-	111,256	111,256
Gain on sale of capital assets	-	3,544	3,544
Total Nonoperating			
Revenues	-	122,300	122,300
Income Before Contributions and Transfers	49,149	466,558	515,707
Capital Grants and Contributions	-	22,500	22,500
Transfers In	-	75,000	75,000
Transfers Out		(167,000)	(167,000)
Change in Net Position	49,149	397,058	446,207
Net Position, January 1	321,450	2,998,698	3,320,148
Net Position, December 31	\$ 370,599	\$ 3,395,756	\$ 3,766,355

City of Red Wing, Minnesota Statement of Cash Flows Nonmajor Proprietary Funds For the Year Ended December 31, 2023

	605 Marina	652 Storm Water	Total
Cash Flows From Operating Activities	Warma	Otomi Water	Total
Receipts from customers and users	\$ 840,929	\$ 1,354,148	\$ 2,195,077
Payments to vendors and suppliers	(587,407)	(625,938)	(1,213,345)
Payments to and on behalf of employees	(239,780)	(280,066)	(519,846)
Other receipts	423	17,914	18,337
Net Cash Provided by Operating Activities	14,165	466,058	480,223
Ocal Flores From Noncontal Financia Addition			
Cash Flows From Noncapital Financing Activities Grants received	_	7,500	7,500
Transfers from other funds	_	7,300 75,000	7,300 75,000
Transfers to other funds	_	(167,000)	(167,000)
Net Cash Provided (Used) by Noncapital		(107,000)	(107,000)
Financing Activities		(84,500)	(84,500)
Cash Flows From Capital and Related Financing Activities		22 500	22 500
Capital grants and contributions received Proceeds from sale of capital assets	-	22,500 3,544	22,500 3,544
Payments for acquisition and construction of capital assets	_	(205,813)	(205,813)
Net Cash Provided (Used) by Capital		(200,010)	(200,010)
and Related Financing Activities	-	(179,769)	(179,769)
3			, , , ,
Cash Flows From Investing Activities		100 540	100.540
Interest receipts		109,543	109,543
Net Increase (Decrease) in Cash and Cash Equivalents	14,165	311,332	325,497
Cash and Cash Equivalents, January 1	144,275	1,743,742	1,888,017
Cash and Cash Equivalents, December 31	\$ 158,440	\$ 2,055,074	\$ 2,213,514
Reconciliation of Operating Income to Net			
Cash Provided by Operating Activities			
Operating income	\$ 49,149	\$ 344,258	\$ 393,407
Adjustments to reconcile operating income to	*,	, ,,	+,
net cash provided by operating activities			
Depreciation	51,177	67,070	118,247
(Increase) decrease in assets			
Accounts receivable	4,765	(11,885)	(7,120)
Inventories	(14,060)	-	(14,060)
Prepaid items	(3,808)	=	(3,808)
(Increase) decrease in deferred outflows of resources	00.704	22.606	F6 410
Deferred pension resources Deferred other postemployment benefit resources	23,724 7,479	32,686 (986)	56,410 6,493
Increase (decrease) in liabilities	7,479	(900)	0,493
Accounts payable	(48,273)	32,122	(16,151)
Contracts payable	-	16,694	16,694
Salaries payable	163	(646)	(483)
Compensated absences payable	12,861	16,729	29,590
Other postemployment benefits obligation	(20,632)	(50)	(20,682)
Net pension liability	(63,662)	(89,960)	(153,622)
Unearned revenue	(26,504)	-	(26,504)
Increase (decrease) in deferred inflows of resources	40,000	F0.00 <i>c</i>	107.000
Deferred pension resources	48,022	59,906 120	107,928
Deferred other postemployment benefit resources	(6,236)	120	(6,116)
Net Cash Provided by Operating Activities	\$ 14,165	\$ 466,058	\$ 480,223
Schedule of Noncash Financing and Investing Activities			
Capital assets acquired on account	\$ -	\$ 317,189	\$ 317,189

GENERAL FUND

General Fund - This fund is used to account for all financial resources except those required to be accounted for in another fund.							

City of Red Wing, Minnesota General Fund

Comparative Balance Sheets December 31, 2023 and 2022

	2023	2022
Assets		
Cash and investments	\$ 22,559,271	\$ 23,267,512
Receivables		
Accrued interest	148,852	70,029
Delinquent taxes	125,111	76,992
Accounts (net of allowance)	65,472	200,998
Intergovernmental	292,425	246,510
Leases	2,387,009	2,469,272
Due from other funds	5,476,011	4,130,296
Total Assets	\$ 31,054,151	\$ 30,461,609
Liabilities		
Accounts payable	\$ 646,808	\$ 514,290
Escrow accounts payable	73,265	73,265
Due to other governments	107,040	2,486
Salaries payable	461,869	715,824
Deposits payable	4,196	4,803
Unearned revenue	98,118	78,973
Total Liabilities	1,391,296	1,389,641
Deferred Inflows of Resources		
Deferred lease resources	2,298,828	2,427,495
Unavailable revenue	_,_: ,,==	_,,
Taxes	125,111	76,992
Intergovernmental	149,582	134,662
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	2,573,521	2,639,149
Fund Balances		
Restricted	821,396	_
Committed	-	3,600,000
Assigned	717,018	685,243
Unassigned	25,550,920	22,147,576
Total Fund Balances	27,089,334	26,432,819
Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of		
Resources and Fund Balances	\$ 31,054,151	\$ 30,461,609

City of Red Wing, Minnesota General Fund Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances Budget and Actual (Continued on the Following Pages)

For the Year Ended December 31, 2023
(With Comparative Actual Amounts for the Year Ended December 31, 2022)

		2023			
	Budgeted A		Actual	Variance with	Actual
	Original	Final	Amounts	Final Budget	Amounts
Revenues					
Taxes	A 10040604	A 10040604	A 10,000,050	A (107.006)	A 10.607.40F
Property taxes	\$ 18,948,694	\$ 18,948,694	\$ 18,820,858	\$ (127,836)	\$ 18,637,425
Franchise taxes	247,700	247,700	201,255	(46,445)	229,369
Other taxes Total taxes	42,000 19,238,394	42,000 19,238,394	43,478 19,065,591	1,478 (172,803)	42,158 18,908,952
Total taxes	19,230,394	19,230,394	19,000,091	(172,803)	10,900,932
Licenses and permits					
Business	55,780	55,780	53,935	(1,845)	54,023
Nonbusiness	13,625	13,625	13,533	(92)	19,475
Total licenses and permits	69,405	69,405	67,468	(1,937)	73,498
Intergovernmental					
Federal					
American Rescue Plan Act	-	_	-	_	891,743
Other	-	-	-	_	35,248
Total Federal	-	-	-	-	926,991
State					
Local government aid	298,946	298,946	298,946	_	628,846
Property tax credits		-	4,822	4,822	5,232
Police aid	258,328	258,328	271,687	13,359	239,560
Fire aid	125,113	259,501	134,388	(125,113)	2,000
Other	553,415	594,544	1,408,675	814,131 [°]	409,973
Total state	1,235,802	1,411,319	2,118,518	707,199	1,285,611
County					
Other County aids	60,000	60,000	44,096	(15,904)	86,775
Local					
Other local aid	- .	<u>-</u> .			10,000
Total intergovernmental	1,295,802	1,471,319	2,162,614	691,295	2,309,377
Charges for services					
General government	412,371	412,371	423,630	11,259	401,613
Public safety	239,633	239,633	243,539	3,906	231,771
Public works	108,217	108,217	99,389	(8,828)	118,932
Culture and recreation	124,210	124,210	135,882	11,672	120,045
Cemeteries	169,800	169,800	132,364	(37,436)	135,137
Rents	166,950	166,950	268,372	101,422	240,512
Total charges for services	1,221,181	1,221,181	1,303,176	81,995	1,248,010
Fines and forfeits	63,385	63,385	80,514	17,129	71,730
Investment income (loss)	125,000	125,000	1,556,039	1,431,039	(1,350,624)
Miscellaneous					
Contributions and donations	30,575	30,575	15,217	(15,358)	47,690
Refunds	-	-	54	54	919
Other	18,500	18,500	36,639	18,139	50,000
Total miscellaneous	49,075	49,075	51,910	2,835	98,609
Total Revenues	22,062,242	22,237,759	24,287,312	2,049,553	21,359,552

City of Red Wing, Minnesota General Fund Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances Budget and Actual (Continued) For the Year Ended December 31, 2023

		2023				
	Budgeted		Actual	Variance with	2022 Actual	
- Marine	Original	Final	Amounts	Final Budget	Amounts	
nditures rent						
ieneral government						
City council	Δ 51.000	Δ 51.000	ó (0.150	φ (0.000)	Δ 5405	
Personal services	\$ 51,890	\$ 51,890	\$ 60,152	\$ (8,262)	\$ 54,257	
Supplies	575	575	2,118	(1,543)	1,210	
Other services and charges	33,860	33,860	29,929	3,931	62,540	
Total city council	86,325	86,325	92,199	(5,874)	118,007	
Mayor						
Personal services	9,215	9,215	8,624	591	8,623	
Supplies	50	50	, -	50	3:	
Other services and charges	5,603	5,603	5,357	246	10,75	
Total mayor	14,868	14,868	13,981	887	19,41	
Council administration Other services and charges	168,704	168,704	168,708	(4)	163,860	
other services and charges	100,704	100,704	100,700	(¬)_	100,000	
Administrative customer services						
Other services and charges	110,963	110,963	110,964	(1)	112,70	
Boards and commissions						
Personal services	29,625	29,625	18,172	11,453	35,96	
Supplies	1,000	1,000	1,548	(548)	50	
Other services and charges	114,660	134,905	82,914	51,991	115,53	
Total boards and commissions	145,285	165,530	102,634	62,896	151,99	
City alark						
City clerk Personal services	78,098	78,098	78,096	2	82,872	
	70,090	70,090	70,090	2	02,07	
Supplies	- 	- 	- 	- (1)	49,30	
Other services and charges	50,783	50,783	50,784	(1)		
Total city clerk	128,881	128,881	128,880	1	132,20	
Elections						
Personal services	-	-	-	-	25,90	
Supplies	130	130	-	130	2,11	
Other services and charges	6,166	6,166	5,369	797	12,24	
Total elections	6,296	6,296	5,369	927	40,26	
Finance						
Personal services	435,311	435,311	435,312	(1)	360,06	
Supplies	-	-	-	-	26	
Other services and charges	180,399	180,399	181,547	(1,148)	162,04	
Total finance	615,710	615,710	616,859	(1,149)	522,36	
Audit						
Other services and charges	47,372	47,372	63,123	(15,751)	35,149	
Other services and charges	47,372	47,372	03,123	(13,731)	33,14	
Attorney				(2.4.4.2)		
Other services and charges	271,475	271,475	298,087	(26,612)	235,60	
Communications						
Personal services	67,890	67,890	67,896	(6)	67,46	
Other services and charges	56,365	56,365	56,364	1	53,232	
Total communications	124,255	124,255	124,260	(5)	120,696	

City of Red Wing, Minnesota General Fund Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances Budget and Actual (Continued) For the Year Ended December 31, 2023

	2023				2022	
	Budgeted		Actual	Variance with	Actual	
	Original	Final	Amounts	Final Budget	Amounts	
Expenditures (Continued)						
Current (continued)						
General government (continued)						
Community engagement						
Personal services	\$ 141,320	\$ 141,320	\$ 105,903	\$ 35,417	\$ 132,373	
Supplies	15,650	15,650	14,742	908	2,222	
Other services and charges	20,373	20,373	12,539	7,834	34,683	
Total community engagement	177,343	177,343	133,184	44,159	169,278	
Employee services						
Personal services	180,017	180,017	180,012	5	166,320	
Other services and charges	131,135	131,135	158,575	(27,440)	132,444	
Total employee services	311,152	311,152	338,587	(27,435)	298,764	
Total employee services	011,102	011,102	000,007	(27,400)	270,704	
Government buildings						
Personal services	11,067	11,067	17,466	(6,399)	6,050	
Supplies	20,775	20,775	24,633	(3,858)	16,842	
Other services and charges	158,415	158,415	144,700	13,715	146,049	
Total general government buildings	190,257	190,257	186,799	3,458	168,941	
Total general government	2,398,886	2,419,131	2,383,634	35,497	2,289,242	
5.11						
Public safety						
Police	4.605.570	4.605.570	4.450.007	000 570	4.000.657	
Personal services	4,685,570	4,685,570	4,452,997	232,573	4,332,657	
Supplies	139,000	143,398	138,518	4,880	208,788	
Other services and charges Total police	637,621 5,462,191	681,337 5,510,305	565,510 5,157,025	<u>115,827</u> 353,280	540,295 5,081,740	
Total police	5,402,191	3,310,303	3,137,023	333,200	5,061,740	
Fire						
Personal services	2,372,739	2,405,972	2,518,273	(112,301)	2,280,100	
Supplies	154,252	161,227	112,608	` 48,619 [´]	322,731	
Other services and charges	534,064	701,348	519,142	182,206	366,545	
Total fire	3,061,055	3,268,547	3,150,023	118,524	2,969,376	
Fire station building - Plum Street						
Personal services	1,087	1,087	5,394	(4,307)	604	
Supplies	6,700	6,700	4,562	2,138	4,291	
Other services and charges	47,764	47,764	64,367	(16,603)	71,346	
Total fire station building - plum street	55,551	55,551	74,323	(18,772)	76,241	
	00,001	00,001	7 4,020	(10,772)	70,2-1	
Fire station building - West						
Supplies	3,800	3,800	5,103	(1,303)	4,682	
Other services and charges	35,029	35,029	66,239	(31,210)	59,131	
Total fire station building - west	38,829	38,829	71,342	(32,513)	63,813	
Civil defense						
Supplies	2,050	2,050	18,239	(16,189)	21,327	
Other services and charges	3,266	3,266	2,684	582	1,533	
Total civil defense	5,316	5,316	20,923	(15,607)	22,860	
Total public asfaty	8,622,942	8,878,548	8,473,636	404,912	8,214,030	
Total public safety	0,022,942	0,070,340	0,473,030	404,912	0,214,030	
Public works Administration						
Personal services	276,087	276,087	223,314	52,773	244,232	
Supplies	276,087 44,300	276,087 44,300	223,314 47,731	(3,431)	53,982	
Other services and charges	468,239	44,300 468,239	47,731 472,136	(3,431)		
Total administration	788,626	788,626	743,181	45,445	513,825 812,039	
rotar aurimistration	700,020	700,020	743,101	40,440	012,039	

City of Red Wing, Minnesota General Fund Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances Budget and Actual (Continued)

For the Year Ended December 31, 2023

		2022				
	Budgete	d Amounts	023 Actual	Variance with	Actual	
	Original	Final	Amounts	Final Budget	Amounts	
Expenditures (Continued)						
Current (continued)						
Public works (continued)						
Street maintenance						
Personal services	\$ 32,300	\$ 26,837	\$ 44,419	\$ (17,582)	\$ 31,895	
Supplies	351,249	351,249	343,782	7,467	283,139	
Other services and charges	712,410	712,410	918,315	(205,905)	899,554	
Total street maintenance	1,095,959	1,090,496	1,306,516	(216,020)	1,214,588	
Snow and ice removal						
Personal services	-	-	15,777	(15,777)	-	
Supplies	198,800	198,800	159,897	38,903	156,265	
Other services and charges	273,446	273,446	415,090	(141,644)	334,829	
Total snow and ice removal	472,246	472,246	590,764	(118,518)	491,094	
Street lighting						
Personal services	32,671	32,671	38,379	(5,708)	19,362	
Supplies	85,290	85,290	57,350	27,940	81,138	
Other services and charges	365,857	360,857	332,705	28,152	235,379	
Total street lighting	483,818	478,818	428,434	50,384	335,879	
Parking ramps						
Personal services	10,694	10,694	23,058	(12,364)	1,815	
Supplies	11,700	11,700	6,617	5,083	6,436	
Other services and charges	122,830	122,830	98,331	24,499	101,147	
Total parking ramps	145,224	145,224	128,006	17,218	109,398	
Total public works	2,985,873	2,975,410	3,196,901	(221,491)	2,962,998	
Sanitation						
Composting						
Personal services	24,060	24,060	19,667	4,393	18,696	
Supplies	5,000	5,000	516	4,484	4,320	
Other services and charges	14,243	14,243	27,744	(13,501)	15,360	
Total sanitation	43,303	43,303	47,927	(4,624)	38,376	
Culture and recreation						
Parks and boulevards						
Personal services	183,087	188,551	223,120	(34,569)	144,404	
Supplies	262,105	262,105	249,483	12,622	269,543	
Other services and charges	784,968	784,968	953,200	(168,232)	911,641	
Total parks and boulevards	1,230,160	1,235,624	1,425,803	(190,179)	1,325,588	
Recreational activities and facilities						
Personal services	84,652	84,652	111,690	(27,038)	109,841	
Supplies	97,055	97,055	116,939	(19,884)	135,911	
Other services and charges	948,449	948,449	957,065	(8,616)	983,868	
Total recreational activities and facilities	1,130,156	1,130,156	1,185,694	(55,538)	1,229,620	
Total culture and recreation	2,360,316	2,365,780	2,611,497	(245,717)	2,555,208	

City of Red Wing, Minnesota General Fund Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances Budget and Actual (Continued) For the Year Ended December 31, 2023

		2022			
	Budgeted	Amounts)23 Actual	Variance with	Actual
	Original	Final	Amounts	Final Budget	Amounts
Expenditures (Continued)					
Current (continued) Economic development					
Community development					
Personal services	\$ 814,776	\$ 762,776	\$ 730,719	\$ 32,057	\$ 674,893
Supplies	18,500	18,500	7,542	10,958	6,476
Other services and charges	201,552	254,952	151,758	103,194	163,730
Total community development	1,034,828	1,036,228	890,019	146,209	845,099
Planning	(100	6 100	0.574	(0.444)	10.174
Supplies	6,130	6,130	8,574	(2,444)	10,174
Other services and charges Total planning	158,145 164,275	158,145 164,275	118,811 127,385	39,334 36,890	268,338 278,512
rotal planning	104,273	104,273	127,303	30,090	270,312
Total economic development	1,199,103	1,200,503	1,017,404	183,099	1,123,611
Cemeteries					
Personal services	221,701	221,701	215,005	6,696	233,849
Supplies	79,350	79,350	91,749	(12,399)	90,535
Other services and charges	140,756	140,756	121,988	18,768	119,924
Total cemeteries	441,807	441,807	428,742	13,065	444,308
-					
Transit Other services and charges	182,000	182,000		182,000	226
Continuousias and athen					
Contingencies and other Other services and charges	122,575	122,575	199,847	(77,272)	242,840
Other services and charges	122,373	122,373	199,047	(77,272)	242,040
Total current	18,356,805	18,629,057	18,359,588	269,469	17,870,839
Capital outlay					
General government	40,100	229,832	101,975	127,857	4,978
Public safety	365,075	750,075	316,257	433,818	-
Public works	619,410	832,406	230,616	601,790	636,659
Culture and recreation	516,100	958,818	624,142	334,676	124,037
Economic development	-	38,144	16,589	21,555	12,057
Cemeteries	41,000	41,000	38,205	2,795	36,412
Total capital outlay	1,581,685	2,850,275	1,327,784	1,522,491	814,143
Debt service					
Principal retirement	144,864	144,864	138,296	6,568	144,398
Interest and fiscal charges	<u> </u>		17,585	(17,585)	-
Total debt service	144,864	144,864	155,881	(11,017)	144,398
Total Expenditures	20,083,354	21,624,196	19,843,253	1,780,943	18,829,380
Excess of Revenues					
Over Expenditures	1,978,888	613,563	4,444,059	3,830,496	2,530,172
Other Financing Courses (Heas)					
Other Financing Sources (Uses) Sale of capital assets	9,000	9,000	38,316	29,316	111,416
Transfers in	221,000	221,000	173,371	(47,629)	610,895
Transfers out	(3,461,459)	(3,999,231)	(3,999,231)	(47,029)	(5,194,910)
Total Other Financing	(3,101,103)	(0,000,001)	(0,000,201)		(3,.,,,,,,)
Sources (Uses)	(3,231,459)	(3,769,231)	(3,787,544)	(18,313)	(4,472,599)
Net Change in Fund Balances	(1 252 571)	(2 155 660)	656 515	3,812,183	(1 0/12 //27)
•	(1,252,571)	(3,155,668)	656,515	3,012,103	(1,942,427)
Fund Balances, January 1	26,432,819	26,432,819	26,432,819		28,375,246
Fund Balances, December 31	\$ 25,180,248	\$ 23,277,151	\$ 27,089,334	\$ 3,812,183	\$ 26,432,819

THIS PAGE IS LEFT BLANK INTENTIONALLY

DEBT SERVICE FUNDS

Debt Service funds account for financial resources used for the payment of general long-term debt principal, interest and related costs.

- **\$2,375,000 G.O. Bonds 2012A -** This fund is used to account for payment of principal, interest and related costs on long-term debt relative to various street reconstruction projects, street improvement projects, equipment and City facility improvements.
- **\$2,930,000 G.O. Bonds 2013A -** This fund is used to account for payment of principal, interest and related costs on long-term debt relative to various street reconstruction projects, street improvement projects, equipment and City facility improvements.
- **\$1,115,000 G.O. Equipment Certificates 2014A -** This fund is used to account for payment of principal, interest and related costs for equipment.
- **\$7,735,000 G.O. Improvement Bonds, Series 2015A -** This fund is used to account for payment of principal, interest and related costs on long-term debt relative to various street reconstruction projects, street improvement projects, equipment and City facility improvements.
- **\$8,525,000 G.O. Improvement Bonds, Series 2016A -** This fund is used to account for payment of principal, interest and related costs on long-term debt relative to various street reconstruction projects, street improvement projects, equipment and City facility improvements.
- **\$6,740,000 G.O. Improvement Bonds, Series 2017A -** This fund is used to account for payment of principal, interest and related costs on long-term debt relative to various street reconstruction projects, street improvement projects, equipment and City facility improvements.
- **\$13,535,000 G.O. Improvement Bonds, Series 2018A -** This fund is used to account for payment of principal, interest and related costs on long-term debt relative to various street reconstruction projects, street improvement projects, equipment and City facility improvements.

City of Red Wing, Minnesota Debt Service Funds

Debt Service Funds Combining Balance Sheet December 31, 2023

	302 \$2,375,000 G.O. Bonds 2012A		304 \$2,930,000 G.O. Bonds 2013A		305 \$1,115,000 G.O. Equipment Certificates 2014A		306 \$7,735,000 G.O. Improvement Bonds 2015A	
Assets				224254		100 501		0.44.005
Cash and investments Receivables	\$	-	\$	224,854	\$	123,521	\$	941,925
Intergovernmental				720		431		3,183
Total Assets	\$		\$	225,574	\$	123,952	\$	945,108
Liabilities								
Accounts payable Fund Balances	\$	-	\$	414	\$	414	\$	414
Restricted				005160		100 500		044604
Debt service				225,160	-	123,538		944,694
Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources and Fund Balances	\$	_	\$	225,574	\$	123,952	\$	945,108

G.O.	308 8,525,000 Improvement onds 2016A	309 \$6,740,000 G.O. Improvement Bonds 2017A		G.O.	310 \$13,535,000 O. Improvement Bonds 2018A		Total
\$	1,103,031	\$	791,209	\$	1,904,384	\$	5,088,924
	3,560		2,981		7,031		17,906
\$	1,106,591	\$	794,190	\$	1,911,415	\$	5,106,830
\$	414	\$	414	\$	414	\$	2,484
	1,106,177		793,776		1,911,001		5,104,346
\$	1,106,591	\$	794,190	\$	1,911,415	\$	5,106,830

City of Red Wing, Minnesota Debt Service Funds

Combining Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances For the Year Ended December 31, 2023

	302 \$2,375,000 G.O. Bonds 2012A	304 \$2,930,000 G.O. Bonds 2013A	305 \$1,115,000 G.O. Equipment Certificates 2014A	306 \$7,735,000 G.O. Improvement Bonds 2015A
Revenues				
Taxes				
Property taxes	\$ 8,477	\$ 187,727	\$ 112,478	\$ 829,861
Charges for services		372	223	1,645
Total Revenues	8,477	188,099	112,701	831,506
Expenditures Debt service				
Principal retirement	170,000	330,000	120,000	810,000
Interest and fiscal charges	6,428	8,662	4,894	57,563
Total Expenditures	176,428	338,662	124,894	867,563
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures	(167,951)	(150,563)	(12,193)	(36,057)
Other Financing Sources (Uses)				
Transfers in	-	-	-	-
Transfers out	(74,277)	-	-	-
Total Other Financing				
Sources (Uses)	(74,277)			
Net Change in Fund Balances	(242,228)	(150,563)	(12,193)	(36,057)
Fund Balances, January 1	242,228	375,723	135,731	980,751
Fund Balances, December 31	\$ -	\$ 225,160	\$ 123,538	\$ 944,694

308			309		310			
\$8,525,000		\$6,740,000			13,535,000			
G.O. Improvement		G.O. Improvement			Improvement			
Bonds 2016A		Bonds 2017A		Bo	onds 2018A	Total		
\$	930,106	\$	777,189	\$	1,833,155	\$	4,678,993	
			1,540		3,635		7,415	
	930,106		778,729		1,836,790		4,686,408	
	885,000		670,000		1,415,000		4,400,000	
	80,764		112,264		411,738		682,313	
	965,764		782,264		1,826,738		5,082,313	
	(35,658)		(3,535)		10,052		(395,905)	
	, ,		<u> </u>					
	_		_		74,277		74,277	
	_		_		74,277		(74,277)	
							(7 1,277)	
			-		74,277			
	(35,658)		(3,535)		84,329		(395,905)	
	(55,550)		(5,550)		0 .,0_3		(010,100)	
	1,141,835		797,311		1,826,672		5,500,251	
\$	1,106,177	\$	793,776	\$	1,911,001	\$	5,104,346	

THIS PAGE IS LEFT BLANK INTENTIONALLY

INTERNAL SERVICE FUNDS

Internal Service funds are used to account for the financing of goods of services provided by one department or agency to other departments or agencies of the City and to other government units, on a cost reimbursement basis.

Administrative Services - This fund is used to account for the administrative activities of the City which are charged to the various operating funds of the City.

Central Services - This fund is used to account for the value added service provided by purchasing to the various City Departments.

Risk Management - This fund is used to account for the risk management activities of the City which are charged to the various operating funds of the City.

Information Services - This fund is used to account for the operations of the City's IT Department.

Postemployment Benefits - This fund is used to account for funding compensated absences payable of governmental funds.

Engineering - This fund is used to account for the operations of the City's engineering department.

City of Red Wing, Minnesota Internal Service Funds Combining Statement of Net Position December 31, 2023

	701 Administrative Services		702 Central Services		705/708 Risk Management		710 Information Services	
Assets							•	
Current Assets								
Cash and investments	\$	269,866	\$	373,932	\$	4,280,180	\$	-
Receivables								
Accrued interest		-		367		14,303		-
Accounts		698		12,019		13,416		-
Loans		-		-		8,811		-
Intergovernmental		-		27,076		18,183		-
Due from other funds		-		-		-		-
Inventories		-		125,611		4,540		-
Prepaid items		-		-		385		-
Total Current Assets		270,564		539,005		4,339,818		-
Capital Assets								
Buildings		-		7,825		-		-
Machinery and equipment		-		61,379		-		-
Office equipment		-		-		-		419,171
Vehicles		-		285,224		-		-
Less accumulated depreciation		-		(278,797)		-		(279,672)
Net Capital Assets		-		75,631		-		139,499
Total Assets		270,564		614,636		4,339,818		139,499
Liabilities								
Current Liabilities								
Accounts payable		3,485		136,625	80,705			144,668
Due to other funds		-		-		-		243,991
Salaries payable		104,849		157,845		7,160		21,481
Compensated absences payable		177,503		187,773		10,546		46,496
Total Current Liabilities		285,837		482,243		98,411		456,636
Noncurrent Liabilities								
Compensated absences payable		166,418		54,978		3,011		40,683
Total Liabilities		452,255		537,221		101,422		497,319
Net Position								
Investment in capital assets		-		75,631		-		139,499
Unrestricted		(181,691)		1,784		4,238,396		(497,319)
Total Net Position	\$	(181,691)	\$	77,415	\$	4,238,396	\$	(357,820)

Doot	715		728	
P08	temployment Benefits	E	ngineering	 Total
\$	1,197,443	\$	-	\$ 6,121,421
	-		3,403	18,073
	-		-	26,133
	-		-	8,811
	-		-	45,259
	-		-	- 130,151
	-		_	385
	1,197,443		3,403	 6,350,233
	_		_	7,825
	-		-	61,379
	-		90,758	509,929
	-		131,498	416,722
	_		(164,972)	 (723,441)
	-		57,284	 272,414
	1,197,443		60,687	 6,622,647
	-		48,002	413,485
	-		208,007	451,998
	-		35,304	326,639
	798,806		76,000	 1,297,124
	798,806		367,313	2,489,246
	395,985		48,572	 709,647
	1,194,791		415,885	3,198,893
	-		57,284	272,414
	2,652		(412,482)	 3,151,340
\$	2,652	\$	(355,198)	\$ 3,423,754

City of Red Wing, Minnesota Internal Service Funds

Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Net Position For the Year Ended December 31, 2023

	_	701 ministrative Services	702 Central Services	705/708 Risk Management		710 formation Services
Operating Revenues Charges for services Miscellaneous	\$	2,683,005 698	\$ 4,569,899 23,153	\$	6,982,776 2,408,980	\$ 1,212,355 1,680
Total Operating Revenues		2,683,703	 4,593,052		9,391,756	 1,214,035
Operating Expenses						
Personal services		1,655,547	1,851,084		87,313	357,782
Employee benefits		688,310	1,227,759		6,855,233	164,872
Supplies		33,750	521,460		143	3,442
Cost of merchandise sold		-	974,520		-	-
Professional services		281,124	244,562		813,329	48,549
Rent and leased equipment		2,222	351		-	21,944
Repairs and maintenance		20,667	9,556		-	518,932
Administration and fiscal charges		56,847	5,933		85,073	18,149
Insurance premiums		6,266	12,082		471,255	11,527
Insurance claims		-	-		69,238	-
Depreciation		-	25,250		-	53,660
Miscellaneous		5,625	-		7,014	418
Total Operating Expenses		2,750,358	4,872,557		8,388,598	1,199,275
Operating Income (Loss)		(66,655)	(279,505)		1,003,158	14,760
Nonoperating Revenues						
Investment income			 2,887		186,672	 43
Income (Loss) Before Transfers		(66,655)	(276,618)		1,189,830	14,803
Transfers In			 		_	
Change in Net Position		(66,655)	(276,618)		1,189,830	14,803
Net Position, January 1		(115,036)	 354,033		3,048,566	(372,623)
Net Position, December 31	\$	(181,691)	\$ 77,415	\$	4,238,396	\$ (357,820)

71			728	
Postempl Bene		Er	ngineering	Total
\$	-	\$	432,227 10	\$ 15,880,262 2,434,521
		-	432,237	 18,314,783
			,	
	-		489,132	4,440,858
	-		233,957	9,170,131
	-		27,755	586,550
	-		-	974,520
	-		509,146	1,896,710
	-		257	24,774
	-		2,582	551,737
	-		63,013	229,015
	-		3,612	504,742
	-		-	69,238
	-		5,057	83,967
	_		1,334,511	 13,057 18,545,299
			1,334,311	 10,343,299
	-		(902,274)	(230,516)
			24,392	 213,994
	-		(877,882)	(16,522)
			569,600	 569,600
	-		(308,282)	553,078
	2,652		(46,916)	 2,870,676
\$	2,652	\$	(355,198)	\$ 3,423,754

City of Red Wing, Minnesota Internal Service Funds Combining Statement of Cash Flows For the Year Ended December 31, 2023

		701 ministrative Services		702 Central Services		705/708 Risk anagement	lr	710 Information Services
Cash Flows from Operating Activities Receipts from interfund services provided	Ś	2,682,307	Ś	4,535,740	Ś	7,005,192	\$	1,212,355
Payments to vendors and suppliers	Ą	(435,631)	Ą	(1,804,207)	Ą	(904,928)	Ą	(471,660)
Payments to and on behalf of employees		(2,326,913)		(3,192,857)		(7,685,965)		(529,706)
Other receipts		698		23,153		2,408,980		1,680
Net Cash Provided (Used) by Operating Activities		(79,539)		(438,171)		823,279		212,669
Cash Flows from Noncapital Financing Activities								
Loans made		-		-		1,466		-
Increase (decrease) in due to other funds		-		-		-		(212,712)
Transfers from other funds								-
Net Cash Provided (Used) by Noncapital Financing Activities						1,466		(212,712)
Cash Flows from Capital and Related Financing Activities								
Payments for acquisition and construction of capital assets				(48,884)				
Cash Flows From Investing Activities								
Interest receipts		-		2,795		180,474		43
Net Increase (Decrease) in Cash and Cash Equivalents		(79,539)		(484,260)		1,005,219		-
Cash and Cash Equivalents, January 1		349,405		858,192		3,274,961		<u>-</u>
Cash and Cash Equivalents, December 31	\$	269,866	\$	373,932	\$	4,280,180	\$	-
Deconciliation of Operating Income (Loca) to Not								
Reconciliation of Operating Income (Loss) to Net Cash Provided (Used) by Operating Activities								
Operating income (loss)	\$	(66,655)	\$	(279,505)	\$	1,003,158	\$	14,760
Adjustments to reconcile operating income (loss) to net cash provided (used) by operating activities	¥	(00,000)	Ť	(=, 2,000)	*	1,000,100	*	,,
Depreciation		-		25,250		-		53,660
(Increase) decrease in assets				,				•
Accounts receivable		(698)		(10,280)		34,397		-
Due from other governments		-		(23,879)		(11,981)		-
Inventories		-		(35,468)		622		-
Prepaid items		-		-		9		-
Increase (decrease) in liabilities Accounts payable		(29,130)		(275)		(200 201)		139,774
Salaries payable		(29,130) 4,677		(275) (474)		(200,281) 346		(2,062)
Compensated absences payable		12,267		(113,540)		(2,991)		6,537
Net Cash Provided (Used) by Operating Activities	\$	(79,539)	\$	(438,171)	\$	823,279	\$	212,669

Poet	715 employment		728	
	Benefits	E	ingineering	Total
\$	- - 213,118 -	\$	434,127 (846,243) (713,231) 10	\$ 15,869,721 (4,462,669) (14,235,554) 2,434,521
	213,118		(1,125,337)	(393,981)
	- - - -		208,007 569,600 777,607	1,466 (4,705) 569,600 566,361
			(53,650)	 (102,534)
	<u>-</u>		23,420	206,732
	213,118		(377,960)	276,578
	984,325		377,960	5,844,843
\$	1,197,443	\$	-	\$ 6,121,421
\$	-	\$	(902,274)	\$ (230,516)
	-		5,057	83,967
	- - - -		1,900 - - -	25,319 (35,860) (34,846) 9
	- - 213,118		(239,878) 3,833 6,025	 (329,790) 6,320 121,416
\$	213,118	\$	(1,125,337)	\$ (393,981)

THIS PAGE IS LEFT BLANK INTENTIONALLY

CUSTODIAL FUNDS

Custodial funds are used to report fiduciary activities that are not required to be reported in pension (and other employee benefit) trust funds, investment trust funds, or private-purpose trust funds.

Cannon Valley Bike Trail - This fund is used to account for monies received to be used for Cannon Valley Trail.

Sheldon Auditorium - This fund is used to account for the operations of the T. B. Sheldon Auditorium.

Red Wing 2020 - This fund is used to account for the operations of the Red Wing 2020.

Coalition of Utility Cities - This fund is used to account for the operations of the Coalition of Utility Cities.

Local Government Utility - This fund is used to account for the operations of the Local Government Nuclear Waste Coalition.

City of Red Wing, Minnesota Combining Statement of Fiduciary Net Position Custodial Funds December 31, 2023

	808	810	825	840	845 Local	
	Cannon Valley Bike	Sheldon Auditorium	Red Wing 2020	Coalition of Utility Cities	Government Utility	Total
Assets						
Current Assets						
Cash and temporary investments	\$ 908,278	\$ 391,257	\$ 1,061	\$ 218,835	\$ 1,129	\$ 1,520,560
Assets held in endowment	-	3,723,466	-	-	-	3,723,466
Receivables						
Accrued interest	1,188	-	-	-	-	1,188
Accounts	-	-	-	48,311	-	48,311
Due from primary government	-	99,943	-	-	-	99,943
Prepaid items		63,694				63,694
Total Assets	909,466	4,278,360	1,061	267,146	1,129	5,457,162
Liabilities						
Current Liabilities						
Accounts payable	56,063	34,484	_	1,455	_	92,002
Due to other governments	187	1,445	-		-	1,632
Salaries payable	-	32,636	-	-	-	32,636
Compensated absences payable	-	8,857	-	-	-	8,857
Unearned revenue	-	131,939	-	-	-	131,939
Total Current Liabilities	56,250	209,361	-	1,455		267,066
Noncurrent Liabilities						
Compensated absences payable		56,171				56,171
Total Liabilities	E6 2E0	265 522		1,455		222 227
i otai Liabilities	56,250	265,532		1,455		323,237
Net Position						
Restricted						
Individuals, Organizations, Endowments and Other Governments	\$ 853,216	\$ 4,012,828	\$ 1,061	\$ 265,691	\$ 1,129	\$ 5,133,925

City of Red Wing, Minnesota Combining Statement of Changes in Fiduciary Net Position Custodial Funds For the Year Ended December 31, 2023

	808	810	825	840	845 Local	
	Cannon	Sheldon	Red Wing	Coalition of	Government	
	Valley Bike	Auditorium	2020	Utility Cities	Utility	Total
Additions					_	
Intergovernmental	\$ 792,409	\$ 232,608	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 1,025,017
Investment earnings	8,563	285,659	-	-	-	294,222
Charges for services	139,355	522,821	-	-	-	662,176
Miscellaneous	24,969	305,526		174,999		505,494
Total Additions	965,296	1,346,614		174,999		2,486,909
Deductions						
Culture and recreation						
Personal services	33,531	657,827	-	-	-	691,358
Supplies	30,649	44,967	-	-	-	75,616
Other services and charges	243,519	553,860	-	-	-	797,379
Capital outlay	898,445	-	-	-	-	898,445
Miscellaneous						
Other services and charges	-	-	-	89,882	-	89,882
Total Deductions	1,206,144	1,256,654		89,882		2,552,680
Net Increase (Decrease) in Fiduciary Net Position	(240,848)	89,960	-	85,117	-	(65,771)
Net Position, January 1	1,094,064	3,922,868	1,061	180,574	1,129	5,199,696
Net Position, December 31	\$ 853,216	\$ 4,012,828	\$ 1,061	\$ 265,691	\$ 1,129	\$ 5,133,925

THIS PAGE IS LEFT BLANK INTENTIONALLY

DISCRETELY PRESENTED COMPONENT UNIT PORT AUTHORITY

CITY OF RED WING RED WING, MINNESOTA

FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2023

City of Red Wing, Minnesota
Discretely Presented Component Unit - Port Authority
Combining Balance Sheet (Continued on the following page)
December 31, 2023

	Special Revenue									
	_	236		231		232	233		234	
		t Authority General	I	ndustrial Loan		Micro Loan	ermediary elending		all Business opment Fund	Total
Assets		General		LUdii		LUali	 elending	Devel	opinent Fund	 TOtal
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	369,346	\$	1,030,626	\$	75,872	\$ 536,041	\$	40,000	\$ 2,051,885
Receivables		•				•				
Delinquent taxes		2,566		-		-	-		-	2,566
Accounts		21,491		3,483		-	10,000		-	34,974
Notes and loans (net of allowance)		- 1046		1,061,898		27,580	121,540		60,000	1,271,018
Intergovernmental		1,946		-		-	-		-	1,946
Leases		449,285					 		<u>-</u> _	449,285
Total Assets	\$	844,634	\$	2,096,007	\$	103,452	\$ 667,581	\$	100,000	\$ 3,811,674
Liabilities										
Accounts payable	\$	80,937	\$	-	\$	-	\$ -	\$	-	\$ 80,937
Due to other governments		-				-	 158,233			158,233
Total Liabilities		80,937				-	 158,233		-	239,170
Deferred Inflows of Resources										
Deferred lease resources		435,219		-		-	-		-	435,219
Unavailable revenue										•
Taxes		2,566				-	-			2,566
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources		437,785					 -		-	 437,785
Fund Balances										
Restricted		-		-		-	509,348		100,000	609,348
Committed		-		2,096,007		103,452	-		-	2,199,459
Assigned		325,912		-		-	-			325,912
Total Fund Balances		325,912		2,096,007		103,452	 509,348		100,000	 3,134,719
Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of										
Resources and Fund Balances	\$	844,634	\$	2,096,007	\$	103,452	\$ 667,581	\$	100,000	\$ 3,811,674

City of Red Wing, Minnesota
Discretely Presented Component Unit - Port Authority
Combining Balance Sheet (Continued)
December 31, 2023

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net position are different because	Total
Fund Balances - governmental funds from above	\$ 3,134,719
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and therefore are not reported as assets in the funds.	700,605
Long-term liabilities, including lease obligations, are not due and payable in the current period and therefore are not reported as liabilities in the funds. Lease payable	(93,035)
Long-term assets are not available to pay current-period expenditures and, therefore, are unavailable in the funds. Delinquent property taxes receivable	2,566
Internal service funds are used by management to charge the costs of insurance and various services to individual funds. The assets and liabilities of the internal services funds are included in governmental activities in the statement of net position.	2,453
Total Net Position - Governmental Activities	\$ 3,747,308

City of Red Wing, Minnesota

Discretely Presented Component Unit - Port Authority

Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances (Continued on the following page)

For the Year Ended December 31, 2023

			Special Revenue			
	236 Port Authority General	231 Industrial Loan	232 Micro Loan	233 Intermediary Relending	234 Small Business Development Fund	d Total
Revenues					·	
Taxes						
Property taxes	\$ 511,335	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 511,335
Other taxes	1,023	-	-	-	-	1,023
Intergovernmental						
State	12,054	-	-	-	-	12,054
Charges for services	181,805	-	-	-	-	181,805
Investment income	125	-	-	12,235	-	12,360
Miscellaneous						
Interest on notes and loans	-	55,229	316	7,096	-	62,641
Other	-	-	67	-	-	67
Total Revenues	706,342	55,229	383	19,331		781,285
Expenditures						
Current						
Economic development						
Personal services	5,772	-	-	-	-	5,772
Supplies	1,436	-	-	-	-	1,436
Other services and charges	530,230	_	_	-	-	530,230
Miscellaneous	410,791	_	_	(2,834)	-	407,957
Capital outlay	•			(, ,		•
Economic development	114,342	_	_	-	-	114,342
Debt service	•					•
Principal retirement	21,307	_	-	-	-	21,307
Interest and fiscal charges	4,357	_	-	1,890	-	6,247
Total Expenditures	1,088,235	_	-	(944)	-	1,087,291
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues						
Over (Under) Expenditures	(381,893)	55,229	383	20,275		(306,006)
Other Financing Uses						
Lease issued	114,342	_	_	_	-	114,342
Payment to primary government	(120,612)	_	_	_	-	(120,612)
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	(6,270)	-		-		(6,270)
Net Change in Fund Balances	(388,163)	55,229	383	20,275	-	(312,276)
Fund Balances, January 1	714,075	2,040,778	103,069	489,073	100,000	3,446,995
Fund Balances, December 31	\$ 325,912	\$ 2,096,007	\$ 103,452	\$ 509,348	\$ 100,000	\$ 3,134,719

City of Red Wing, Minnesota Discretely Presented Component Unit - Port Authority Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances (Continued) For the Year Ended December 31, 2023

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement	Total
of activities are different because	
Net Change in Fund Balances - Governmental Funds from Above	\$ (312,276)
Governmental funds report capital outlay as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities the cost of those assets is allocated over the estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation expense.	
Capital outlay Depreciation/amortization expense	114,342 (37,123)
Delinquent property taxes receivable will be collected this year, but are not available soon enough to pay for the current period's expenditures, and therefore are unavailable in the funds. Property taxes	936
The issuance of long-term debt provides current financial resources to governmental funds, while the repayment of principal of long-term debt consumes the current financial resources of governmental funds. Neither transaction, however, has any effect on net position. Also, governmental funds report the effect of premiums, discounts and similar items when debt is first issued, whereas these amounts are deferred and amortized in the statement of activities. Lease issued	
Lease repayments	21,307 (114,342)
Internal service funds are used by management to charge the costs of various services to individual funds. The net revenues of certain activities of internal service funds is reported	(11,012)
with governmental activities.	 (1,591)
Change in Net Position - Governmental Activities	\$ (328,747)

City of Red Wing, Minnesota

Summary Financial Report

Revenues and Expenditures For General Operations Governmental Funds

For the Years Ended December 31, 2023 and 2022

			Percent Increase	
	202	.3	2022	(Decrease)
Revenues				
Taxes	\$ 24,04	43,147 \$	24,135,111	(0.38) %
Special assessments	73	35,573	771,496	(4.66)
Licenses and permits	40	00,361	436,167	(8.21)
Intergovernmental	5,60	02,692	4,489,347	24.80
Charges for services	1,46	64,663	1,415,637	3.46
Fines and forfeits		30,718	72,039	12.05
Investment income (loss)		04,686	(2,330,238)	N/A
Miscellaneous		35,598	1,128,770	(8.25)
				(/
Total Revenues	\$ 35,56	67,438 \$	30,118,329	18.09 %
Per Capita	\$	2,123 \$	1,816	16.91 %
Expenditures				
Current				
General government	\$ 2,38	83,634 \$	2,289,242	4.12 %
Public safety		67,279	8,920,098	1.65
Public works		44,686	3,224,304	9.94
Sanitation	•	47,927	38,376	24.89
Culture and recreation		37,491	3,994,879	1.07
Economic development		32,488	1,431,674	(6.93)
Airport	-	32, 4 00 37,112	332,454	(13.64)
Transit	20	57,112	226	(100.00)
Cemeteries	11	28,742	444,308	(3.50)
Unallocated		20,742 99,847	242,840	(3.30)
	13	99,047	242,040	(17.70)
Capital outlay	1/	01.075	4.070	1 0 4 0 E 1
General government		01,975	4,978	1,948.51
Public safety		27,519	30,948	958.29
Public works		00,680	6,781,993	(32.16)
Culture and recreation		50,133	180,380	593.06
Economic development		16,589	12,057	37.59
Airport		17,692	20,158	4,948.58
Cemeteries	•	38,205	36,412	4.92
Debt service				
Principal		38,296	4,465,000	1.64
Interest and fiscal charges	69	99,898	821,177	(14.77)
Bond issuance costs		- -	-	N/A
Total Expenditures	\$ 33,92	20,193 \$	33,271,504	1.95 %
Per Capita	\$	2,024 \$	2,006	0.93 %
Total Long-term Indebtedness	\$ 17,69	97,637 \$	22,235,933	(20.41) %
Per Capita		1,056	1,340	(21.21)
General Fund Balance - December 31	\$ 27,08		26,432,819	2.48 %
Per Capita		1,617	1,593	1.46

The purpose of this report is to provide a summary of financial information concerning the City of Red Wing to interested citizens. The complete financial statements may be examined at City Hall, 315 W 4th Street, Red Wing, MN 55066. Questions about this report should be directed to Marshall Hallock at (651) 385-3602.

STATISTICAL SECTION (UNAUDITED)

CITY OF RED WING RED WING, MINNESOTA

FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2023

THIS PAGE IS LEFT BLANK INTENTIONALLY

STATISTICAL SECTION (UNAUDITED)

This part of the City of Red Wing's annual comprehensive financial report presents detailed information as a context for understanding what the information in the financial statements, note disclosures, and required supplementary information says about the government's overall financial health.

Financial Trends

These schedules contain trend information to help the reader understand how the government's financial performance and well-being have changed over time.

Revenue Capacity

These schedules contain information to help the reader assess the government's most significant local revenue source, the property tax.

Debt Capacity

These schedules present information to help the reader assess the affordability of the government's current levels of outstanding debt and the government's ability to issue additional debt in the future.

Demographic and Economic Information

These schedules offer demographic and economic indicators to help the reader understand the environment within which the government's financial activities take place.

Operating Information

These schedules contain service and infrastructure data to help the reader understand how the information in the government's financial report relates to the services the government provides and the activities it performs.

City of Red Wing, Minnesota Net Position By Component Last Ten Fiscal Years (Accrual Basis of Accounting)

			Fiscal Year		
	2023	2022	2021	2020	2019
Governmental Activities					
Net investment in capital assets	\$ 103,300,224	\$ 98,523,215	\$ 93,291,928	\$ 86,519,771	\$ 80,102,509
Restricted	19,256,326	17,704,727	18,763,839	18,876,295	18,292,106
Unrestricted	36,530,420	35,571,165	37,956,673	36,152,726	35,107,626
Total Governmental Activities Net Position	\$ 159,086,970	\$ 151,799,107	\$ 150,012,440	\$ 141,548,792	\$ 133,502,241
Duning and Auror Androiding					
Business-type Activities	Ó (O 4EO 07E	Λ Γ 0.100 Γ 6.7	Å F7 F01 040	Å FF.000.400	Δ F 2.600.740
Net investment in capital assets Restricted	\$ 62,459,275	\$ 58,102,567	\$ 57,591,840	\$ 55,900,420	\$ 53,690,749
	(2.020.257)	(606 E60)	(102.052)	(466 720)	490,600
Unrestricted	(2,038,257)	(686,560)	(193,852)	(466,730)	(488,437)
Total Business-type Activities Net Position	\$ 60,421,018	\$ 57,416,007	\$ 57,397,988	\$ 55,433,690	\$ 53,692,912
Primary Government					
Net investment in capital assets	\$ 165,759,499	\$ 156,625,782	\$ 150,883,768	\$ 142,420,191	\$ 133,793,258
Restricted	19,256,326	17,704,727	18,763,839	18,876,295	18,782,706
Unrestricted	34,492,163	34,884,605	37,762,821	35,685,996	34,619,189
Total Primary Government Net Position	\$ 219,507,988	\$ 209,215,114	\$ 207,410,428	\$ 196,982,482	\$ 187,195,153

Table 1

		Fiscal Year		
2018	2017	2016	2015	2014
\$ 74,558,012 15,669,640 32,445,017	\$ 65,465,148 15,331,092 30,800,095	\$ 58,051,200 14,254,984 28,121,151	\$ 49,648,560 13,309,298 32,917,382	\$ 46,262,064 12,812,857 31,756,579
\$ 122,672,669	\$ 111,596,335	\$ 100,427,335	\$ 95,875,240	\$ 90,831,500
\$ 50,671,411 472,538 994,152	\$ 48,252,911 454,476 797,066	\$ 44,944,878 436,414 2,894,021	\$ 44,265,403 418,352 2,404,032	\$ 41,964,192 400,290 7,743,886
\$ 52,138,101	\$ 49,504,453	\$ 48,275,313	\$ 47,087,787	\$ 50,108,368
\$ 125,229,423 16,142,178 33,439,169	\$ 113,718,059 15,785,568 31,597,161	\$ 102,996,078 14,691,398 31,015,172	\$ 93,913,963 13,727,650 35,321,414	\$ 88,226,256 13,213,147 39,500,465
\$ 174,810,770	\$ 161,100,788	\$ 148,702,648	\$ 142,963,027	\$ 140,939,868

City of Red Wing, Minnesota Changes in Net Position (Continued on the Following Pages) Last Ten Fiscal Years (Accrual Basis of Accounting)

			Fiscal Year		
	2023	2022	2021	2020	2019
Expenses	·				
Governmental Activities					
General government	\$ 2,896,236	\$ 2,759,870	\$ 2,396,890	\$ 2,378,800	\$ 2,302,696
Public safety	10,678,850	9,920,596	8,299,485	9,299,639	7,999,708
Public works	9,201,272	7,665,726	7,513,849	7,236,954	6,339,104
Sanitation	46,407	41,230	43,791	62,237	70,548
Culture and recreation	5,096,497	5,096,239	4,361,808	4,438,605	4,453,930
Economic development	1,444,103	1,636,344	2,099,220	2,052,125	1,961,397
Airport	394,168	398,653	337,844	314,972	788,599
Cemeteries	493,955	505,987	484,345	439,843	411,340
Transit	· -	208	23	31,181	30,305
Interest and fiscal charges	370,746	341,417	607,073	721,999	849,877
Total Governmental Activities Expenses	30,622,234	28,366,270	26,144,328	26,976,355	25,207,504
Business-Type Activities	0.007.504	0.660.406	0.400.004	0.607.004	0.407.404
Ambulance	3,227,504	3,662,126	2,602,201	2,637,394	2,427,424
Refuse collection and recycling	3,249,224	3,008,637	2,949,020	2,938,594	2,751,975
Water	3,440,433	3,358,719	3,275,412	3,142,303	3,083,037
Sewer	5,977,179	5,764,126	4,670,247	4,752,683	4,308,018
Storm water	1,077,237	979,979	889,196	928,302	917,945
Solid waste campus	5,507,693	5,350,561	4,877,124	4,249,011	3,863,171
Marina	806,461	728,010	707,691	627,636	650,314
Total Business-type Activities Expenses	23,285,731	22,852,158	19,970,891	19,275,923	18,001,884
Total Primary Government Expenses	\$ 53,907,965	\$ 51,218,428	\$ 46,115,219	\$ 46,252,278	\$ 43,209,388
Program Revenue					
Governmental Activities					
Charges for services					
General government	\$ 694,233	\$ 645,913	\$ 509,725	\$ 306,285	\$ 360,160
Public safety	729,065	760,934	559,901	585,947	697,271
Public works	102,916	126,967	110,747	142,305	196,529
Culture and recreation	226,384	210,289	229,146	121,996	163,828
Economic development		6,522	5,598	9,037	10,905
Airport	98,134	113,764	121,003	104,985	508,244
Cemeteries	217,229	223,152	277,005	320,681	217,172
Operating grants and contributions	6,688,982	2,844,672	1,985,850	2,617,452	1,985,988
Capital grants and contributions	1,352,555	1,315,520	4,991,182	4,681,547	5,660,185
Total Governmental Activities Program Revenues	10,109,498	6,247,733	8,790,157	8,890,235	9,800,282
Business-type Activities	·				
Charges for services					
Ambulance	3,624,040	2,885,881	2,564,035	2,013,230	2,165,995
Refuse collection and recycling	3,523,871	3,251,971	2,849,662	2,734,616	2,581,246
Water	4,811,048	4,480,345	3,814,559	3,674,000	3,674,091
Sewer	7,273,482	6,389,186	5,336,604	4,959,154	4,999,087
Storm water	1,383,471	1,304,340	1,311,885	1,391,077	1,357,185
Solid waste campus	5,141,795	4,865,440	5,222,827	4,318,835	5,793,406
Marina	863,110	857,345	873,320	804,175	688,091
Operating grants and contributions	205,538	369,083	217,712	182,918	345,628
Capital grants and contributions	•			•	•
	93,919	195,625	206,427	1,999,500	52,568
Total Business-type Activities Program Revenues	26,920,274	24,599,216	22,397,031	22,077,505	21,657,297
Total Primary Government Program Revenues	\$ 37,029,772	\$ 30,846,949	\$ 31,187,188	\$ 30,967,740	\$ 31,457,579
Net (Expense) Revenue	Δ(00 F40 705)	Δ (00 110 F0T)	0/17 05 4 474	0 (10 000 100)	Δ (1 F 407 000)
Governmental Activities	\$(20,512,736)	\$ (22,118,537)	\$(17,354,171)	\$ (18,086,120)	\$ (15,407,222)
Business-type Activities	3,634,543	1,747,058	2,426,140	2,801,582	3,655,413
Total Primary Government Net Expense	\$ 16,878,193	\$ 20,371,479	\$ 14,928,031	\$ 15,284,538	\$ 11,751,809

Table 2

Fiscal Year							
2018	2017	2016	2015	2014			
A 0407.544	4 4070 600	A 0404047	A 0014400	4 4000 550			
\$ 2,197,544	\$ 1,978,680	\$ 2,186,067	\$ 2,014,182	\$ 1,928,550			
7,403,798	7,458,841	8,359,216	6,037,426	6,033,337			
6,310,412	5,616,530	5,502,852	4,967,050	5,291,324			
89,269	96,063	66,457	38,978	48,969			
4,187,586	4,223,786	4,091,398	3,308,523	3,791,583			
1,967,863	1,116,449	526,193	861,913	562,704			
405,650	354,440	375,284	375,939	358,401			
415,040	368,286	494,246	371,341	368,248			
206	236	27,885	48,200	22,904			
1,023,906	567,690	411,189	324,976	153,007			
24,001,274	21,781,001	22,040,787	18,348,528	18,559,027			
2,053,098	2,186,069	2,385,807	1,865,373	1,842,459			
2,564,204	2,450,536	2,377,624	2,452,011	2,050,561			
3,100,054	3,250,721	3,291,289	3,176,793	3,127,351			
4,695,023	4,246,080	4,720,564	4,341,896	4,216,823			
656,048	801,777	639,856	719,183	622,651			
3,254,076	3,242,387	2,575,882	2,647,529	2,272,893			
591,098	550,923	564,350	620,148	711,761			
16,913,601	16,728,493	16,555,372	15,822,933	14,844,499			
\$ 40,914,875	\$ 38,509,494	\$ 38,596,159	\$ 34,171,461	\$ 33,403,526			
Q 10,51 1,07 0	+ + + + + + + + + + + + + + + + + + + 	V 00,030,103	Q 01,171,101	V 00,100,020			
\$ 401,318	\$ 242,075	\$ 220,509	\$ 213,967	\$ 222,553			
752,079	717,634	446,891	445,281	487,672			
121,458	205,902	106,649	116,943	222,671			
217,036	204,738	201,576	205,901	171,026			
14,051	20,474	19,641	18,891	31,460			
118,063	102,222	104,043	117,471	107,625			
175,621	183,357	196,675	186,409	159,976			
1,642,979	1,130,771	1,157,393	1,676,665	1,306,110			
5,517,336	5,726,499	3,509,448	8,248,980	2,493,704			
8,959,941	8,533,672	5,962,825	11,230,508	5,202,797			
0,707,711	0,000,072	0,702,020	11,200,000	0,202,777			
2,091,102	1,817,922	1,770,147	1,732,331	1,700,329			
2,536,707	2,494,292	2,474,252	2,401,294	2,245,610			
3,579,496	3,435,180	3,349,471	3,313,412	3,305,736			
5,040,547	4,593,955	4,397,573	3,819,287	3,808,506			
1,334,966	1,303,006	1,325,296	1,274,544	1,110,841			
4,260,460	3,618,528	2,713,880	2,695,806	2,435,248			
691,877	665,935	550,365	554,370	565,965			
40,735	19,346	36,059	28,093	54,787			
368,812			68,977				
19,944,702	17,948,164	16,617,043	15,888,114	15,227,022			
\$ 28,904,643	\$ 26,481,836	\$ 22,579,868	\$ 27,118,622	\$ 20,429,819			
\$ (15,041,333)	\$ (13,247,329)	\$ (16,077,962)	\$ (7,118,020)	\$ (13,356,230)			
3,031,101	1,219,671	61,671	65,181	382,523			
\$ 12,010,232	\$ 12,027,658	\$ 16,016,291	\$ 7,052,839	\$ 12,973,707			
ψ 12,010,23Z	<u> </u>	Ψ 10,010,231	7,002,009	<u> </u>			

City of Red Wing, Minnesota Changes in Net Position (Continued) Last Ten Fiscal Years (Accrual Basis of Accounting)

	Fiscal Year					
	2023	2022	2021	2020	2019	
General Revenues and Other Changes in Net Position						
Governmental Activities						
Taxes						
Property taxes, levied for general purposes	\$ 18,868,977	\$ 18,616,115	\$ 17,786,198	\$ 17,718,266	\$ 14,161,673	
Property taxes, levied for debt service	4,656,570	4,909,320	5,083,396	5,645,428	6,125,216	
Tax increments	-	-	25,572	138,474	128,248	
Franchise taxes	201,255	229,369	232,637	241,107	251,768	
Hotel-motel taxes	298,563	308,172	249,531	149,562	263,495	
Other taxes	52,811	51,803	51,523	48,537	43,752	
Grants and contributions not restricted to specific programs	303,768	634,078	2,417,613	767,552	888,367	
Unrestricted investment earnings (loss)	2,418,680	(2,510,129)	(13,363)	655,744	1,843,522	
Other revenues	36,544	10,371	22,804	289,428	72,111	
Gain on sale of capital assets	33,809	111,416	37,071	70,263	105,334	
Transfers	929,622	1,544,689	645,479	408,310	2,354,897	
Total Governmental Activities	27,800,599	23,905,204	26,538,461	26,132,671	26,238,383	
Business-type Activities						
Unrestricted investment earnings (loss)	288.750	(219,442)	(7,507)	60,588	252.317	
Gain on sale of capital assets	11,340	35,092	191,144	73,621	1,978	
Transfers	(929,622)	(1,544,689)	(645,479)	(408,310)	(2,354,897)	
Loss on discontinued operations	-	-	-	-	-	
Total Business-type Activities	(629,532)	(1,729,039)	(461,842)	(274,101)	(2,100,602)	
Total Primary Government	\$ 27,171,067	\$ 22,176,165	\$ 26,076,619	\$ 25,858,570	\$ 24,137,781	
Changes in Net Position						
Governmental Activities	\$ 7,287,863	\$ 1,786,667	\$ 9,184,290	\$ 8,046,551	\$ 10,831,161	
Business-type Activities	3,005,011	18,019	1,964,298	2,527,481	1,554,811	
Total Primary Government	\$ 10,292,874	\$ 1,804,686	\$ 11,148,588	\$ 10,574,032	\$ 12,385,972	

Table 2 (Continued)

		Fiscal Year		
2018	2017	2016	2015	2014
\$ 19,522,521	\$ 18,570,054	\$ 17,565,362	\$ 15,926,127	\$ 13,979,615
3,653,662	3,037,320	2,087,390	1,228,574	612,320
136,802	130,672	126,293	130,668	119,509
247,661	252,374	250,847	231,315	228,567
-	-	-	-	-
39,681	38,728	36,789	34,934	39,793
1,305,856	1,215,076	1,350,331	1,517,171	1,796,830
783,568	818,561	(29,598)	528,855	2,190,982
400,875	201,387	54,659	68,355	30,032
176,756	10,316	71,779	105,141	31,854
135,694	141,841	(883,795)	(1,940,807)	486,494
26,403,076	24,416,329	20,630,057	17,830,333	19,515,996
82,102	90,603	211,253	339,807	1,115,146
26,472	60,707	30,807	104,459	112,220
(135,694)	(141,841)	883,795	1,940,807	(486,494)
-	-	-	-	(2,564,361)
(27,120)	9,469	1,125,855	2,385,073	(1,823,489)
\$ 26,375,956	\$ 24,425,798	\$ 21,755,912	\$ 20,215,406	\$ 17,692,507
\$ 11,361,743	\$ 11,169,000	\$ 4,552,095	\$ 10,712,313	\$ 6,159,766
3,003,981	1,229,140	1,187,526	2,450,254	(1,440,966)
\$ 14,365,724	\$ 12,398,140	\$ 5,739,621	\$ 13,162,567	\$ 4,718,800

THIS PAGE IS LEFT BLANK INTENTIONALLY

City of Red Wing, Minnesota Governmental Activities Tax Revenues By Source Last Ten Fiscal Years (Accrual Basis of Accounting)

Table 3

	Propert	y Taxes							
Fiscal Year	Levied for General Purposes	Levied for Debt Service	Tax Increments	F	ranchise Tax	Ho	otel-Motel Tax	 Other Tax	Total
2023	\$ 18,868,977	\$ 4,656,570	\$ -	\$	201,255	\$	298,563	\$ 52,811	\$ 24,078,176
2022	18,616,115	4,909,320	-		229,369		308,172	51,803	24,114,779
2021	17,786,198	5,083,396	25,572		232,637		249,531	51,523	23,428,857
2020	17,718,266	5,645,428	138,474		241,107		149,562	48,537	23,941,374
2019	14,161,673	6,125,216	128,248		251,768		263,495	43,752	20,974,152
2018	19,522,521	3,653,662	136,802		247,661		-	39,681	23,600,327
2017	18,570,054	3,037,320	130,672		252,374		-	38,728	22,029,148
2016	17,565,362	2,087,390	126,293		250,847		-	36,789	20,066,681
2015	15,926,127	1,228,574	130,668		231,315		-	34,934	17,551,618
2014	13,979,615	612,320	119,509		228,567		-	39,793	14,979,804

City of Red Wing, Minnesota Fund Balances of Governmental Funds Last Ten Fiscal Years (Modified Accrual Basis of Accounting)

			Fiscal Year		
	2023	2022	2021	2020	2019
General Fund					
Nonspendable	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 62,594	\$ 1,064,270
Restricted	821,396	-	-	48,697	98,424
Committed	-	3,600,000	3,600,000	3,600,000	3,600,000
Assigned	717,018	685,243	585,243	592,743	742,741
Unassigned	25,550,920	22,147,576	24,190,003	23,844,117	21,931,586
Total General Fund	\$ 27,089,334	\$ 26,432,819	\$ 28,375,246	\$ 28,148,151	\$ 27,437,021
All Other Governmental Funds					
Nonspendable	\$ 644,988	\$ 2,783,132	\$ 2,818,893	\$ 2,722,455	\$ 2,588,039
Restricted	17,711,589	15,000,463	16,280,810	16,585,701	17,111,630
Committed	7,099,000	5,793,608	4,319,652	6,201,435	5,743,100
Assigned	5,121,586	5,539,776	5,124,602	4,707,486	5,107,669
Unassigned	(654,862)	(583,746)	(360,433)	(925,090)	(839,382)
Total All Other Governmental Funds	\$ 29,922,301	\$ 28,533,233	\$ 28,183,524	\$ 29,291,987	\$ 29,711,056

Table 4

Fiscal Year								
2018	2017	2016	2015	2014				
\$ 1,064,052 4,897,102 3,600,000 542,741 20,259,408	\$ 1,063,817 2,504,393 3,600,000 542,741 18,524,408	\$ 142,122 1,467,860 3,600,000 - 17,598,256	\$ 113,387 1,010,204 3,600,000 - 14,992,326	\$ 193,687 1,005,870 3,600,000 - 12,674,073				
\$ 30,363,303	\$ 26,235,359	\$ 22,808,238	\$ 19,715,917	\$ 17,473,630				
\$ 2,454,190 18,985,163 2,967,968 6,458,925 (1,382,088)	\$ 2,474,046 14,714,608 3,240,965 5,772,009 (1,258,162)	\$ 2,351,681 12,706,743 3,277,743 5,761,280 (1,931,540)	\$ 2,208,470 11,169,450 5,788,854 6,483,127 (429,114)	\$ 4,991,700 10,865,226 767,845 4,389,895 (1,339,709)				
\$ 29,484,158	\$ 24,943,466	\$ 22,165,907	\$ 25,220,787	\$ 19,674,957				

City of Red Wing, Minnesota Changes in Fund Balances of Governmental Funds Last Ten Fiscal Years (Modified Accrual Basis of Accounting)

			Fiscal Year		
	2023	2022	2021	2020	2019
Revenues					
Taxes	\$ 24,043,147	\$ 24,135,111	\$ 23,423,670	\$ 23,931,090	\$ 20,976,818
Special assessments	735,573	771,496	630,228	867,216	430,028
Intergovernmental revenue	5,602,692	4,489,347	6,701,733	6,595,370	8,647,517
Licenses and permits	400,361	436,167	240,097	278,897	368,777
Charges for services	1,464,663	1,415,637	1,296,837	795,174	976,522
Fines and forfeits	80,718	72,039	60,982	44,602	81,956
Interest income (loss)	2,204,686	(2,330,238)	(5,448)	620,322	1,665,491
Miscellaneous	1,035,598	1,128,770	608,867	832,006	900,616
Total Revenues	35,567,438	30,118,329	32,956,966	33,964,677	34,047,725
Expenditures					
General government	2,383,634	2,289,242	2,122,793	2,067,986	2,064,234
Public safety	9,067,279	8,920,098	8,198,218	8,303,007	7,455,079
Public works	3,544,686	3,224,304	3,282,031	3,211,907	2,995,786
Sanitation	47,927	38,376	44,118	61,124	60,769
Culture and recreation	4,037,491	3,994,879	3,629,506	3,607,285	3,732,936
Economic development	1,332,488	1,431,674	2,044,996	1,961,080	1,753,077
Airport	287,112	332,454	269,713	250,021	704,372
Cemeteries	428,742	444,308	408,384	358,080	360,182
Transit	-	226	-	31,173	30,381
Contingencies and other	199.847	242,840	78.879	98,824	133,297
Capital outlay	7,352,793	7,066,926	8,427,959	8,313,078	15,802,545
Debt service	7,002,770	7,000,720	0,127,505	0,010,070	10,002,010
Principal	4,538,296	4,465,000	4,365,000	4,240,000	2,935,000
Interest and fiscal charges	699,898	821,177	935,420	1,056,207	1,320,598
Bond issuance costs	-	-	-	-	
Total Expenditures	33,920,193	33,271,504	33,807,017	33,559,772	39,348,256
Excess of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures	1,647,245	(3,153,175)	(850,051)	404,905	(5,300,531)
Other Financing Sources (Uses)					
Sale of capital assets	38,316	111,416	38,071	70,263	107,839
Transfers in	5,122,045	9,066,617	6,353,168	5,750,126	12,072,382
Bonds issued	-	-	-	-	-
Premium on bonds issued	_	_	_	_	_
Transfers out	(4,762,023)	(7,617,576)	(6,422,556)	(5,933,233)	(9,577,485)
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	398,338	1,560,457	(31,317)	(112,844)	2,602,736
· otal otalo. · manoning obtained (cool)			(0.1,0.17)	(,	
Net Change in Fund Balance	\$ 2,045,583	\$ (1,592,718)	\$ (881,368)	\$ 292,061	\$ (2,697,795)
Debt service as a percentage of noncapital expenditures	19.21%	20.17%	20.88%	20.98%	18.07%
Debt service as a percentage of total expenditures	15.44%	15.89%	15.68%	15.78%	10.82%

Table 5

		Fiscal Year		
2018	2017	2016	2015	2014
		-		
\$ 23,625,190	\$ 22,016,695	\$ 20,149,887	\$ 17,522,463	\$ 15,027,160
700,994	867,140	491,636	410,235	1,300,387
7,082,531	6,069,508	5,519,205	11,750,265	5,451,664
395,487	390,394	234,925	251,182	271,741
814,189	721,865	605,117	577,233	535,387
89,398	82,057	89,599	88,125	83,991
722,293	785,340	17,545	494,171	1,891,320
1,377,456	992,282	599,655	818,731	718,158
34,807,538	31,925,281	27,707,569	31,912,405	25,279,808
1,930,751	1,657,839	1,814,476	1,834,768	1,715,823
6,999,578	6,329,892	6,339,056	5,882,501	5,755,448
	2,833,260	2,609,653	2,570,328	2,947,103
2,799,613 80,256			2,570,326 43,891	
3,464,235	84,249	49,339 3,259,092	3,033,293	49,680 3,187,335
	3,606,939	486,445	822,158	525,693
1,899,496 299,996	1,098,068 233,749	227,118	251,797	221,686
	•	•	•	•
340,666	286,930	404,413 27,720	332,475 48,200	323,860 22,904
112,255	153,065	180,769	81,536	85,994
•			•	
19,992,982	14,255,013	18,711,325	14,630,507	8,381,266
3,020,000	1,600,000	870,000	845,000	475,000
781,395	515,743	312,479	140,702	165,689
-	-	107,617	116,103	-
41,721,223	32,654,747	35,399,502	30,633,259	23,857,481
(6,913,685)	(729,466)	(7,691,933)	1,279,146	1,422,327
208,008	39,566	148,679	105,141	43,685
5,491,216	4,587,172	4,349,273	4,723,724	5,231,828
13,535,000	6,740,000	8,525,000	7,735,000	1,115,000
1,617,340	494,647	339,490	221,357	19,612
(5,269,243)	(4,927,239)	(5,633,068)	(6,276,251)	(5,201,062)
15,582,321	6,934,146	7,729,374	6,508,971	1,209,063
10,002,021	0,501,110	7,723,071	0,000,571	1,203,000
\$ 8,668,636	\$ 6,204,680	\$ 37,441	\$ 7,788,117	\$ 2,631,390
17.51%	11.54%	7.07%	6.20%	4.16%
9.11%	6.48%	3.34%	3.22%	2.69%

THIS PAGE IS LEFT BLANK INTENTIONALLY

City of Red Wing, Minnesota General Governmental Tax Revenues By Source Last Ten Fiscal Years

(modified accrual basis of accounting)

Table 6

Fiscal Year	Property <u>Tax</u>	Tax Increments	Franchise Tax	Hotel-Motel Tax	Other Tax	Total
2023	\$ 23,499,851	\$ -	\$ 201,255	\$ 298,563	\$ 43,478	\$ 24,043,147
2022	23,555,412	-	229,369	308,172	42,158	24,135,111
2021	22,900,102	-	232,637	249,531	41,400	23,423,670
2020	23,364,228	138,474	241,107	149,562	37,719	23,931,090
2019	20,300,802	128,248	251,768	263,495	32,505	20,976,818
2018	23,207,300	136,802	247,661	-	33,427	23,625,190
2017	21,600,286	130,672	252,374	=	33,363	22,016,695
2016	19,739,845	126,293	250,847	-	32,902	20,149,887
2015	17,128,029	130,668	231,315	-	32,451	17,522,463
2014	14,629,367	130,824	228,567	-	38,402	15,027,160

City of Red Wing, Minnesota

Net Tax Capacity and Estimated Market Value of Taxable Property Last Ten Fiscal Years

Fiscal	Class of Property										
Year	Residential		Commercial/ Industrial		Public Utility		Agricultural		Less Tax Exempt		
Ended											
December 31	Property		Property		Property		Property		Real Property		
2023	\$	14,912,120	\$	5,761,613	\$	17,580,060	\$	308,352	\$	321,967	
2022		12,309,984		4,709,001		16,938,848		267,681		116,097	
2021		11,355,651		4,795,345		17,548,446		273,376		43,540	
2020		10,440,474		4,727,907		16,824,908		274,414		106,739	
2019		10,366,141		4,481,898		15,941,862		276,543		104,285	
2018		8,935,431		4,353,535		18,807,692		260,322		104,198	
2017		8,786,559		4,334,626		17,506,541		256,976		101,060	
2016		8,536,436		4,157,844		15,838,254		258,369		102,208	
2015		8,056,859		4,096,607		13,496,394		268,566		105,880	
2014		8,060,971		4,057,196		10,151,616		268,099		104,918	

Sources: Springsted Inc. and Goodhue County Auditor.

Note: The Net Tax Capacity is computed by applying the class rate percentages specific to each type of property classification against the Taxable Market Value. Class rate percentages varies depending on the type and value of the property. The formulas and class rates for converting Taxable Market Value to Net Tax Capacity represents a basic element of the State's property tax system and are subject to annual revisions by the State Legislature.

Table 7

Total Real Estate Tax Capacity		Personal Property Tax Capacity		Total Net Tax Capacity		Total Direct Tax Rate		Fully Taxable Market Value	Tax Capacity as a Percentage of Fully Market Value	
\$ 38,240,178	\$	367,931	\$	38,608,109		61.032	\$	2,693,763,700	1.45 %	
34,109,417		362,285		34,471,702		68.351		2,351,424,100	1.47	
33,929,278		562,193		34,491,471		66.321		2,303,186,200	1.50	
32,160,964		526,333		32,687,297		71.547		2,172,139,900	1.51	
30,962,159		523,756		31,485,915		64.445		2,108,942,000	1.50	
32,252,782		468,523		32,721,305		70.954		2,099,589,600	1.56	
30,783,642		445,760		31,229,402		69.188		2,018,422,300	1.55	
28,688,695		415,387		29,104,082		67.536		1,895,730,600	1.54	
25,812,546		404,264		26,216,810		65.897		1,728,838,800	1.52	
22,432,964		391,636		22,824,600		64.225		1,557,451,200	1.47	

City of Red Wing, Minnesota Property Tax Rates

Property Tax Rates Direct and Overlapping Governments Last Ten Fiscal Years

	Direct Rate				
	Operating	Debt Service	Total		
Fiscal	Tax Capacity	Tax Capacity	City Direct		
Year	Rate	Rate	Tax Rate		
Tax capacity rates (per \$100 of adjusted tax capacity value).					
2023	48.906	12.126	61.032		
2022	54.155	14.196	68.351		
2021	51.662	14.659	66.321		
2020	54.315	17.232	71.547		
2019	44.992	19.453	64.445		
2018	59.771	11.183	70.954		
2017	59.589	9.599	69.188		
2016	60.371	7.165	67.536		
2015	61.185	4.712	65.897		
2014	61.634	2.591	64.225		

Source: Goodhue County Auditor's Office.

Note: Special Districts include the Port Authority and the Housing Redevelopment Authority.

Table 8

Overlapping Rates

County Tax Rate	School District Tax Rate	Special Districts	Total Overlapping Rates	Total and Direct Overlapping Rates
41.558	9.800	2.583	53.941	114.973
45.777	10.304	2.394	58.475	126.826
43.961	10.387	2.346	56.694	123.015
45.147	11.098	2.498	58.743	130.290
45.025	17.062	2.397	64.484	128.929
42.337	16.001	2.473	60.811	131.765
41.696	16.390	2.495	60.581	129.769
41.134	12.806	2.535	56.475	124.011
41.526	14.129	2.305	57.960	123.857
42.926	15.480	2.511	60.917	125.142

City of Red Wing, Minnesota Principal Property Taxpayers Current Year and Nine Years Ago

Table 9

		2023			2014			
Taxpayer	Type of Business	Net Tax Capacity	Rank	Percentage of Total Net Tax Capacity	Net Tax Capacity	Rank	Percentage of Total Net Tax Capacity	
Xcel Energy	Utility	\$ 17,890,537	1	46.3 %	\$ 10,432,153	1	45.7 %	
Mayo Clinic Health Systems	Medical Services	226,433	2	0.6	250,995	2	1.1	
Red Wing Shoe Co	Manufacturing	291,672	3	0.8	177,431	4	0.8	
Wal-Mart Stores Incorporated	Retail	209,688	4	0.5	194,428	3	0.9	
Menards	Retail	172,183	5	0.4	171,847	5	0.8	
Scribe Propco Inc	Manufacturing	184,444	6	0.5	-		-	
Principle Investments LLC	Real Estate	132,430	7	0.3	106,216	9	1	
3M Fall Protection (b)	Wholesale	158,506	8	0.4	-		-	
Red Wing Grain	Manufacturing	153,493	9	0.4	100,590	10	0.4	
Keller Baartman Properties V	Residential	194,363	10	0.5				
Target Corporation	Retail	-		-	120,518	6	0.5	
BIC Graphic USA (a)	Manufacturing	-		-	116,692	7	0.5	
M & E Realty	Real Estate				115,218	_ 8	0.5	
		\$ 19,613,749		<u>50.7</u> %	\$ 11,786,088	=	<u>51.7</u> %	
Total All Property		\$ 38,608,109			\$ 22,824,600	=		

Sources: Springsted Inc. and Goodhue County Auditor.

City of Red Wing, Minnesota Property Tax Levies and Collections Last Ten Fiscal Years

Table 10

Fiscal Year	Total Net Tax	Collected v Fiscal Year o		Collections in	Total Collections to Date		
Ended December 31,	Levy for Fiscal Year	Amount	Percentage of Levy	Subsequent Years	Amount	Percentage of Levy	
2023	\$23,549,496	\$23,458,115	99.6 %	\$ -	\$ 23,458,115	99.6 %	
2022	23,549,496	23,478,137	99.7	52,848	23,530,985	99.9	
2021	22,863,588	22,782,728	99.6	73,967	22,856,695	100.0	
2020	23,363,588	23,275,232	99.6	85,651	23,360,883	100.0	
2019	20,281,443	20,184,515	99.5	94,500	20,279,015	100.0	
2018	23,205,223	23,107,416	99.6	96,641	23,204,057	100.0	
2017	21,595,473	21,506,999	99.6	87,995	21,594,994	100.0	
2016	19,573,426	19,464,518	99.4	108,908	19,573,426	100.0	
2015	17,193,315	17,079,664	99.3	113,652	17,193,316	100.0	
2014	14,574,823	14,483,847	99.4	90,989	14,574,836	100.0	

Sources: Springsted Inc. and City Administrative Business Department. The numbers presented are the most recent available.

Note: The net levy excludes state aid for property tax relief disparities, if applicable. The net levy is the basis for computing tax capacity rates.

City of Red Wing, Minnesota Ratios of Outstanding Debt By Type Last Ten Fiscal Years

Table 11

	Governmental Activities		Business-type Activities					
Fiscal Year	General Obligation Bonds	Obligation Leases		General Obligation Revenue	Total Primary Government	Percentage of Personal Income	De	onded ebt Per Capita
2023	\$ 18,568,255	\$	282,637	\$ 7,513,882	\$ 26,364,774	0.86 %	\$	1,573
2022	23,240,130		420,933	9,343,031	33,004,094	1.13		1,980
2021	27,985,944		565,331	11,221,179	39,772,454	1.47		2,404
2020	32,631,758		-	13,051,326	45,683,084	1.77		2,783
2019	37,433,386		-	14,623,682	52,057,068	2.09		3,166
2018	40,368,386		-	9,894,144	50,262,530	2.18		3,042
2017	28,355,125		-	14,129,585	42,484,710	1.85		2,564
2016	22,790,094		-	13,063,206	35,853,300	1.57		2,167
2015	14,831,270		-	14,701,402	29,532,672	1.31		1,786
2014	7,733,443		-	16,292,988	24,026,431	1.10		1,456

Note: Details regarding the City's outstanding debt can be found in the notes to the financial statements.

City of Red Wing, Minnesota Ratios of Net General Bonded Debt Outstanding Last Ten Fiscal Years

Table 12

	General Bonded Debt Outstanding			ng	R	esources		Percentage of			
Fiscal Year		General Obligation Bonds		General Obligation Revenue		Total	D	estricted in ebt Service Repayment	Net General Bonded Debt	Fully Taxable Market Value	 Per Capita
2023	\$	18,568,255	\$	7,513,882	\$	26,082,137	\$	4,852,971	\$ 21,229,166	0.79 %	\$ 1,267
2022		23,240,130		9,343,031		32,583,161		5,212,104	27,371,057	1.16	1,642
2021		27,985,944		11,221,179		39,207,123		5,524,768	33,682,355	1.46	2,036
2020		32,631,758		13,051,326		45,683,084		6,058,575	39,624,509	1.82	2,414
2019		37,433,386		14,623,682		52,057,068		5,695,777	46,361,291	2.20	2,820
2018		40,368,386		9,894,144		50,262,530		3,820,935	46,441,595	2.21	2,811
2017		28,355,125		14,129,585		42,484,710		3,019,697	39,465,013	1.96	2,381
2016		22,790,094		13,063,206		35,853,300		1,999,460	33,853,840	1.79	2,046
2015		14,831,270		14,701,402		29,532,672		975,764	28,556,908	1.65	1,727
2014		7,733,443		16,292,988		24,026,431		734,870	23,291,561	1.50	1,411

Note: Details regarding the City's outstanding debt can be found in the notes to the financial statements.

City of Red Wing, Minnesota

Direct and Overlapping Governmental Activities Debt December 31, 2023

Table 13

Governmental Unit	Debt Outstanding	Estimated Percentage Applicable	Estimated Share of Overlapping Debt
Direct Debt			
City of Red Wing	\$ 18,850,892	100.00 %	\$ 18,850,892
Overlapping Debt			
Goodhue County	12,310,000	40.95	5,040,664
Independent School District #256	19,035,000	83.45	15,884,355
Total Overlapping Debt	31,345,000		20,925,019
Total Direct and Overlapping Debt	\$ 50,195,892		\$ 39,775,911

Source: Goodhue County Auditors report of outstanding indebtedness.

Note: Overlapping governments are those that coincide, at least in part, with the geographic boundaries of the City. This schedule estimates the portion of the outstanding debt of those overlapping governments that is borne by the residents and businesses of the City of Red Wing. This process recognized that, when considering the government's ability to issue and repay long-term debt, the entire debt burden borne by the residents and businesses should be taken into account. However, this does not imply that every taxpayer is a resident, and therefore responsible for repaying the debt, of each overlapping government.

City of Red Wing, Minnesota Legal Debt Margin Information Last Ten Fiscal Years

Table 14

Fiscal Year	Population	 Debt Limit	Α	Net Debt applicable to Limit	Legal Debt Margin	Amount of D Applicable Debt Limit	to	De	t Bonded ebt Per Capita
2023	16,756	\$ 80,812,911	\$	13,715,284	\$ 67,097,627	16.97	%	\$	819
2022	16,672	70,542,723		18,028,026	52,514,697	25.56			1,081
2021	16,547	69,095,586		22,461,176	46,634,410	32.51			1,357
2020	16,416	65,164,197		26,573,183	38,591,014	40.78			1,619
2019	16,443	63,268,260		31,737,609	31,530,651	50.16			1,930
2018	16,522	62,987,688		36,547,451	26,440,237	58.02			2,212
2017	16,572	60,552,669		25,335,428	35,217,241	41.84			1,529
2016	16,545	56,871,918		20,790,634	36,081,284	36.56			1,257
2015	16,534	51,865,164		13,855,506	38,009,658	26.71			838
2014	16,505	46,723,536		6,998,573	39,724,963	14.98			424

Sources: Springsted Inc. and Office of the State Auditor.

Legal Debt Margin Calculation for Fiscal Year 2021

Market Value	\$ 2,693,763,700
Debt Limit (3% of Market Value)	80,812,911
Debt Applicable to Limit General obligation bonds Less amount set aside for repayment of	18,568,255
general obligation debt	4,852,971
Total Net Debt Applicable to Limit	13,715,284
Legal Debt Margin	\$ 67,097,627

City of Red Wing, Minnesota Pledged-Revenue Coverage Last Ten Fiscal Years

Table 15

	-		Net Revenue	iter Revenue Bon	<u> </u>			
Fiscal	Operating	Operating	Available for	Deb	t Service Requirer	nents		
Year	Revenue	Expenses ⁽¹⁾	Debt Service	Principal	Interest		Total	Coverage
0000	A 4600.0F0	\$ 2,733,616	A 1006 440	\$ 1,020,000	\$ 28,754	٨	1.040.754	1.01
2023	\$ 4,630,059		\$ 1,896,443				1,048,754	1.81
2022	4,089,195	2,612,244	1,476,951	992,000	56,718		1,048,718	1.41
2021	3,581,160	2,459,588	1,121,572	965,000	83,922		1,048,922	1.07
2020	3,425,008	2,315,043	1,109,965	938,000	110,364		1,048,364	1.06
2019	3,327,004	2,338,339	988,665	913,000	136,101		1,049,101	0.94
2018	3,387,252	2,167,021	1,220,231	888,000	161,134		1,049,134	1.16
2017	3,230,339	2,306,568	923,771	863,000	185,462		1,048,462	0.88
2016	3,158,063	2,336,511	821,552	840,000	209,142		1,049,142	0.78
2015	3,138,063	2,208,675	929,388	816,000	232,145		1,048,145	0.89
2014	3,209,233	2,216,611	992,622	794,000	254,528		1,048,528	0.95
		_	Ser Net Revenue	wer Revenue Bon	ds			
Fiscal	Operating	Operating	Available for	Deb	t Service Requirer	ments		
Year	Revenues	Expenses ⁽¹⁾	Debt Service	Principal	Interest		Total	Coverage
2023	\$ 6,916,700	\$ 4,894,640	\$ 2,022,060	\$ 332,000	\$ 15,725	\$	347,725	5.82
2022	6,045,869	4,656,251	1,389,618	429,000	27,233	Ÿ	456,233	3.05
2021	5,223,686	3,542,710	1,680,976	418,000	38,428		456,428	3.68
2020	4,818,701	3,612,790	1,205,911	408,000	49,348		457,348	2.64
2019	4,866,166	3,561,650	1,304,516	397,000	59,953		456,953	2.85
2018	4,946,225	3,704,078	1,242,147	475,159	71,763		546,922	2.27
2017	4,464,741	3,251,076	1,213,665	638,256	90,023		728,279	1.67
2017	4,288,584	3,705,640	582,944	622,270	108,674		730,944	0.80
2015	3,667,057	3,302,743	364,314	604,660	126,772		730,944	0.50
2014	3,685,334	3,254,753	430,581	587,341	144,327		731,468	0.59
				rina Revenue Bon	ds			
Fiscal	Operating	Operating	Net Revenue Available for	Deh	t Service Requirer	ments		
Year	Revenues	Expenses ⁽¹⁾	Debt Service	Principal	Interest		Total	Coverage
2023	\$ 770,368	\$ 670,042	\$ 100,326	\$ -	\$ -	\$	_	_
2022	753,718	588,461	165,257	٠ -	٠ -	Ą	-	-
2021	733,716 748,552	533,630	214,922	_	-		-	-
2020	746,332	476,762		_	-		-	-
			233,481					-
		E10 2E6	00 775		-		-	
2019	591,031	510,256	80,775	-	-		-	-
2018	583,591	423,078	160,513	-	- - -		- - -	-
2018 2017	583,591 579,144	423,078 409,619	160,513 169,525	- - -	- - -		- - -	- - -
2018 2017 2016	583,591 579,144 456,531	423,078 409,619 412,140	160,513 169,525 44,391	- - -	- - - -		- - - -	- - -
2018 2017	583,591 579,144	423,078 409,619	160,513 169,525	- - - -	- - - - - 57,114		- - - - - 57,114	- - - - 1.23
2018 2017 2016 2015	583,591 579,144 456,531 452,806	423,078 409,619 412,140 442,460	160,513 169,525 44,391 10,346 69,983	- - - - -			- - - - - 57,114	- - - - 1.23
2018 2017 2016 2015	583,591 579,144 456,531 452,806	423,078 409,619 412,140 442,460	160,513 169,525 44,391 10,346 69,983 Disposa	- - - - - I System Revenue			- - - - - 57,114	- - - - 1.23
2018 2017 2016 2015	583,591 579,144 456,531 452,806	423,078 409,619 412,140 442,460 395,936	160,513 169,525 44,391 10,346 69,983	,		ments	57,114	- - - - 1.23
2018 2017 2016 2015 2014	583,591 579,144 456,531 452,806 465,919	423,078 409,619 412,140 442,460 395,936	160,513 169,525 44,391 10,346 69,983 Disposa	,	Bonds		57,114	- - - - 1.23
2018 2017 2016 2015 2014	583,591 579,144 456,531 452,806 465,919 Operating	423,078 409,619 412,140 442,460 395,936	160,513 169,525 44,391 10,346 69,983 Disposa Net Revenue Available for	Deb	Bonds t Service Requirer			
2018 2017 2016 2015 2014 Fiscal Year	583,591 579,144 456,531 452,806 465,919 Operating Revenues	423,078 409,619 412,140 442,460 395,936 Operating Expenses ⁽¹⁾	160,513 169,525 44,391 10,346 69,983 Disposa Net Revenue Available for Debt Service	Deb Principal	Bonds t Service Requirer Interest		Total	Coverage
2018 2017 2016 2015 2014 Fiscal Year	583,591 579,144 456,531 452,806 465,919 Operating Revenues \$ 5,109,237	423,078 409,619 412,140 442,460 395,936 Operating Expenses ⁽¹⁾ \$ 4,309,818	160,513 169,525 44,391 10,346 69,983 Disposa Net Revenue Available for Debt Service \$ 799,419	Deb Principal	t Service Requirer Interest \$ 239,013 253,322		Total 239,013	Coverage 3.34
2018 2017 2016 2015 2014 Fiscal Year 2023 2022	583,591 579,144 456,531 452,806 465,919 Operating Revenues \$ 5,109,237 4,841,607	423,078 409,619 412,140 442,460 395,936 Operating Expenses ⁽¹⁾ \$ 4,309,818 4,168,707 4,162,496	160,513 169,525 44,391 10,346 69,983 Disposa Net Revenue Available for Debt Service \$ 799,419 672,900	Deb Principal	t Service Requirer Interest \$ 239,013		Total 239,013 253,322	Coverage 3.34 2.66 3.77
2018 2017 2016 2015 2014 Fiscal Year 2023 2022 2021	583,591 579,144 456,531 452,806 465,919 Operating Revenues \$ 5,109,237 4,841,607 5,171,917	423,078 409,619 412,140 442,460 395,936 Operating Expenses ⁽¹⁾ \$ 4,309,818 4,168,707 4,162,496 3,552,632	160,513 169,525 44,391 10,346 69,983 Disposa Net Revenue Available for Debt Service \$ 799,419 672,900 1,009,421	Deb Principal	**EBonds** **Estrice Requirer* Interest \$ 239,013		Total 239,013 253,322 267,438 351,012	Coverage 3.34 2.66 3.77 (5.44)
2018 2017 2016 2015 2014 Fiscal Year 2023 2022 2021 2020	583,591 579,144 456,531 452,806 465,919 Operating Revenues \$ 5,109,237 4,841,607 5,171,917 1,643,669	423,078 409,619 412,140 442,460 395,936 Operating Expenses ⁽¹⁾ \$ 4,309,818 4,168,707 4,162,496 3,552,632 3,158,214	160,513 169,525 44,391 10,346 69,983 Disposa Net Revenue Available for Debt Service \$ 799,419 672,900 1,009,421 (1,908,963)	Deb Principal	**Bonds** **t Service Requirer* Interest		Total 239,013 253,322 267,438 351,012 182,164	Coverage 3.34 2.66 3.77 (5.44) (7.03)
2018 2017 2016 2015 2014 Fiscal Year 2023 2022 2021 2020 2019 2018	583,591 579,144 456,531 452,806 465,919 Operating Revenues \$ 5,109,237 4,841,607 5,171,917 1,643,669 1,878,329 2,045,943	423,078 409,619 412,140 442,460 395,936 Operating Expenses ⁽¹⁾ \$ 4,309,818 4,168,707 4,162,496 3,552,632 3,158,214 2,742,349	160,513 169,525 44,391 10,346 69,983 Disposa Net Revenue Available for Debt Service \$ 799,419 672,900 1,009,421 (1,908,963) (1,279,885) (696,406)	Deb Principal	**Service Requirer* Interest \$ 239,013 253,322 267,438 351,012 182,164 84,200		Total 239,013 253,322 267,438 351,012 182,164 84,200	Coverage 3.34 2.66 3.77 (5.44) (7.03) (8.27)
2018 2017 2016 2015 2014 Fiscal Year 2023 2022 2021 2020 2019 2018 2017	583,591 579,144 456,531 452,806 465,919 Operating Revenues \$ 5,109,237 4,841,607 5,171,917 1,643,669 1,878,329 2,045,943 2,187,701	423,078 409,619 412,140 442,460 395,936 Operating Expenses ⁽¹⁾ \$ 4,309,818 4,168,707 4,162,496 3,552,632 3,158,214 2,742,349 2,628,320	160,513 169,525 44,391 10,346 69,983 Disposa Net Revenue Available for Debt Service \$ 799,419 672,900 1,009,421 (1,908,963) (1,279,885) (696,406) (440,619)	Principal \$ 180,000	\$ 239,013 253,322 267,438 351,012 182,164 84,200 172,373		Total 239,013 253,322 267,438 351,012 182,164 84,200 352,373	Coverage 3.34 2.66 3.77 (5.44) (7.03) (8.27) (1.25)
2018 2017 2016 2015 2014 Fiscal Year 2023 2022 2021 2020 2019 2018	583,591 579,144 456,531 452,806 465,919 Operating Revenues \$ 5,109,237 4,841,607 5,171,917 1,643,669 1,878,329 2,045,943	423,078 409,619 412,140 442,460 395,936 Operating Expenses ⁽¹⁾ \$ 4,309,818 4,168,707 4,162,496 3,552,632 3,158,214 2,742,349	160,513 169,525 44,391 10,346 69,983 Disposa Net Revenue Available for Debt Service \$ 799,419 672,900 1,009,421 (1,908,963) (1,279,885) (696,406)	Deb Principal	**Service Requirer* Interest \$ 239,013 253,322 267,438 351,012 182,164 84,200		Total 239,013 253,322 267,438 351,012 182,164 84,200	Coverage 3.34 2.66 3.77

(1) Operating expenses do not include depreciation.

Source: City Administrative Business Department.

City of Red Wing, Minnesota Demographic and Economic Statistics Last Ten Fiscal Years

Table 16

Fiscal		Goodhue County	Goodhue County Per Capita	Goodhue County Unemployment	
Year	Population ⁽¹⁾	Personal Income ⁽²⁾	Personal Income ⁽²⁾	Rate ⁽³⁾	
2023	16,756	\$ 3,073,035,000	\$ 64,004	2.6 %	
2022	16,672	2,925,576,129	60,933	2.6	
2021	16,547	2,700,473,000	58,303	3.4	
2020	16,416	2,586,510,000	55,816	5.4	
2019	16,443	2,484,856,000	53,549	3.1	
2018	16,522	2,300,472,000	49,682	2.7	
2017	16,572	2,300,472,000	49,682	3.2	
2016	16,545	2,281,877,000	48,888	3.7	
2015	16,534	2,248,709,000	48,427	3.5	
2014	16,505	2,179,834,000	47,005	3.9	

- (1) U.S Census Bureau and Office of the State Auditor.
- (2) U.S. Department of Commerce, Bureau of Economic Analysis.
- (3) State of Minnesota, Department of Employment and Economic Development.

Note: Personal Income and Unemployment Rate information relevant to the City of Red Wing was only available for Goodhue County as provided above. The 2023 Personal Income information for Goodhue County will not be released until sometime in August of 2024, therefore the 2022 figures were used.

THIS PAGE IS LEFT BLANK INTENTIONALLY

City of Red Wing, Minnesota Principal Employers Current Year and Nine Years Ago

Table 17

		2023			2014	
		-	Percentage of Total City			Percentage of Total City
	<u>Employees</u>	Rank	Employment	Employees	Rank	Employment
Treasure Island Casino (a)	1,598 (d)) 1	13.80 %	1,429 (d)	1	10.66 %
Red Wing Shoe Company	935	2	8.07	1,040	2	7.76
Mayo Clinic Health System	800	3	6.91	780	3	5.82
Xcel Energy	700	4	6.05	755	4	5.63
3M Fall Protection (b)	520 (d)) 5	4.49	435 (d)	6	3.25
Goodhue County	380	6	3.28	350	8	2.61
Independent School District #256	377 (d)) 7	3.26	425 (d)	7	3.17
Koozie Group (c)	229	8	1.98	475	5	3.54
City of Red Wing	195	9	1.68	180 (d)	9	1.34
Minnesota Correctional Facility	193	10	1.67	-		-
Hiawatha Homecare				180	10	1.34
Total	5,927		51.19 %	6,049		45.12 %
Total City Employment	11,579			13,402		

Sources: Red Wing Port Authority and Minnesota Employment and Economic Development.

⁽a) Operated by the Prairie island Mdewakanton Dakota Tribe on tax-exempt reservation land. (b) Formerly Capital Safety

⁽c) Koozie Group formerly listed as BIC Graphic USA (d) Includes full and part-time employees

City of Red Wing, Minnesota Full-Time Equivalent City Government Employees By Function/Program Last Ten Fiscal Years

	Full-Time Equivalent Employees as of December 31							
Function/Program	2023	2022	2021	2020				
Governmental Activities								
Public Safety								
Police	30	30	34	35				
Fire	15	13	13	13				
Inspection	3	3	2	2				
Streets and Highways								
Maintenance	5	13	13	13				
Engineering		5	7	7				
Culture and Recreation	11							
Library		10	10	10				
Parks	21	7	7	7				
All Other Governmental Employees	16							
Cemetery	1	1	1	1				
Public services	6	2	2	2				
Buildings and grounds	0	8	8	6				
Central services	7	7	7	7				
Community development	2	9	9	7				
Port Authority	22.6	0	0	0				
Sheldon Theatre		5	5	5				
Internal service administration		22	22	21				
	10							
Business-type Activities	8.9							
Refuse and Recycling	11.2	12	12	12				
Water	1.43	11	11	11				
Sewer	8.1	13	13	13				
Storm Water	1	1	1	1				
Solid Waste Campus	15	10	10	10				
Marina	1	1	1	1				
Ambulance	15	15	15	15				
Total	211	198	203	199				

Sources: City Administrative Business Department and Employee Services Department.

Note: A full-time employee is scheduled to work 2,080 hours per year, including vacation and sick leave.

Table 18

Full-Time Equivalent Employees as of December 31

City of Red Wing, Minnesota Operating Indicators By Function/Program Last Ten Fiscal Years

	Fiscal Year							
Function/Program	2023	2022	2021	2020				
Elections*								
Number of registered voters		10,415		10,406				
Number of votes cast		7,337		9,378				
Number of Votes oust		7,007		3,070				
Police								
Number of calls for service	14,986	15,942	14,402	13,183				
Fire								
Number of fire calls	1,071	1,061	817	760				
Building Permits								
Newly issued residential permits	150	24	17	86				
Total valuation of residential permits	\$ 9,361,915	\$ 13,028,145	\$ 4,130,364	\$ 17,808,550				
Newly issued civic, institutional, commercial, & industrial permits	33	38	. 55	45				
Total valuation of civic, institutional, commercial, & industrial permits	\$ 10,514,931	\$ 6,391,634	\$ 7,505,823	\$ 4,108,662				
Refuse								
Refuse collected (tons/year)	7,393	6,977	7,115	7,088				
Water								
Number of accounts		6,413	6,179	6,179				
Average daily water demand in gallons	1,400,000	1,400,000	1,500,000	1,500,000				
Peak daily water demand in gallons	2,990,000	2,990,000	3,300,000	3,300,000				
Wastewater								
Peak daily dry weather sewage treatment flow in gallons	1,900,000	1,900,000	6,800,000	6,800,000				
Peak daily wet weather sewage treatment flow in gallons	3,100,000	3,100,000	10,000,000	10,000,000				

Sources: Various City departments.

^{*} Elections are held in even numbered years.

Table 19

Fiscal Year									
2019	2018	2017	2016	2015	2014				
	10,289 7,903		10,602 8,557		9,644 5,426				
13,912	15,700	14,341	14,754	14,669	14,976				
765	712	454	639	704	732				
17	24	26	15	18	17				
\$ 14,077,115	\$ 5,169,015	\$ 3,749,772	\$ 2,723,955	\$ 3,426,276	\$ 4,514,616				
3	8	4	4	3	8				
\$ 1,341,000	\$ 3,484,546	\$ 5,997,178	\$ 5,133,000	\$ 3,349,910	\$ 11,728,189				
7,309	8,054	7,871	7,041	7,063	6,603				
6,179	6,264	6,238	6,231	6,235	6,227				
1,500,000	1,500,000	1,500,000	1,500,000	1,500,000	1,500,000				
3,300,000	3,300,000	3,300,000	3,300,000	3,300,000	3,300,000				
6,800,000	6,800,000	6,800,000	6,800,000	6,800,000	6,800,000				
10,000,000	10,000,000	10,000,000	10,000,000	10,000,000	10,000,000				

City of Red Wing, Minnesota Capital Asset Statistics By Function/Program Last Ten Fiscal Years

	Fiscal Year							
Function/Program	2023	2022	2021	2020				
0								
General Government	4.0	40	4.0	40				
Municipal governmental buildings	12	12	12	12				
Public Safety								
Police								
Police units	20	20	23	22				
Fire								
Fire units	7	7	8	9				
Public Works								
Street division								
Miles of street	123.51	123.51	117.93	117.93				
Parks division								
Parks and playgrounds	39	34	34	34				
Acres of parks and playgrounds	993.46	943.02	943.02	943.02				
Swimming pools	1	1	1	1				
Number of city owned golf courses	1	1	1	1				
Parking Ramps								
Number of ramps	3	3	3	3				
Water								
Number of deep wells and reservoirs	13	13	12	12				
Number of pump stations	5	5	8	8				
Number of water treatment facilities	2	2	2	2				
Wastewater								
Number of wastewater treatment facilities	2	2	2	2				
Lift stations	12	12	12	12				
Litt stations	12	12	12	12				
Ambulance								
Ambulance units	4	4	4	4				

Sources: Various City departments.

Table 20

Fiscal Year									
2019	2018	2017	2016	2015	2014				
12	10	9	9	9	9				
22	22	21	21	20	18				
9	9	9	10	9	8				
117.93	117.93	117.55	117.65	117.56	117.50				
34	34	34	34	34	34				
943.02	943.02	943.02	943.02	943.02	943.02				
1	1	1	1	1	1				
1	1	1	1	1	1				
3	3	3	3	3	3				
12	12	12	12	12	12				
8	8	8	8	8	8				
2	2	2	2	2	2				
2	2	2	2	2	2				
12	12	12	12	12	12				
4	4	4	4	4	4				

THIS PAGE IS LEFT BLANK INTENTIONALLY

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION (UNAUDITED)

CITY OF RED WING RED WING, MINNESOTA

FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2023

THIS PAGE IS LEFT BLANK INTENTIONALLY

Interest Maturity Rate (%) Date	Carrying Amount
General Pooled Deposits and Investments	
Checking accounts	\$ 2,033,515.00
Petty cash	2,425.00
Negotiable certificates of deposit	
CD - ALLY BANK, SANDY, UT 1.95 3/28/2024 CD - BMW BK N AMERICA, SALT LAKE CITY, UT 0.65 9/17/2024 CD - WEBBANK, SALT LAKE CITY, UT 1 12/30/2024 CD - OCEANFIRST BANK NA, TOMS RIVER, NJ 2.2 3/31/2025 CD - COMENITY BANK, WLIMINGTON, DE 2.25 4/6/2026 CD - BMO HARRIS BANK NA, CHICAGO, IL 1 4/13/2026 CD - STATE BANK INDIA, CHICAGO, IL 1 4/27/2026	198,380.00 237,387.85 235,209.80 212,390.20 189,230.20 224,856.10 224,589.05
CD - SALLIE MAE BANK, SALT LAKE CITY, UT 1 7/8/2026 CD - GOLDMAN SACHS BK, NY, NY 1 7/28/2026	222,847.10 221,943.05
CD - PACIFIC VESTERN BK, BEVERLY HILLS, CA Total negotiable certificates of deposit 5.5 3/22/2028	200,328.00 \$ 2,167,161.35
U.S. government securities US TREASURY BILLS 5.139 1/4/2024	8,001,652.98
US TREASURY BILLS 5.203 1/9/2024	5,000,053.56
FHLB Step Up 100% -4.00% 3/15/2024	997,440.00
FHLB Step Up 1.00% - 4.00% 9/9/2024 FHLB Step Up 1.00% -3.00% 2/25/2025	1,962,244.66 245,897.50
FHLB Step Up 1.25% - 5.00% 2/28/2025	1,984,300.00
FHLB Step Up 125% -2.50% 2/28/2025	1,024,212.00
FHLB 2.625 4/21/2025	850,877.40
FHLB Step Up 2.00% -4.50% 4/21/2025 FHLB 0.7 6/16/2025	987,630.00 1,422,078.48
FHLB Step Up 0.25% - 1.00% 6/30/2025	949,280.00
FNMA 0.6 7/29/2025	942,630.00
FHLB Step Up1.15% - 2.15% 11/24/2025	4,794,152.74
FHLB 5.4 12/22/2025 FHLB Step Up 0.30% - 0.75% 1/27/2026	274,631.08 359,420.60
FHLB Step Up 0.30% - 1.00% 1/29/2026	465,705.00
FHLB Step Up 0.30% - 1.50% 2/25/2026	466,615.00
FHLB Step Up 0.50% - 1.75% 3/30/2026	468,660.00
FHLB Step Up 0.55% - 2.00% 4/28/2026 FHLB Step Up 0.60% - 3.00% 4/29/2026	711,495.00 3,793,215.90
FHLB Step Up 0.60% - 3.00% 4/29/2026	474,925.00
FHLB Step Up 0.50% - 2.25% 5/27/2026	705,195.00
FHLB Step Up 0.50% - 4.00% 6/30/2026	1,877,180.00
FHLB Step Up 0.50% - 2.50% 6/30/2026 FHLB Step Up 0.50% - 2.25% 6/30/2026	469,995.00 464,145.00
FHLB Step Up 0.50% - 2.25% 6/30/2026	703,792.50
FHLB Step Up 0.50% - 3.00% 9/9/2026	1,857,800.00
FHLB Step Up 0.40% - 0.75% 9/9/2026	228,710.00
FHLB Step Up 0.50% - 2.50% 9/30/2026 FHLB Step Up 0.50% - 1.625% 9/30/2026	464,390.00
FHLB Step Up 0.50% - 1.625% 9/30/2026 FHLB Step Up 0.50% - 2.50% 9/30/2026	1,839,518.91 464,260.00
FHLB 1.2 10/26/2026	458,670.00
FHLB Step Up 0.70% - 3.00% 10/28/2026	464,245.00
FHLB 1 11/24/2026 FHLB Step Up 1.00% - 3.00% 12/30/2026	639,177.75 255,946.50
FFCB 1.47 1/11/2027	915,742.60
FHLB Step Up 1.00% - 5.00% 1/28/2027	1,000,482.00
FHLB Step Up 1.00% - 5.375% 2/25/2027	3,687,596.00
FHLB 5 12/30/2027 FFCB 5.11 8/14/2028	990,673.01 1,400,210.00
FHLB Step Up 0.50% - 3.00% 8/25/2028	457,140.00
FFCB 5.87 10/24/2029	1,969,518.51
FFCB 3.33 7/12/2032	952,456.29
FNMA POOL 5 5/1/2033 FNMA POOL 5 5/15/2033	6,413.30 7,533.46
FNMA POOL 4.5 6/1/2033	62,862.99
	\$ 58,520,770.72
Other Investments	
	\$ 4,366,667.89
Government Money Market Variable NA _	3,168,582.54
Total other investments	\$ 7,535,250.43
Total General Pooled Deposits and Investments	\$ 70,259,122.50

City of Red Wing, Minnesota Schedule of Intergovernmental Revenue For the Year Ended December 31, 2023

		Special Revenue Funds								
			•					Airport		River
	General							Federal		aissance
	 Fund		Airport		Library	 Total	F	Projects	P	hase II
Shared Revenue										
State										
Highway users tax	\$ 430,023	\$	-	\$	-	\$ -	\$	-	\$	-
Market value credit	4,822		-		-	-		-		-
Local government aid	298,946		-		-	-		-		-
State police pension aid	269,513		-		-	-		-		-
State fire pension aid	134,388		-		-	-		-		-
Total Shared Revenue	1,137,692		-		-	 -		-		-
Grants										
County and Local										
Miscellaneous	44,096		_		171,722	171,722		_		-
Total County and Local	44,096		-		171,722	171,722		-		-
State										
Minnesota Department of										
Public Safety	792,250		-		-	-		-		-
Police - Toward Zero Deaths	1,590		-		-	-		-		-
Transportation	-		-		-	-		-		-
Aeronautics	-		44,119		-	44,119		202,659		-
Miscellaneous	-		-		-	-		-		-
Minnesota Historical & Cultural	100,681		-		-	-		-		-
Minnesota Peace Officers Board (POST)	25,255		-		-	-		-		-
Total State	919,776		44,119		-	44,119		202,659		-
Federal										
U.S. Department of										
Treasury	-		51,282		-	51,282		-		-
Transportation	-		-		-	-		-		91,114
Total Federal	-		51,282		-	 51,282		-		91,114
Total Grants	 963,872		95,401		171,722	 267,123		202,659		91,114
Total Intergovernmental Revenue	\$ 2,101,564	\$	95,401	\$	171,722	\$ 267,123	\$	202,659	\$	91,114

Schedule B

Memorial Park Project	Safe Routes to Schools	Sturgeon Lake Road Overpass	Total	Totals All Funds
\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 430,023
-	-	-	-	4,822
-	-	-	-	298,946 269,513
-	-	-	-	134,388
				1,137,692
				215,818
				215,818
-	-	-	-	792,250
-	-	-	-	1,590
-	209,191	2,459,466	2,668,657	2,668,657
-	-	-	202,659	246,778
9,679	-	-	9,679	9,679
-	-	-	-	100,681 25,255
-	-	-	-	25,255
9,679	209,191	2,459,466	2,880,995	3,844,890
-	-	-	-	51,282
		200,846	291,960	291,960
		200,846	291,960	343,242
9,679	209,191	2,660,312	3,172,955	4,403,950
\$ 9,679	\$ 209,191	\$ 2,660,312	\$ 3,172,955	\$ 5,541,642

City of Red Wing, Minnesota Detailed Combined Schedule of Indebtedness For the Year Ended December 31, 2023

Bonded Indebtedness	Interest Rate	Issue Date	Maturity Date	Supported by Taxes
General Obligation Bonds				
\$2,930M G.O. Bonds of 2013A	1.324 %	1-Feb-14	1-Feb-24	100%
\$1,115M G.O. Bonds of 2014A	1.696	1-Feb-15	1-Feb-24	100%
\$7,735M G.O. Bonds of 2015A	1.507	1-Feb-16	1-Feb-26	100%
\$8,525M G.O. Bonds of 2016A	1.288	25-Aug-16	1-Feb-27	100%
\$6,740M G.O. Bonds of 2017A	1.748	25-May-17	1-Feb-27	100%
\$13,535M G.O. Bonds of 2018A	2.279	26-Apr-18	1-Feb-28	100%
Total General Obligation Bonds				
General Obligation Revenue Bonds				
\$5,283,360 G.O. Sewer Revenue Bonds 2004	2.340	24-Aug-04	20-Aug-24	0%
\$2,585M G.O. Refunding Revenue Bonds of 2017A	1.748	25-May-17	1-Feb-29	0%
\$5,955M G.O. Solid Waste Revenue Bonds 2019A	2.780	28-Mar-19	1-Feb-40	0%
Total General Obligation Revenue Bonds				

Total City Indebtedness

Schedule C

Authorized	Issued	Retired	Long-term Outstanding	Prinicipal Due in 2024	Interest Due in 2024
\$ 2,930,000	\$ 2,930,000	\$ 2,710,000	\$ -	\$ 220,000	\$ 2,200
1,115,000	1,115,000	995,000	-	120,000	1,350
7,735,000	7,735,000	5,335,000	1,575,000	825,000	39,750
8,525,000	8,525,000	4,975,000	2,645,000	905,000	61,950
6,740,000	6,740,000	3,845,000	2,205,000	690,000	91,450
13,535,000	13,535,000	5,305,000	6,740,000	1,490,000	338,150
40,580,000	40,580,000	23,165,000	13,165,000	4,250,000	534,850
		-			
E 202 260	E 202 260	E 202 260		240.000	7.056
5,283,360	5,283,360	5,283,360	1 000 000	340,000	7,956
2,585,000	2,585,000	1,305,000	1,280,000	230,000	42,556
5,955,000	5,955,000	850,000	5,105,000	225,000	180,156_
13,823,360	13,823,360	7,438,360	6,385,000	795,000	230,668
\$54,733,440	\$54,733,440	\$ 30,933,440	\$19,550,000	\$ 5,045,000	\$ 765,518

THIS PAGE IS LEFT BLANK INTENTIONALLY

SINGLE AUDIT AND OTHER REQUIRED REPORTS

CITY OF RED WING RED WING, MINNESOTA

FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2023

THIS PAGE IS LEFT BLANK INTENTIONALLY



INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON MINNESOTA LEGAL COMPLIANCE

Honorable Mayor and City Council City of Red Wing, Minnesota

We have audited, in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in Government Auditing Standards, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the discretely presented component unit, each major fund and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Red Wing, Minnesota (the City) as of and for the year ended December 31, 2023, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the City's basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated August 28, 2024.

In connection with our audit, nothing came to our attention that caused us to believe that the City failed to comply with the provisions of the contracting and bidding, deposits and investments, conflicts of interest, public indebtedness, claims and disbursements, miscellaneous provisions, and tax increment financing sections of the *Minnesota Legal Compliance Audit Guide for Cities*, promulgated by the State Auditor pursuant to Minn. Stat. § 6.65, except as described in the Schedule of Findings and Responses as item 2023-003. However, our audit was not directed primarily toward obtaining knowledge of such noncompliance. Accordingly, had we performed additional procedures, other matters may have come to our attention regarding the City's noncompliance with the above referenced provisions, insofar as they relate to accounting matters.

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Abdo

Mankato, Minnesota August 28, 2024



INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

Honorable Mayor and City Council City of Red Wing, Minnesota

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the discretely presented component unit, each major fund and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Red Wing, Minnesota (the City), as of and for the year ended December 31, 2023, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the City's basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated August 28, 2024.

Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the City's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) as a basis for designing audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the City's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the City's internal control.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies and therefore, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies may exist that were not identified. We identified certain deficiencies in internal control, described in the accompanying schedule of findings and responses as items 2023-001 and 2023-002 that we consider to be material weaknesses.

Report on Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the City's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the financial statements. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed one instance of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards* which is described as finding 2023-003.

Response to Findings

Government Auditing Standards requires the auditor to perform limited procedures on the City's responses to the findings identified in our audit and described in the accompanying schedule of findings and responses. The City's responses was not subjected to the other auditing procedures applied in the audit of the financial statements and, accordingly, we express no opinion on the responses.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the City's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the City's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Abdo

Mankato, Minnesota August 28, 2024



City of Red Wing, Minnesota Schedule of Findings and Responses For the Year Ended December 31, 2023

<u>Finding</u> <u>Description</u>

2023-001 Material Audit Adjustments

Condition: During our audit, adjustments were needed to record retainage, construction in process,

capital asset additions, accumulated depreciation, grant revenues and related

receivables.

Criteria: The financial statements are the responsibility of the City's management.

Cause: City staff did not properly record the capital asset and grant activity during the year.

Effect: It is likely that if a misstatement were to occur, it would not be detected by the City's

system of internal control. The audit firm cannot serve as a compensating control over

this deficiency.

Recommendation: We recommend that management review each capital asset and grant account.

Management Response: Management will review the capital asset and grant accounts thoroughly in the future.

2023-002 Timely Bank Reconciliations

Condition: During our audit, we noted bank reconciliations were not completed timely with several

improper outstanding balances.

Criteria: Internal controls and procedures should be in place to provide timely and reasonable

assurance over the reliability of financial records and reporting.

Cause: Reconciliation between the City's finance software and bank statements are not being

performed on a timely and accurate basis.

Effect: Without bank and investment reconciliations completed timely, the accuracy of monthly

financial information may not be correct and allows for errors or incomplete information

to go unnoticed for longer periods of time.

Recommendation: We recommend bank reconciliations be completed within 15 days of month end and the

City finance software be utilized for financial reporting. This will allow for more efficient process and more accurate financial information. Also, we recommend, upon completion

of the reconciliations that a detailed review of adjustments be completed.

Management Response: The City is aware of the situation and plans to implement procedures to ensure that

timely and accurate bank reconciliations are completed going forward.

City of Red Wing, Minnesota

Schedule of Findings and Responses (Continued) For the Year Ended December 31, 2023

2023-003 Unclaimed Property

Condition: Auditing for legal compliance requires a review of the City's deposits and investments.

Our study indicated an instance of non-compliance that we believe is required to be

remedied.

Criteria: In accordance with Minnesota statute, section 345.38-43, the City is required to report

and deliver to the State Commissioner of Commerce any unclaimed or uncashed checks

held for more than three years (or one year for unpaid compensation).

Cause: The City had forty checks in excess of the three-year limitation.

Effect: The City is in violation of this statute.

Recommendation: We recommend that the City review their outstanding checks and notify the State

Commissioner of Commerce. This will not result in any additional cost and will ensure

that the City complies with the applicable statute.

Management Response:

The City is aware of the situation and plans to monitor more closely in the future.